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VOL. CVI. NEW SERIES—NO. 13,750. LOUISVILLE, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 24, 1906.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Kentucky—Showers and cooler Friday and Saturday.

Indiana—Showers and cooler Friday; Saturday fair; fresh to brisk east to northeast winds.

Tennessee—Local rains and cooler Friday and Saturday.

THE LATEST.

Ernest Tanksley was arrested yesterday on the charge of kidnaping Nellie Rainey, who was with him. He is suspected of murdering Miss Sarah Schafer in Bedford, Ind., on January 21, 1904, the theory of the prosecution being that he mistook Miss Schafer for the Rainey girl, with whom he had an appointment at the spot where the murder was committed. The dead woman greatly resembled the Rainey girl.

Some of the business houses in Valparaiso opened yesterday for the first time since the earthquake. Telegraph communication with Santiago has been restored. The city is still under martial law. The work of recovering bodies of victims is being pushed to the utmost in order to avoid an epidemic. The number of corpses buried up to Tuesday was 648.

The traffic officials and legal representatives of the leading railroads in the South, who met in New York on July 27 to consider the Rate Bill passed by the last Congress, will use their best efforts to comply with the provisions of the act. The object of the meeting was to attempt to construe the new law.

District Attorney William Travers Jerome yesterday gave out another interview in New York in which he severely attacked William R. Hearst as a man "of no importance and no ideas," and declared the Democratic party in New York "would not stand for" Hearst's nomination for Governor.

The International American Congress at Rio Janeiro yesterday concluded its actual work, finally disposing of the projects of sanitation, commercial relations, patents and copyrights, the Pan-American railway and the codification of international laws.

Negro troops do not seem to be wanted anywhere in the United States and an effort probably will be made in the next Congress to repeal the law which provides for the enlistment of negroes. Even the Filipinos object to colored soldiers.

Later returns from the Georgia Democratic primary strengthen Hoke Smith's hold on the governorship. He will go [illegible] the State convention with a sufficient number of votes to secure the nomination on the first ballot.

W. J. Bryan has accepted an invitation to dine with the newspaper men of New York on the evening of September 1. The programme for the Bryan reception in New York August 30 was announced yesterday.

Brig. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff of the army, and Gifford Pinchot, chief of the Forestry Bureau of the Agricultural Department, were in consultation with President Roosevelt yesterday at Sagamore Hill.

The Republican Committee in the Eleventh district yesterday canvassed the returns in the recent primary and awarded the certificate to D. C. Edwards, who has a majority of over 2,000 votes.

Seven deaths and seventeen prostrations from heat were reported yesterday in Chicago. There was a drop of 14 degrees in temperature during the afternoon, which brought relief.

Postmaster General George B. Cortelyou called at the headquarters of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee and subscribed his dollar to the campaign fund.

Miss Clara Bader was bound and gagged by two negro burglars in her home in Paducah, but the intruders were frightened away before they secured anything.

Eugene Weaver, a prominent Allen county man, was beaten insensible and robbed while returning from church near Scottsville and is in a serious condition.

The jury in the case of Doss Galbraith, alleged mob leader, at Springfield, Mo., yesterday reported its failure to agree. Only two jurors favored conviction.

The assets of the suspended stock commission house of M. J. Sage & Co., of Jersey City, are $116,000 and the liabilities are $333,000.

Rain prevented the races at the Kentucky and Tennessee Fair at Guthrie yesterday, but the opening day was a successful one.

King Alfonso yesterday signed a decree making the Spanish-American treaty of commerce effective September 1.

The Nebraska Republican convention at Lincoln adjourned Thursday morning after completing its State ticket.

W. [illegible]mid, of Lexington, was instantly killed by lightning yesterday near Torrent, in Wolfe county.

Speaker Cannon is visiting Congressman Joseph C. Sibley in Pennsylvania.

ARTILLERY FOR CUBA

Report That a Steamer Had a Battery.

Capt. More Boards Snip In the Bay.

Gen. Bandera Killed By Government Troops.

REVOLUTION CAUSES ALARM.

New York, Aug. 23.—Although it could not be officially confirmed, it is reported here that the steamer Esperanza, which sailed for Cuba to-day, carries in her hold a complete field battery of artillery consigned to the Cuban Government. Capt. Luis More, of the Cuban artillery, who has been in this country with his wife on leave of absence, was hurriedly recalled to Havana, and sailed to-day by the Esperanza. He caught the steamer only after an exciting effort, being obliged to charter a tug, which overhauled the steamer down the bay. The trip in the tug had been preceded by an anxious train ride from Washington and a drive at full speed in a cab to the steamer's pier.

Among the other passengers on the steamer was a son of Gen. Jose Miguel Gomez, former Governor of Santa Clara province and leader of the Liberal party, who is under arrest for complicity in the insurrection.

Heavy Blow.

Havana, Aug. 23.—The killing of the insurrectionary leader, Gen. Quentin Bandera, to-day, in an engagement between rural guards and a band of his followers is regarded as dealing the insurrection a heavy blow. The Government is acting with energy in sending rural guards and volunteers against the Santa Clara rebels and in dispatching 150 more men to defend Pinar Del Rio against Pino Guerra. The capture of San Juan de Martinez by Guerra's band was not a great surprise, though it was not expected to occur so soon. The place was protected by a very small detachment of rural guards, while Guerra's strength was much greater. The taking of Pinar Del Rio will be quite another matter, since there are in that vicinity twice as many troops as the insurgent Pino Guerra can muster. It is regarded as more than probable that the troops will take the offensive, and if possible draw Guerra into an open fight.

While Government re-enforcements are going forward Guerra's following is not believed to have been greatly augmented by his occupancy of the two Vuelta Abajo towns.

Public opinion appears to vary according to locality, from enthusiastic adherence to the Government to open rebellion.

In this city the general attitude is one of loyalty. The opposition and independent newspapers discuss with analytical coldness the cry that if the Government is not able to squelch the insurrection within two months other forceful means must be employed for the restoration of peace. There are no ringing calls to arms. The Moderate newspapers print with approval the resolution declaring adhesion to the Government by their party organizations, but there has been nothing which could be fairly described as a general rising of the people in defense of the Government.

CAUSES ALARM.

Information That the Revolution Is Growing.

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 23.—A private cablegram to-day from one of the largest exporting firms in Havana to its correspondents here says the revolution in Cuba is assuming grave proportions. The information has created much alarm here, and it is noticed that all ships arriving from Havana are crowded with shipments of tobacco, indicating that importers here feel great anxiety and are getting as much tobacco out of Cuba as possible before it may be impossible to bring shipments out of any Cuban ports.

REBEL LEADER KILLED.

Gen. Bandera's Band Too Small For Attacking Party.

Havana, Aug. 23.—The body of the negro General, Quentin Bandera, the most daring insurgent in Havana provinces, lies in the morgue at Havana to-day flanked by those of two mulattoes comrades all frightfully gashed by the long, heavy machetes of the Rural Guards, who ended their career. Across the street, in Peptune Park, a great crowd, mostly negro friends of Bandera, are watching the morgue with silent interest.

The arrival of Bandera's body here was the first news of the fight in which he met his death. The conflict occurred at the Silveria farm, near Punta Prava, fifteen miles from Havana. A detachment of thirty-eight mounted Rural Guards, under Capt. Ignacio Delgaedo and Lieut. Martinez, was searching throughout the night for Bandera's party. At 2 o'clock this morning the guards were breaking through a wire fence at the edge of the Silveria farm, when they were suddenly fired upon by Bandera's followers, twenty in number. The guards rushed upon the insurgents, but with the exception of their chief and his two leading comrades they all succeeded in getting away.

The guards made the chief and his two companions a special object of attack, and all three received several bullet wounds and were horribly mutilated by machete cuts. Not one of the guards was wounded. The bodies of Bandera and his companions were placed in a wagon and taken to Havana. An examination of Bandera's body showed that his principal wound was a severe machete blow on the head, which cut off his left ear and made an ugly incision in his face. He also had bullet wounds in his arms and breast.

The condition of Bandera's two companions was even more shocking. Their faces and heads were terribly gashed, and they also had machete wounds in their breasts and on their arms. The clothes of all three men showed every evidence of the hard life which they had been leading while eluding their pursuers.

It has been an open secret among the rural guards that Bandera would never live to be tried for treason, his death being the main object of the Government forces operating in Havana province. The smallness of the party accompanying Bandera has caused surprise here, but it is believed that he only had a portion of his band with him. In any case, however, it is believed the insurrectionary movement in Western Havana has been broken up by Bandera's death.

It was announced from Havana on August 20 that Bandera, who greatly distinguished himself in the Cuban war for independence, had left Arroyo Arenas, twelve miles west of Havana, with about twenty insurgents, whose numbers it was believed were augmented later by a force armed with guns and ammunition, which set out from Havana. The next day it was reported that Bandera had been wounded in the head in a skirmish.

Bandera was about sixty years old. He took part in the ten years' war, as well as in the war for Cuban independence. He was well known in every province of Cuba and had great influence with the colored people. When in Havana, Bandera was in the habit of gathering crowds of negroes about him and making speeches to them on the ingratitude of republics. On one occasion he went to the Senate chamber and delivered a violent speech criticising the Government for not giving him an office. Soon afterward he was appointed doorkeeper of the House of Parliament. The position which Bandera aspired to was that of Chief of Police.

NO AMERICAN INTERFERENCE.

Thought That Cuba Can Take Care of Herself.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Cuba is enlisting volunteers and still asserts its ability to crush the revolutionary movements in the little republic, according to a dispatch from Mr. Sleeper, the American charge at Havana, made public to-day by the State Department. Mr. Sleeper says the outbreak has spread to Santa Clara and Matanzas provinces. Carlos Mondieta, with 200 men, is now leading the insurrection in Santa Clara province, while the movement in Matanzas province is reported to be of little importance, and the leader is unknown.

The State Department regards the dispatch of Mr. Sleeper as an indication that Cuba is fully able to look after her own interests, and there is no suggestion of American interference in Cuban affairs.

Given No Justification.

Havana, Aug. 23.—The man who yesterday evening attempted to assassinate Gen. Emilo Nunez, Governor of Havana province, as the latter was entering his home, gives the name of Luis Morales and says he is a resident of Havana. He does not attempt to justify his act. He said he had ridden his horse near the Governor's carriage and would have shot into the vehicle and escaped had the opportunity offered.

The Liberals are intensely antagonistic to Gov. Nunez, who was a political protege and a bosom friend of the late Gen. Maximo Gomez, but who withdrew his following from the Liberal convention during the last illness of Maximo Gomez in failing to secure the nomination to the presidency.

Nunez and his followers have always been sincere allies of the moderates under the name of Liberal Nationalists.

Alarming Reports At Santiago.

Santiago, Cuba, Aug. 23.—There has been no insurrectionary outbreak in this city or province, but many alarming reports are current. Business here is suffering on account of the disturbed condition of the country.

RETURNS CANVASSED.

EDWARDS WINS BY MAJORITY OF OVER 2,000.

Awarded Certificate By Eleventh District Committee.

London, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The Republican Committee of the Eleventh congressional district met at Corbin to-day and officially canvassed the returns of the congressional primary held last Saturday. A quorum of the committee was present, there being twelve of the nineteen members present in person. There was no dispute over the returns as certified by the various County Committees, and a tabulation of the vote showed that Hon. D. C. Edwards, of this city, received 11,724 votes, while John D. White received 3,825 votes, and Charles E. Herd received 2,591 votes. These figures do not include the vote of Jackson and Letcher counties, which was not before the committee.

Mr. Edwards, however, received 316 plurality in Jackson and 169 in Letcher over white, Herd running third in each of these two counties. This makes Edwards' plurality over White 8,384, and about 10,000 over Herd, and over 2,000 more than both together. Mr. Edwards was awarded the certificate by unanimous vote of the committee.

SEVEN DEATHS

IN CHICAGO YESTERDAY AS RESULT OF HEAT.

Drop of Fourteen Degrees In Temperature Brings Relief In the Afternoon.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—A wind blowing at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour from the northeast brought relief this afternoon from the hot spell that has prevailed here since last Monday. The temperature dropped fourteen degrees.

Up to noon the heat continued unabated, except for a while following a thundershower, adding seven deaths and seventeen prostrations to the list of victims. The mercury at 10:30 o'clock stood at 88 degrees, the highest point reach during the day; the minimum, 74, being recorded during the evening.

HUGE FOREST FIRE RAGING AT TOULON.

Toulon, France, Aug. 23.—A huge forest fire, which is believed to be the work of incendiaries, is spreading rapidly around this city. All the available troops and blue jackets are strenuously fighting the fire. Three soldiers were surrounded by flames and burned to death. Six others have disappeared and it is feared that they also have been cut off and perished.

SCHAFER MURDER MAY BE SOLVED

New Suspect Under Arrest At Evansville.

Prosecutor Claims Wrong Girl Was Killed

In Effort To Rid Man of His Paramour.

GIRLS STRIKINGLY ALIKE.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—That the great mystery surrounding the murder of Sarah Schafer, the pretty young school teacher at Bedford, Ind., January 21, 1904, has at last been solved is the belief of Prosecutor Benedict and Marshal Myer, of Bedford, and of the local detectives who have under arrest Ernest Tanksley, charged with committing the crime. Tanksley was arrested here charged with kidnaping Nellie Rainey from her home in Heltonville, Ind., eight miles from Bedford. The girl was with him when he was arrested. He is a married man and has a wife and three children at Heltonville.

Three years ago his alleged illicit relations with the Rainey girl became known, and he left home and went to Bedford and worked there in hopes of hushing up the disgrace. It is believed he decided the best way to clear his family of disgrace was to kill the Rainey girl. He wrote her a letter asking her to meet him in Bedford at a certain alley on the night of January 21, 1904. It was at this very spot and time that Sarah Schafer was dragged down the alley, stabbed and killed.

* * *

Duplicate of Miss Schafer.

The Rainey girl is pronounced a duplicate of Sarah Schafer in appearance, and the police believe that Tanksley simply made a mistake in the woman and killed Miss Schafer while thinking he was getting Miss Rainey out of the way. The night was dark and such a mistake could easily have been made.

Tanksley returned to his room that night with fresh, bloody scratches on his face. His room mate, Earl Hunter, asked him how his face became bruised. He did not reply. Late that night he awoke his room mate by poking a bundle of clothes into a stove. Hunter asked him what he was doing, and an evasive reply was given.

* * *

Left Bedford With Girl.

Last fall Tanksley left Bedford, and at the same time Miss Rainey disappeared from her home and was not heard of again until arrested. Recently Miss Rainey's father turned over to Prosecutor Benedict, of Bedford, a number of letters Tanksley had written to Nellie. His object was to have Tanksley arrested for kidnaping the girl. Among these letters was the one making the engagement at the alley in Bedford. The Prosecutor connected Tanksley with the Schafer murder at once and soon unraveled the whole skein of evidence.

Tanksley and the Rainey girl were arrested here in a rooming house. He refused to talk to the police. The girl tried to tell the story that they had been married. Late to-night she made a statement to a newspaper reporter that she knew Tanksley was wanted at Bedford for some charge other than kidnaping.

* * *

Girl Knows Something.

"There is another charge which can be brought against Ernest," she said, "of which he has been living in terror ever since we left Bedford. If this charge is brought against him it will be terrible for him to bear, and will cause the greatest sensation. I will commit suicide rather than tell what I know."

Tanksley and the Rainey girl will be taken back to Bedford Friday morning by Marshal Myer, where the man will stand trial for his life for the Schafer murder.

INTEREST GREAT IN BEDFORD.

Prosecutor Declines To Discuss Tanksley's Arrest.

Bedford, Ind., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The arrest of Ernest Tanksley, formerly of this county, at Evansville, charged with the alleged kidnaping of Nellie Rainey, a young lady of Heltonville, eight miles east of here, is creating considerable interest, from the fact that it is rumored the State will try to connect him with the Schafer murder, at the September term of the Lawrence Circuit Court. Prosecutor Fletcher will neither affirm nor deny the rumor, and this increases the public's expectations. The theory on which the State will endeavor to make a case at the next term of court for the murder of Miss Sarah C. Schafer is said to be as follows:

Tanksley lived on the same street, and within a few blocks of the scene of the murder at the time it occurred.

He had a wife and children, but, it is alleged, had been keeping company with another woman, whom he had an appointment to meet under the trees in front of the Cook residence, at the alley where the murder occurred.

This woman was in a delicate condition, and it was necessary for Tanksley to do something or desert his family.

Tanksley is said to have borrowed a long gray coat, such as is said to have been worn by a tall man seen lurking in the vicinity of the murder on the fatal night, the day before the murder.

Miss Schafer was mistaken by Tanksley for the woman with whom he had an appointment and with whom he was in desperate trouble.

City Marshal Byers went to Evansville this forenoon to get Tanksley. Prosecutor Fletcher expected to go this afternoon, but concluded it was not necessary. The Marshal will arrive here to-morrow morning with Tanksley.

Wants To Be President.

San Salvador, Aug. 23.—Gen. Fernando Figueroa has resigned the office of Minister of War to become a candidate for the presidency for the term from 1907 to 1911. Gens. Villavacinio, Escalon and Barshona, who were prominent during the late war, also are candidates for the presidency.

NO ENGAGEMENTS, BUT MANY PROPOSALS.

Men Find "Kentucky Belles" Despite a Dense Fog—Mascot Is Seasick.

New York, Aug. 23.—A wireless message to the New York Herald is as follows: Aboard the Finland, Thursday Morning.—Even out here in the middle of the ocean the "Kentucky Belles" cannot escape from the atmosphere of romance in which they have been living for the last month. Although there is a shortage of men aboard, there has not been less than five proposals officially reported since the transatlantic voyage began. No engagements have as yet been announced. The Finland has been in a dense fog for twenty-four hours and the whistle has been blowing at intervals of one minute. The progress of the ship has been slightly delayed. The sea is smooth, however. All members of the party are well and happy. The chewing-gum famine continues. The poodle mascot is seasick and has a bad cough.

ROOSEVELT CONSULTS WITH CORTELYOU

PRESIDENT TAKING KEEN INTEREST IN COMING CAMPAIGN.

GATHERING POLITICAL INFORMATION EVERYWHERE.

GEN. BELL AT SAGAMORE HILL.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Aug. 23.—President Roosevelt to-day consulted with Postmaster General Cortelyou, who is also chairman of the Republican National Committee. Mr. Cortelyou has a summer home at Huntginton, L. I., and drove to Sagamore Hill this morning. It is believed that the President's keen interest in the congressional campaign has prompted him to gather political information from every source, and that Mr. Cortelyou's discussion with him was mainly on the political situation.

Brig. Gen. J. Franklin Bell, chief of staff, and Capt. Hutchinson, his aide, were in conference with the President this morning regarding the settlement of the difficulty at Brownsville, Tex., caused by alleged indiscretions of colored troops stationed there. The troops have been removed and the post will be temporarily abandoned. Until this is accomplished, a company of white troops will guard the Government property.

Gifford Pinchot, chief of the Bureau of Forestry, of the Department of Agriculture, was also a visitor at Sagamore Hill. He will take to the Boise, Idaho, Irrigation Congress an autograph letter from the President, in which the work under the reclamation act, which the President signed, will be commended strongly.

SHOT BY A MOB.

NEGRO ATTEMPTED TO ENTER A RESIDENCE.

The Third Lynching In South Carolina In Ten Days.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 23.—Willie Spain, a North Carolina negro, twenty-one years old, was shot to death by a mob near St. George, Dorchester county, this afternoon.

This is the third lynching in South Carolina within ten days.

S. L. Connor, manager of the Dorchester Lumber Company's stores at Badham, was notified by a negro that he saw another negro attempting to enter a window of his home, and then run away into a nearby cane patch. Connor immediately started for his home. Going through the cane field, he suddenly came upon Spain, and grappled with the negro, striking him a severe blow, breaking several bones in his hand. The negro finally freed himself and ran into nearby woods. Connor notified his neighbors, and about two hours later Spain was captured and locked up in jail. Shortly afterward a posse of forty or fifty men went to the Sheriff, and, securing the keys to the jail, took the negro to the house of Connor, where his eleven-year-old daughter positively identified the negro as the one who tried to climb through the window.

The mob then took the negro to a nearby oak tree, strung him up to a limb and fired about 500 shots into his body.

SHORTAGE FOUND.

FORMER STATE AUDITOR KEPT INSURANCE FEES.

Withheld Money In Only One Settlement With State of Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The shortage of $11,000 by State Auditor James H. Rice, who was in office from January, 1883, to January, 1887, and which has proved so mystifying to the State officers, was explained to-day when one of the old records of the office was found. It appears that Rice paid into the State Treasury every dollar of insurance money which he received at all his semi-annual settlements except the one made in January, 1884, and that one was short $11,000. He made settlements subsequent to that, but did not retain any of the insurance money. How he managed to construe the laws to give him insurance fees for one half year and not for any either before or after that time, when there had been no legislation on the subject, is the puzzling question with those who have searched the records.

MINORITY LEADER HOMEWARD BOUND.

Queenstown, Aug. 23.—The White Star Line steamer Majestic, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday and this port to-day, took among her passengers Congressman John Sharp Williams.

WILL COMPLY WITH THE LAW

Railroad Men Consider the Rate Bill.

Accept Report of the Law Committee.

Want To Know Meaning of New Measure.

A RESOLUTION IS ADOPTED.

New York, Aug. 23.—S. F. Parrott, vice president of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railway Company, who acted as chairman at a meeting in this city on July 27 of executive officers, traffic officials and legal representatives of all the important rail and steamship lines operating to and from the territory south of the Potomac and Ohio rivers and east of the Mississippi river, to-day made an official statement regarding the object and action taken by the convention, as follows:

"The object of the meeting was, primarily, to consider the recent changes made in the act to regulate commerce, approved June 29, 1906. As those matters involved questions of law, the meeting determined to appoint a committee of lawyers, consisting of the general counsel of most of the companies represented at the meeting and to refer to said Law Committee certain printed questions which had suggested themselves to the executive and traffic officials as requiring immediate consideration.

"The Law Committee held its sessions at Atlantic City, August 14-18 inclusive, and took up the questions, most of which related to the effect of the amendments made by the Hepburn Bill, but a number of which related to the construction of the act prior to the passage of the Hepburn Bill.

* * *

Difference of Opinion.

"Some of the questions were answered unanimously, while some of them were referred to the general counsel of the respective companies represented at the meeting.

"The answers to said questions were reported back by the committee to the executive and traffic officials on August 22, with the explanation by the chairman of the Law Committee that the answers were the best opinions that counsel could form within the limited time allowed for their consideration; that the answers were merely advisory, and in no sense binding on any company. The chairman of the Law Committee further explained that in considering said questions the committee was actuated throughout solely by the desire to arrive at the correct constructions of the various provisions of the act as amended, on the points involved in the said questions. He stated that there was no desire manifested by any member of the said committee to suggest a construction of any provision of the act, which would tend to qualify or to render it ineffectual. On the contrary every member of the convention was actuated by a sincere desire to express his individual opinion as to the correct meaning of Congress in enacting the provisions of the law involved in said questions, so that the executive and traffic officials could be advised as to how said provisions should be carried out within the true intent and meaning of the act.

* * *

Adopt Resolution.

"At the conclusion of its meeting the Law Committee unanimously adopted the following resolution:

"'Resolved, That, now having answered to the best of our ability, with the light before us and with our opportunities for considering the questions which have been submitted to us relating to the practical operations of the carriers, we commend this law to the fair and loyal observance of the carriers in a spirit of full and frank recognition of its spirit and purpose.'

"On August 22 the convention of the executive and traffic officials reconvened at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, when they received the report from the Law Committee above referred to and adopted the following resolution:

"'Resolved, That this convention return its thanks to the Law Committee for their labors, and alded by the advice contained in the report of the said committee, the executive and traffic officials here present will, in the administration of the properties confided by their management, use their best endeavors to comply to the fullest extent with all the provisions of the act to regulate commerce as amended June 29, 1906.'"

Will Take Effect Tuesday.

Washington, Aug. 23.—[Special.]—There will be no formality nor ceremony incident to the taking effect of the new rate law and the reorganization of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The law will take effect Tuesday. It is not certain whether there will be any members of the commission here on that day. Only one is in the city, Senator Cockrell, and no move has been made toward having a meeting. It is explained that there is no occasion for any meeting or formality.

At the commission's office it is stated that Edward E. Clark, the new Iowa man lately appointed, has probably already had himself sworn in. There is no reason why he should not have done so. His commission has been mailed to him, and he has written to Secretary Moseley that he will come to Washington in a few days to make arrangements for bringing his family here.

Commissioner John S. Harlan's commission has also been mailed to him, but he has not yet received it. A letter has been received from a member of his law firm to the effect that he was away from the city when the communication reached there. The appointees can be sworn in by any magisterial officer, wherever they choose, as soon as they have their commissions.

The commission has been besought to give the railroads leeway in the matter of complying with the details of the law, and has thus far denied all requests.

"We cannot answer any hypothetical questions," is the position of the commission. "If we did, the roads would accept our construction just so far as it pleased them, and then do as they choose. Our advice to railroad men is to get the best advice their lawyers can give them about the new law and its meaning, and then follow it. We will not construe it; we will simply undertake to enforce it, and let the courts in due time do the construing."

The law is being studied under the midnight lamps of lawyers, traffic men, operating men, shippers, manufacturers—everybody in the land, in fact. Recently the commission had 50,000 copies of the amended law, together with the Elkins law and related acts, printed. In a few days all were gone. Every big system of road asks from 500 to 2,500 copies. The commission cannot supply the demand for copies, and private establishments have made a good thing by producing a little booklet which is simply a reprint of the commission's book, and is sold at a comfortable price.

HOLD LAW INVALID.

REDISTRICTING BILL DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Judge T. F. Birkhead Gives Written Opinion In Important Case.

Owensboro, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Circuit Judge T. F. Birkhead has written an opinion in the case of Cal P. Keown against W. S. Tinley, Clerk of the Ohio County Court, and T. N. Johnson, declaring unconstitutional the legislative redistricting bill passed at the recent session of the Legislature. The decision deals primarily with the Twenty-sixth legislative district, composed of the counties of Ohio, Butler and Edmonson, but affects the entire State.

The suit which brought out the decision was filed by Cal P. Keown in the Ohio Circuit Court to test the constitutionality of the act. He is an independent candidate for the Legislature from the old district, composed of Ohio county alone. T. N. Johnson, one of the defendants, is a resident of Butler county and is a candidate to represent the three counties of Butler, Ohio and Edmonson. W. S. Tinley, Clerk of the County Court, is made a defendant because he refused to put the name of Keown on the ballot.

Judge Birkhead holds that the act of the Legislature in putting Butler, Ohio and Edmonson counties in one district is in violation of Section 33 of the Constitution, of which the policy is that every citizen in the State shall have an equal voice in the making of the laws. With more than 50,000 in the Twenty-sixth district and only 7,000 in the Hancock district, one citizen of Hancock county would have as much power in the Legislature as six or seven citizens of Butler, Ohio and Edmonson counties. This the Judge holds to be an invasion of the rights of the citizen. Judge Birkhead also holds that the courts have a right to revise the acts of the Legislature. The case will be appealed, and it is probable that the power of the courts will be the question on which it will hinge before the Court of Appeals.

RAIN STOPS FAIR.

TRACK AT GUTHRIE TOO WET FOR RACES.

Large Crowd Present On First Day and Stock Show Good One.

Guthrie, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—A heavy rain which fell shortly after noon to-day brought an end to the first day's meeting of the Kentucky and Tennessee Fair Association before any of the races were called. The races called to-day were postponed until to-morrow, and will be run in addition to the regular card for that day. This will necessitate a further postponement of one of the races set for Friday until Saturday. All of the races filled, however, will be held.

The first day was a promising one all during the forenoon, and large crowds began swarming into the grounds soon after the gates were opened. This was farmers' day, and, although it is an unusually busy season of the year for the farmers, they were very much in evidence.

Special trains from Elkton, Clarksville and the surrounding towns brought large crowds, which witnessed the show rings set for the morning with great interest.

The stock and cattle shown were of unusually high class, and the size of the crowd present demonstrated that interest in country fairs is not on the wane in this section of Kentucky and the adjoining counties in Tennessee.

Shortly after the noon hour the clouds began to gather, however, and just as the first heat of the 2:25 pace was being called the rain started to fall. In an hour the track was a sea of mud, and the postponement was announced.

NO INDICTMENTS AGAINST STANDARD OIL.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—The first grand jury investigating the Standard Oil Company met to-day, heard evidence from four witnesses and adjourned until Monday next. No indictments were returned.

HEARST, MAN OF NO IDEAS

Party Will Not Stand For Him, Says Jerome.

Question Is of "the Group About Him."

Ten Commandments District Attorney's Platform.

WANTS A FAIR CONVENTION.

New York, Aug. 23.—District Attorney William Travers Jerome to-day again talked of the political situation in this State. He said he believed the time was now ripe for the many leaders of Tammany Hall to state their positions. He also declared that Mr. Hearst, as a man, did not figure in the coming campaign. "If Hearst was nominated by the Democratic convention, would you support him?" Mr. Jerome was asked. "You will never face this situation," he replied. "Let's discuss something practical. The Democratic party has had to swallow some bitter draughts in the past, but it will never stand for that medicine."

"You saw what Mr. Hearst said about you?"

"Yes, I saw that," answered the District Attorney. "There is no question of Hearst in this matter, in the person Hearst; the question is of the group about Hearst. Hearst, the man is a man of no importance and no ideas. He is like Murphy. The question about Hearst resolves itself into the persons who are about him, whose ideas, working on the addle brain of Czolgosz, armed his hand to slay a President, and, working along those lines, is reflected in the conduct of the great leader of the Independent League, Borough President Bird S. Coler, who went along the line of the B. R. T., inciting riot. The great Sheriff Flaherty acted in a like manner instead of leaving to be settled by the courts the matter which belongs to them to decide.

"The Murphy incident is an epic, and good epic poetry is dying out.

"Murphy, however, should not be so severely criticised. This is a Christian world and a Christian example should be praised. This is a campaign of the Ten Commandments. I am running on the Ten Commandments platform. There is no one in public life on the platform or in the platform who does not have regard for the Ten Commandments. Mr. Hearst cannot claim to be the prophet who came down from the Mount like the Ten Commandments. He has habitually been more like Moses, who, on a certain occasion, when irritated, broke them all at once."

"Murphy has expressed his opinion on the situation. There are thirty-five district leaders—all of them leaders. They led last year. Why do not some of them come out and formulate something? Where do they stand?

"The way to settle a fight is to fight. The leaders might all lead. Murphy has led, now let some one else lead.

"The Democratic convention in theory should voice the will of the party, and there is to be a convention soon. I am for seating all delegates, waiving every technicality. Seat every man is my idea. If the Democratic party has not got vitality enough to fight out its own battles, then what's the use? I am against a convention when three or four little ducks go in a back room and talk of the availability of a man. Availability always means how much money can he raise for the campaign fund? This bunch then report to the convention the name of the man and there is a 'rah,' 'rah,' and it is all over. No votes follow such a candidate."

Mr. Jerome was asked if he had not been elected as a candidate for District Attorney in 1901 by a small group of men, and to this he said that he had, through R. Fulton Cutting and the Citizens' Union. "Just because I was so nominated, however, in 1901," he added, "it does not make it right, and I am opposed to such methods."

PROGRAMME ANNOUNCED

For the Bryan Reception In New York August 30.

New York, Aug. 23.—At a meeting to-day of the committee which has charge of the reception to W. J. Bryan, it was announced that Harry M. Walker, chairman of the Press Committee, had received a letter from Mr. Bryan, mailed when he left Gibraltar, accepting an invitation to dine with the newspaper men at the Waldorf-Astoria on the evening of Saturday, September 1. In his letter Mr. Bryan said: "Shall be delighted to see the boys of the press: I have not found any better newspaper men anywhere than our own."

Lewis Nixon gave the programme as at present arranged for the 30th. Mr. Bryan is to land at 4 p. m. at the Battery, where he will be met by a small subcommittee and welcomed by acting Mayor McGowan. Headed by a small police escort, Mr. Bryan will be driven up Broadway to Fiftieth street, thence to Fifth avenue and south to the Victoria Hotel. In the first carriage with Mr. Bryan will be acting Mayor McGowan, Gov. Folk, of Missouri, and

William Hoge, president of the Commercial Travelers' Anti-Trust League, which started the movement for the reception.

At the hotel Mr. Bryan will be received by a delegation from the Reception Committee, consisting of five members from each State. At 7:45 Mr. Bryan will be escorted to the garden and the meeting will begin at 8 o'clock. After the meeting inside Mr. Bryan will address an overflow meeting in Madison Square.

NEBRASKA REPUBLICANS

Adjourn At 2 O'Clock In Morning After Completing Ticket.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 23.—In a strenuous session of twelve hours yesterday and last night the Republican State Convention nominated a ticket headed by Attorney General Norris Brown for United States Senator and adopted a platform which is in some respects a radical departure from past party declarations in that it demands a "new deal" in the levying of railroad taxes and for railroad regulations and commits the party to direct primary method of nominating officers.

The principal fight was on Senator, six ballots being required to nominate Brown. His leading competitor was the veteran Omaha editor, Edward Rosewater. Following is the ticket:

For United States Senator—Norris Brown, of Buffalo county.
For Governor—George L. Sheldon, of Clay.
For Lieutenant Governor—Melville R. Hopewell, of Burt.
For Railroad Commissioners—Hudson J. Winnett, of Lancaster; Robert Cowell, of Douglas; Andrew J. Williams, of Pierce.
For Secretary of State—George C. Junkin, of Gasper.
Auditor—Edward M. Searle, Jr., of Keith.
State Treasurer—Lawson J. Brian, of Boone.
Attorney General—Wm. T. Thompson, of Merrick.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—Jasper L. McBrien, of Johns.
For Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings—Henry M. Eaton, of Dodge.

The convention adjourned at 2 o'clock this morning.

HOKE SMITH'S NOMINATION

On First Ballot Assured By Later Primary Returns.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 23.—Practically complete returns from all counties in the State received up to-night show that in yesterday's primary Hoke Smith carried 118 counties for Governor; R. B. Russell, eleven; Clark Howell, nine; J. H. Estill, four, and James M. Smith, three.

This will give each in the State convention, which meets at Macon, September 4, the following vote, insuring the nomination of Hoke Smith on the first ballot by an overwhelming vote: Hoke Smith, 304; Russell, 26; Howell, 18; Estill, 12, and J. M. Smith, 6.

The congressional delegation, for which there were but two contests, in the First and Third districts, will be:

First—To fill the unexpired term of the late Rufus E. Lester, J. W. Overstreet; for the full term, W. W. Sheppard.
Second—James M. Griggs.
Third—Elijah H. Lewis.
Fourth—William C. Adamson.
Fifth—Leonidas F. Livingston.
Sixth—Charles L. Bartlett.
Seventh—Gordon Lee.
Eighth—William M. Howard.
Ninth—Thomas M. Bell.
Tenth—Thomas W. Hardwick.
Eleventh—William G. Brantley.

United States Senator A. O. Bacon, having no opposition, was renominated.

Socialist Challenge To Bryan.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 23.—An invitation to William J. Bryan to debate in this city on September 9, the question of Socialism with some representative of the Socialist party was to-day mailed Mr. Bryan at New York by Nicholas Klein, State secretary of the party. The invitation was given because of Mr. Bryan's utterances while abroad on Socialism. The invitation was signed by the "Socialist Party of Cincinnati," and the date was set as convenient for Mr. Bryan on his homeward way.

Senator Dick's Views.

Akron, O., Aug. 23.—In an interview given out to-night, Senator Charles Dick, who is also chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee of Ohio, outlined his position with reference to the coming Republican State convention. Senator Dick declares in favor of the making of a platform by the convention in committee of the whole, in which all issues are to be debated, and without the intervention of a committee on resolutions.

Cannon Visiting Sibley.

New York, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to a morning paper from Plattsburg, N. Y., says: Speaker Cannon arrived at the summer home of J. C. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, from New York yesterday. He knew nothing of the resolutions adopted by the Illinois State convention indorsing him for the presidency until he saw the papers, and said he was very grateful to the people of his State for their action, but he was in no sense an active candidate for the nomination.

Cortelyou Subscribes.

New York, Aug. 23.—Postmaster General George B. Cortelyou, chairman of the Republican National Committee, called at the headquarters of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee and subscribed his dollar to the campaign fund.

Mouser Renominated.

Sandusky, O., Aug. 23.—The Republicans of the Thirteenth congressional district, in convention at Cedar Point to-day, renominated Grant B. Mouser, of Marion, by acclamation.

PETITIONS FILED IN COURT OF APPEALS.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 23.—Briefs, petitions, etc., were filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals, as follows:

Rand, McNally & Co. vs. Turner, County Superintendent; Barren; original exhibits sent to Circuit Clerk.

Sehon, Blake & Stevenson vs. Whitt, etc., Floyd; appellant's petition for rehearing.

Yantis vs. city of Lexington, Fayette; appellant's petition for rehearing.

Travelers' Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., vs. Prewitt, Insurance Commissioner; Prewitt, Insurance Commissioner vs. Security Mutual Life Insurance Company, Jefferson; mandates of the Supreme Court of the United States filed.

Francis vs. Lillis, executor, Letcher; brief.

Cofer vs. city of Elizabethtown, Hardin; appellant's brief.

Jack Chinn Morgan was sworn in as Deputy Clerk, of the Court of Appeals, succeeding Henry Schwetters, resigned.

"STARVED" DYSPEPTIC
Got right again—
Built up on
Grape-Nuts
"There's a Reason."

COMMITTEE TO SEEK ADVICE

Before Making Report On Right-of-way Ordinance.

Question Right of City to Demand Remuneration.

Attorneys Argue Points At Great Length.

MEMBERS STILL UNDECIDED.

The arguments of attorneys before the Railroad Committee of the Board of Aldermen, composed of Aldermen R. B. Gilbert and C. H. Taylor, yesterday afternoon had the effect of causing indecision as to what report should be made to the Board of Aldermen in regard to the ordinance granting a right of way to the Kentucky Traction Company from Thirteenth and Magazine streets to the K. and I. bridge approach.

When the attorneys, after two hours' argument, concluded Chairman Gilbert, of the committee, thanked them, adding that the committee had been greatly enlightened and would take the matter under consideration.

At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen last night, when the Committee on Railroads was asked if it had any report to make, Alderman Taylor offered a resolution asking that the City Attorney be requested to give a written opinion as to whether the city had a right to demand money from the Kentucky Traction Company for the right of way asked by that company. In an instant Alderman Miller was on his feet and asked that the resolution be referred. He also said that the ordinance should be voted on at once. He did not believe in delaying the matter.

President Tyler said that he did not think the resolution was necessary, as the committee had a right to call on the City Attorney for an opinion at any time. Alderman Taylor said that in view of the fact that a reference was called for he would withdraw the resolution, which he did. Alderman Gilbert said that after hearing the arguments of attorneys the committee felt unable to make a report until legally advised in the matter by the City Attorney, and for that reason the committee would make no report until it received an opinion from Judge A. E. Richards.

* * *

Returns Newman Ordinance.

Alderman Barnes, to whom the ordinance providing for the sale of a franchise over the same route asked by the Kentucky Traction Company, with the upset price fixed at $5,000, was sent by George A. Newman, Jr., did not introduce the ordinance last night. In the first place, he said after the meeting that he did not approve of the ordinance, and in the second place all ordinances providing for the raising of money must be introduced in the lower board first. He sent the ordinance back to Mr. Newman.

Arguments were heard by the Railroad Committee of the Board of Aldermen yesterday afternoon from W. P. Hillman, representing certain property-owners along the proposed right of way; Charles T. Ray, on behalf of certain other property-owners; D. A. Sachs, for the Kentucky Traction Company; James J. Fitzgerald, for George A. Newman, Jr., who offers to give $5,000 for such a franchise, and Col. Bennett H. Young, who represented property-owners covering six blocks along the right of way. Col. Young said his clients wanted the road, and urged that the General Council give the Kentucky Traction Company the right of way because it meant the bringing of a great volume of business to Louisville.

Besides Aldermen Gilbert and Taylor, of the Railroad Committee, Aldermen Wallace Embry and George J. Butler attended the meeting and listened to the arguments. Alderman Embry frequently asked the attorneys questions. The meeting was held in the Alderman's chamber and was called to order by Chairman Gilbert at 3:30 o'clock.

* * *

Protection For Property-Owners.

Charles T. Ray, who said that he represented about forty property owners along the proposed route of the road, said that while the statutes gave the Kentucky Traction Company, which is said to be a trunk line railroad, the right to enter the city, yet the same law gave the city the right to fix the terms by which the corporation should build the road. He said he wanted the city to see that the Kentucky Traction Company complied with the law before it was given the special privileges for which it asked.

He said that it was no protection to property owners to say to them that they might get redress in the courts. He cited the case of the Southern Indiana Traction Company, and said that since its entrance to Louisville it has become connected with the city railway and it is impossible to find out which company is the real one from which to ask redress in the courts. He said the damage would be great to property owners along the right of way, as the road was no benefit to them, not carrying city passengers, and therefore they should be indemnified before the track was built.

D. A. Sachs appeared for the Kentucky Traction Company. He argued that under the statutes railroads derived their rights from the Legislature to enter the city. He said that the city could neither add nor take from the statutory law. He said that the city could direct the manner in which the road should be built and on what streets, but further than that it had no power. He said that the city could not sell that which did not belong to it, a right of way given by the Legislature. He said he did not believe Mr. Newman's offer was made in good faith. He also said that a single individual could not bid for such a franchise under the law. He said Mr. Newman's franchise would be useless, from the fact that he could not get across the river.

* * *

"Should Go To Courts."

James J. Fitzgerald said that he represented George A. Newman, Jr., who protested against the city giving this valuable franchise to the Kentucky Traction Company. He said that he believed the persons trying to obtain the franchise free of charge would sell it to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for $20,000 if they secured it. He ridiculed the argument of Mr. Sachs that the city had no say-so about the right of way or franchise. He said the statutes did not say that the city in its regulations and right of fixing the terms, could not sell the franchise if it desired. He said the day had passed for giving away franchises in such manner. He said the matter should be passed to the courts to decide whether the city had a right to sell the franchise. He said his client wanted an ordinance passed fixing the upset price of the franchise at $5,000.

Mr. Hillman said that he wanted an amendment made to the ordinance, providing that the Kentucky Traction Company should give an indemnity bond for the protection of property-owners along the route for any damages before it be permitted to lay any tracks. Mr. Sachs contended that the General Council had no right to pass such an amendment, as the statutes provide how the matter shall be adjusted.

* * *

L. and S. I. May Be At Work.

Col. Bennett H. Young made the closing argument. He said he represented owners of property on six blocks of the proposed right of way. He said they were anxious for the road and were willing that the right of way should be given free. He argued that no railroad entering the city, tapping a good section of country, should be charged for a right of way or franchise. He said he believed the attorneys opposing the granting of the right of way were simply obstructionists. He said he knew the Southern Indiana Traction Company was opposed to the building of a competing line, and he thought it was at the bottom of some of the opposition.

Col. Young said that if George A. Newman, Jr., wanted to build a railroad he was in favor of the city giving him a right of way over any streets where there were no roads, but he did not think it should sell to him the right of way mapped out by the Kentucky Traction Company. He said he was in favor of as many railroads entering Louisville as possibly could get in, and was not in favor of charging them a cent for the right of way. He said that the proposed road of the Kentucky Traction Company would tap a rich country in Southern Indiana and bring much trade to Louisville. He said he was not in favor of stopping such an enterprise.

DR. EDGAR W. STOKES

Has withdrawn from the Louisville Sanitarium at 937 Third street, having sold his interest to J. A. Taff, and will open an office of his own.

DIES UNIDENTIFIED.

MAN FOUND IN WEEDS BY STREET IN PADUCAH.

Police Believe He Was Murdered, But Have No Clew.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The unknown man who was found lying near North Sixth street at the outskirts of the city Wednesday morning with his skull crushed died early this morning at Riverside Hospital without recovering consciousness. Dozens of persons have viewed the body, which is lying at the Mattlie-finger morgue, but no one has identified him.

Coroner Eaker has postponed the inquest indefinitely in the hope that someone may recognize the body. The fact that one eye was removed in the operation and the face puffed and discolored makes it impossible to recognize the features. The police are convinced it is a case of murder, as the surgeons say the man could not have walked a step after being beaten in the manner he was. The latest theory is that the man was beaten and robbed in a disorderly house, a number of which abound within a block of where the body wasfou nd.

NEGRO KILLS ANOTHER: CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Says He Fired In Self-Defense—Man Found With Bullet In Head.

George Northington, colored, who conducts a barbershop at Thirteenth and Kentucky streets, shot and killed Frank Walters, also colored, at 8:30 o'clock last night, after a quarrel. Northington attempted to escape, but was arrested a few yards away from the scene of the shooting. Corp. Meyers and Patrolmen Sparks and Hutchinson are credited with making the arrest.

Northington was asleep in the rear of his shop, according to witnesses, when Walters entered. Northington had been quarreling with his wife, and Walters took her part. He was ordered out, and refused to go. After that nothing could be learned except that a shot was heard and Walters was found dead, with a bullet in his head. In addition, a large bowie knife was found beside his body, and he was cut in seven places.

Northington said that Walters had advanced upon him, and, drawing his pistol, fired two shots at Northington, both of which went wild. Northington then seized the revolver and fired once, he said. He also says that Walters was advancing upon him with the knife. He was not cut.

After the shot was fired Northington left the place and started into the saloon of John Scanlon, on the corner. Patrolman Sparks had heard the shot and met the negro just as he was emerging from the saloon. As soon as the negro saw him he raised his revolver, but Sparks was too quick for him, and seized and disarmed him.

WEDDING CULMINATION OF COUNTING-ROOM ROMANCE.

Miss Brooks, Stenographer, and Mr. Carter, Employer, Marry After Few Months' Acquaintance.

Miss Helen Brooks, of 1811 Eighteenth street, became stenographer to William Carter, secretary and treasurer of the firm of B. F. Meek & Sons, some time last February, and last Wednesday at the parsonage of Trinity Methodist church they were married by the Rev. Horace G. Ogden, pastor of the church, of which Miss Brooks had been an attendant. Miss Brooks had not filled her position long before Mr. Carter discovered that he had been an old friend of her family. Miss Brooks discharged her duties capably, and the interest ripened into love. The wedding followed.

Mrs. Carter is the daughter of Mrs. Blanche Haggard, of 1811 Eighteenth street. Mr. Carter is fifty-one years of age. He had been married before and has three children, two of whom are married and have children of their own. Mr. and Mrs. Carter will be at home at the old home of Mr. Carter, 1904 Portland avenue.

BANK FILES SUIT TO RECOVER MONEY.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 23.—The First National Bank, of Birmingham, entered an assumpsit suit against P. G. Smith, of Birmingham, and the Odell Stock and Grain Company to recover $48,203 of the bank's money said to have been lost my Alexander R. Chisolm, the alleged defaulting teller of the bank, who was found $150,009 short in his accounts. Smith represents the commission house in Birmingham and it is claimed Chisolm lost a large part of the money dealing in cotton futures with Smith's firm.

LEAVES ASYLUM

George Strader Released Pending Trial.

SANITY WILL BE INQUIRED INTO SATURDAY.

LEXINGTON MAN KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

STRUCK IN WOLFE COUNTY.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—George B. Strader, who has been incarcerated in the Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane, and in whose behalf a writ of habeas corpus was granted in the Circuit Court to-day, was released from the asylum to-night. This evening his brothers, W. P. and Stewart Strader, at whose instance Mr. Strader was committed to the asylum, visited that institution, and after holding an interview with George Strader and Superintendent Redwine, asked that George Strader be released.

Mr. Strader came down town and was soon receiving the greetings of his friends. The condition of his nerves, which has been the cause of his trouble, seemed much improved. He will go before the Circuit Court and ask that a new inquest be held as to his sanity, and it is believed that he will now be unquestionably pronounced sane. In that event he will take a lengthy trip for rest and recreation, which is expected to complete a cure of his ill health, which has been the cause of his mental disorder.

Strader was placed in the Eastern Kentucky Asylum for the Insane on August 8, having been adjudged by the County Court a person of unsound mind. He will be brought before Judge Parker, of the Circuit Court, Saturday morning on a writ of habeas corpus and given a hearing to determine his sanity. Since his confinement in the asylum Mr. Strader's attorneys have made several ineffectual efforts by different legal processes in the Circuit Court to secure his release and a new examination as to his mental condition.

To-day an application was made on the writ of habeas corpus in which it is claimed he is illegally deprived of his liberty, and that while he is held at the asylum on the authority of an order of commitment issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, the order was procured by false and fraudulent representation. Judge Parker granted the petition and directed that an order be addressed to Superintendent J. C. Redwine, of the Eastern Kentucky Asylum, commanding him to bring Mr. Strader before the court Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

* * *

Killed By Lightning.

Information has been received here that W. B. Farraid, of this city, was killed yesterday by a stroke of lightning near Torrent, in Wolfe county. Mr. Farraid was a salesman for the Montenegro-Riehm Piano Company, of this city, and had gone to Wolfe county on a business trip. Yesterday afternoon, soon after he had left the house of a customer near Torrent, a storm came up and he was struck by lightning, evidently being killed instantly. His body was soon afterward found and taken to the house he had left a short time before.

Mr. Farraid was thirty-five years old, and had been in the employ of the piano company for about eighteen months. His home was formerly in Grayson, Ky., where he married Miss Vincent, daughter of a prominent farmer near that place. His wife and four children survive him. He was born in Alabama, where his relatives now live. He was a member of the Masonic Lodge at Grayson. Mr. Farraid carried a considerable amount of insurance on his life, but one policy of $5,000 had recently been allowed to lapse. Arrangements have been made to have the body brought to Lexington, but the funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

* * *

Telegraph Operator Dies.

Ollie P. Fowler, a well-known telegraph operator, died this morning at his home in this city from rheumatic heart trouble after a brief illness. Mr. Fowler was twenty-one years old and for a number of years had been employed by the Western Union Telegraph company, and had served as manager at Moreland and Mt. Sterling. The funeral services will be held at the family residence to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, with burial in Lexington cemetery.

* * *

Arrested In Covington.

Claude Brownell, owner of the building on Limestone street, in which the Hanover pool room is conducted, was arrested in Covington yesterday on a bench warrant sent from this county. Brownell was recently indicted here for leasing his building for pool room purposes, but as he was not in the city the warrant was not executed. When arrested yesterday he was not brought back to Lexington, but gave bond for his appearance at the next term of the Fayette Circuit Court.

* * *

Court Postponed.

Judge Parker has decided not to open the fall term of the Circuit Court until the first Monday in October. The regular date for opening court is the first Monday in September, but as the docket is light and as Commonwealth's Attorney Allen will not return from Europe until the middle of September, Judge Parker has decided on the postponement.

* * *

Lexington Notes.

Ground has been broken at the State College for the addition to the Mechanical Engineering building, and work will be pushed as rapidly as possible. The new building will cover about 3,600 square feet. The board of trustees recently appropriated $10,000 for this and other improvements to the mechanical engineering department.

Mrs. Margaret Fitzpatrick died last night at the residence of her nephew, James E. Doyle, in this city. She was eighty-four years old and was the widow of the late James Fitzpatrick, who died last March. They were married in this city fifty-three years ago and had resided here ever since. The funeral will be held at St. Paul's Catholic church to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

CLAIM DISCRIMINATION IN SHIPMENTS.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 23.—Following a conference between representatives of the so-called independent oil shippers and John T. Marchand, attorney for the Interstate Commerce Commission, today, it was announced that the National Petroleum Association will file with the Interstate Commerce Commission a complaint against the roads between Chicago, Omaha and Kansas City. The complaint will charge that the roads are discriminating against the independent oil shippers in the rates between the three cities. Mr. Marchand to-night expressed the opinion that the commission would return to Cleveland within a few weeks to take up several matters.

SONS OF VETERANS ELECT OFFICERS.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 23.—The National Convention of Sons of Veterans closed their sessions to-day with the election of officers and the selection of Dayton, O., as the next meeting place.

Edward M. Amies, of Altoona, Pa., was elected Commander-in-Chief; P. M. Johnson, of Maryland, Senior Vice Commander; J. R. Wolfram, San Francisco, Junior Vice Commander; Horace H. Hammer, Reading, Pa., Secretary, and James Lewis Rake, Reading, Pa., Treasurer. Council-in-Chief, Thomas Hannon, Boston; Ralph Sheldon, New York; Thomas W. Blair, Reading, Pa.

TOOK WRONG MAN.

MISS AMY BAY GOT HER LETTERS MIXED.

Intended To Marry a Kentuckian, But Became Wife of Another—A Divorce Suit.

St. Louis, Aug. 23.—An intimate friend of Mrs. Amy Sturgeon, the society matron who is being sued for divorce by her husband, Robert T. Sturgeon, cashier of the Merchants' Laclede National Bank, a member of one of the most aristocratic families of St. Louis, to-day threw some light on the divorce suit which has created a sensation in exclusive society circles.

"Mrs. Sturgeon's marriage was a big mistake," said the woman friend of the fair defendant. "It is another case of a girl marrying the wrong man and realizing her blunder too late.

"When Amy Bay came to St. Louis from Virginia she at once became the reigning belle, attracting suitors by the score, and she enjoyed two seasons of such brilliant popularity as to turn the head of any young girl. Among her wooers were two who vied with one another in the ardor and impetuosity of their courtship. One was Mr. Sturgeon, the other a young beau from Louisville, of fine old family and charming personality. Amy could not decide between the two of them for the life of her. And still they urged her to decide, and finally both made formal declarations and asked her to think the matter over and give them their answers.

"After delaying as long as she could Amy sat down one day to write her replies. She had decided in favor of the Kentuckian, and she wrote him a brief little note accepting his hand. Then she wrote to Sturgeon a kindly sympathetic little letter thanking him for the honor he had done her, telling him that she had obligated herself to another. She put the two letters in envelopes she had directed, but, and herein lies the tragedy of more than one life, I think it she put the letter of acceptance in the envelope addressed to Mr. Sturgeon and the refusal in the envelope addressed to Louisville. And neither letter bore a superscription; each was written impersonally, and there was no clew in the letter itself to the person addressed.

"So it fell out that young Sturgeon, arriving in hot haste upon the receipt of his letter, amazed Amy Bay by assuming the role of an accepted suitor. Before she could command her senses she had been carried away by his youthful ardor and eloquence, and the love for the two being nearly equal, she believed that fate had interposed to make the decision she had had so much trouble in arriving at, and she accepted fate's interposition and married Sturgeon."

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The submarine boat Cuttlefish will be launched at Quincy, Mass., Saturday, September 1.

W. I. Buchanan, chairman of the American delegation to the Pan-American Conference at Rio de Janeiro, has advised the State Department that most of the American members of the conference will sail for New York on the steamer Tennyson.

Thursday's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows: Available cash balance, $261,250,769; gold coin and bullion, $110,960,146; gold certificates, $42,886,629.

Illinois officials have applied to the State Department for its assistance in reclaiming Paul O. Stensland, the fugitive Chicago banker, back to this country, in case it is found that the report that he is in Mexico is true.

Mr. Bermudez, the Uruguayan Charge, who has been ill for several days, was removed yesterday to Garfield Hospital. He has a high fever and it is feared it will develop into typhoid.

Surgeon General O'Reilly, of the Army Medical Department, and other prominent army and navy surgeons, as well as scientists throughout the United States and in many foreign countries, have interested themselves in the movement to provide a fund for the support of Mrs. Walter Reed and her children, which shall eventually be used in erecting a memorial to the distinguished physician, who demonstrated that mosquitoes are responsible for the spread of yellow fever.

Unequaled prosperity in the manufacturing industries in the United States for the calendar year of 1904 is shown in a census bulletin just completed, which is compared by the Census Bureau with a similar census for the year 1900. The number of manufacturing establishments in the country as shown by the last census is 216,262, an increase of 4 per cent. over 1900. Capital increased during the five years from $8,978,825,200 to $12,686,585,672, or 41 per cent.

Bids were opened at the Bureau of Insular Affairs, War Department, for $1,000,000 of Philippine certificates. Numerous bids were submitted, but it is expected that the whole amount will be awarded to Fisk & Robinson, of New York, whose bid was $1.02 28-100 for all or none of the amount.

Secretary Shaw has taken steps to increase the deposits of public moneys in national depositaries in various parts of the country to $50,000,000, the amount authorized by law. It affects about 150 banks, and will aggregate about $2,000,000 additional deposits.

Marine Intelligence.

New York, Aug. 23.—Sailed: La Touraine, Havre; Barbarossa, Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen.

Kinsale, Aug. 23, 1:12 p. m.—Passed: Republic, Boston for Queenstown and Liverpool.

Cherbourg, Aug. 23, 1 a. m.—Arrived: Grosser Kurfurst, New York via Plymouth for Bremen, and proceeded.

Queenstown, Aug. 23.—Sailed: Noordland, from Liverpool, Philadelphia; 1:15 p. m.: Majestic, from Liverpool to New York.

Boulogne, Aug. 23, 1 p. m.—Arrived: Nieuw Amsterdam, New York for Rotterdam, and proceeded.

Queenstown, Aug. 23, 2:02 p. m.—Arrived: Republic, Boston for Liverpool, and proceeded.

Cadiz, Aug. 17.—Arrived: Montserrat, New York for Barcelona, etc.

Naples, Aug. 18.—Sailed: Indiana, from Genoa and Messina to New York; 21st.: Berna, from Marseilles to New York.

Genoa, Aug. 20.—Sailed: Lombardia, New York via Naples.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

NEGRO TROOPS

Puzzling Problem For the War Department.

THEY DO NOT SEEM TO BE WANTED ANYWHERE.

EVEN FILIPINOS OBJECT TO COLORED SOLDIERS.

CONGRESS MAY REPEAL LAW.

Washington, Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Army officers are at their wits' end to furnish a solution of the question as to what is to be done with the negro troops of the United States. The Brownsville, Tex., episode has brought the matter to a crisis, and, although the troops which offended the citizens of Texas are to be transferred to Indian Territory, the authorities of the department by no means feel sure that this will end the difficulty.

It is carefully explained at the department that the sending of negro troops to Texas was not without a thorough consultation on the part of the officers in charge of the matter. It was recognized that they would not be welcome there, but it was also recognized, according to the statement today, that they would not be welcomed at any other fort in the United States. When it was suggested to-day that they be transferred to the Northwest, to such isolated posts as Fort Assiniboine, it was said that not only was this post one for cavalry purposes, but there was no question that the people of Montana, learning that this particular body of men had been objectionable to Texas, would put up just as strong a protest against their presence in Montana. It seems probable that Congress at its next session will be asked to repeal that section of the law which calls for the enlistment of negro troops. A second suggestion for the disposal of the negro troops was that they be sent to the Philippines. But the Filipinos objected to them fully as much as do the whites in this country, and as a result they are only stationed in the Moro country, Mindanao. This is the only portion of the islands where they can be used, and they can be used there only because the Moros are in a constant state of insurrection, and therefore have no voice in the selection of the soldiers who are to maintain order.

* * *

Slated For Examining Board.

Dr. Lucien Treadway will be appointed a member of the Board of Pension Examining Surgeons at Beattyville.

* * *

Will Support "Uncle Joe."

Jerry A. Matthews, of Indiana, former secretary to Vice President Fairbanks, came out to-day for Speaker Cannon for the presidency. Mr. Matthews will be one of the speakers at a big rally that will be held here to-night in the interests of the candidacy of the Illinois war-horse.

* * *

Kentucky Postmasters.

Postmasters have been appointed for Kentucky as follows Fredonia, Caldwell county, Grant Bugg; Klondike, Harlan county, James F. Moore.

* * *

Kentuckians In Washington.

United States District Attorney Du Relle paid his respects to Commissioner Yerkes this morning.

Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Charles O. Reynolds, of Louisville, is here. He is returning home after a vacation in the East.

HEAVY REGISTRATION

REPORTED AT HIGHLAND PARK FOR LOCAL OPTION ELECTION.

Both Sides Make Active Canvass and Prepare For Hard Contest For Victory.

Registration for the election to be held at Highland Park, the first Monday in September, which will decide whether the town will be "wet" or "dry," so far as the sale of liquor is concerned, was held yesterday in the two precincts. The polls were open from 6 o'clock in the morning until 9 o'clock at night, and much interest was manifested, both by the advocates of local option and those in favor of the saloons. Both contingents were active in their canvass, with the result that when the polls closed 230 names had been enrolled on the registration lists. At the closing of the polls the liquor interests, which are said to have taken an active part for the saloons in the canvass, claimed a victory.

The advocates of local option, who have been assisted by the Jefferson County Anti-Saloon League in their canvass, chose Highland Park as a particular point in which to make their crusade. There are several saloons there, and it would be considered a signal victory for their cause if they were enabled to drive them out. The local option adherents conducted an enthusiastic open-air meeting in the East Highland Park precinct Wednesday night, when the assembly was addressed by the Rev. H. Stone, of Meridian, Miss. The officers of the Anti-Saloon League and others who have taken a prominent part in the agitation were present.

Dr. J. F. Lutz, secretary of the Jefferson County Anti-Salcon League, said last night that the work of organizing for the coming election was progressing well. The organization, he said, was in better shape than ever to carry on the work.

Additional meetings of the temperance people will be held before the election, the final one to be held in Highland Park Friday night, August 31, when there will be four speakers and a band. It is planned to make this a noteworthy rally, and the speakers will be selected from the most eloquent advocates of temperance.

The last meeting of the Executive Committee of the Anti-Saloon League before the election will be held at the Y. M. C. A. building to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. It is expected that all measures looking to the conduct of the election will be arranged at that meeting.

STILL HOLDS TO NAME OF PLATT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 23.—Mae C. Wood, the young woman who has obtained much notoriety by her sensational claim of a marriage to Senator Thomas C. Piatt, of New York, has adopted the name of Platt. In a suit filed in the Kalamazoo Circuit Court she signs her name as Mae Wood Platt and her affidavit bears that signature. Mrs. Wood Platt is now a resident of Kalamazoo, having bought a home in that place.

Last Cut On Oxfords.

To Be Sold at Cost of the Leather.

98c Choice of a lot of Tan Canvas Oxfords, with hand-turned soles, military leather heels and white canvas, with extension soles, large eyelets and ribbon ties. Good run of sizes.

$1.35 In this lot you will find Patent Colt Oxfords, with light, flexible soles, large eyelets, and with the plain toe and military heel. Also Vici Kid Oxfords, with patent tip and light, flexible sole. Sizes and widths are good in this lot.

$1.85 Ten different styles of Hand-turned or Extension Soles, in Vici Kid, Patent, Dull Leather or Tan, in court ties, button or regular Oxford cut. Not a style in this lot worth less than $2.50. Many were $3.00.

$2.47 In this lot you will find many of our $3.00 and $3.50 Oxfords that have proven this season's best sellers. Almost all the popular shapes and leathers are here to select from.

$1.39 Women's White Canvas Oxfords, with either white wood or leather heel. They come with hand-turned soles. There are 6 styles to select from; worth $2.00.

$1.19 Children's Oxfords, Slippers and Ankle Straps, in patent, kid and tan. Many different styles in the lot. Sizes 8½ to 11; worth $1.50 and $2.00.

38c Tan Blucher-cut Tennis Oxfords; sizes 11 to 6½. These are all clean, fresh goods, at just half price.

3c For White Liquid Polish for White Shoes; 10c size.

Room-Making Reductions

On Men's and Boys' Furnishing Goods.

All day Friday and until 1 o'clock Saturday we will make prices that will close these goods quickly, and will make of this sale the greatest clean-up of Haberdashery ever made by this house.

Fancy and Plain Socks.

25c We have 800 pairs of fancy and silk-embroidered Lisle Socks, as well as solid-color effects, that have been sold heretofore at 50c. They are full-fashioned imported stock and will go at this price until sold.

Suspenders.

9c For Boys' All-elastic Suspenders.
25c For the famous Bull Dog Suspenders, of silk lisle with Indian tanned leather ends.
50c For the new Crown Suspenders, for men.
75c For Silk Suspenders that were $1.25.
$1.00 For Silk Suspenders that were $1.50.

Underwear.

17c Or 3 for 50c, Men's India Gauze or Balbriggan Drawers. The shirts of this character are sold.
35c Or 3 for $1.00, Men's Nainsook Drawers with elastic seams on both sides of the leg. The material cost more.

Shirts.

35c For Men's or Boys' Madras Shirts, that have been 50c and 75c; your last chance.
75c For Quaker City Shirts, that sell at $1.00; these are in fancies only, with cuffs attached; sizes 15½ to 17½.
75c For $1.50 Cosmopolitan Shirts of white mull, with plaited or embroidered bosoms; this is the lightest Shirt made; its weight being only six ounces.
$1.10 For Quaker City Plaited Shirts, in fancy styles, that are worth $1.50.

33 1-3 per cent. off the cost of all silk, solsette, flannel and pure linen Shirts during this sale.

33⅓% Off all Hammocks, Bathing Suits (for men, women and children), Bath Robes and White and Fancy Vests.

Many of these lines are limited in quantity. Don't delay your purchase.

John C. Lewis Co.

COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING DIRECTORY.

Elevator Sunday 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Western Union Telegraph Company Branch Office in Vestibule
Louisville Loan Co.....Room 1
Dr. Arthur K. Lord, Oculist. Hours 9:00 to 5:00. Home 'phone 7381.....Room 2 Prescriptions written and Glasses furnished. Sunday hours by appointment.
Drs. Orendorf & Weber—Suite No. 3, second floor. Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 6, 7 to 8. Sunday, 9 to 12. Telephone 924.
Douglas Park Jockey Club.....Room 4
The Vogue Millinery—Mrs. May W. Smith Room 5
H. M. Caldwell—Advertising Agency. Rooms 6 and 7
Dr. John R. Collier, Osteopath—Nervous diseases a specialty. Hours 8 to 4. Phone Main 3735-A .....Room 9
National Life and Accident Ins. Co.—W. A. Johnson, Supt.....Rooms 10 and 11
Dr. William N. Spohn.....Room 12 Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m.; 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.
Mme. Stokes—Complexion Specialist, Chiropody, Manicure, Electrolysis, Beauty Aids.....Room 12
Dr. B. G. Rees, Dentist—Telephone 3689—A.....Rooms 14 and 15
Wm. J. Watkins & Co.—Press and Ornamental Brick, Coke, Coal, Iron. Room 16
Val P. Collins, Architect.....Room 16
New Louisville Jockey Club.....Room 17
Dr. George H. Day.....Room 18 Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 a. m. 'Phone 7426, Home.
Dr. A. F. Pelle, Dentist.....Room 19
Alice B. Hickey (formerly with New York Store), Millinery Parlor.....Room 20
A. Reichman, Ladies' Tailor, Rooms 21 and 22
Geo. J. Monroe, M. D.—Room 23. Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 10:30 a. m. 'Phone Main 30—M.
Dr. C. C. Godshaw.....Room 24 Hours 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 6 to 7:30 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 10 a. m. Telephone Main 218—A.
Louisville Truss and Rupture Co.—Rupture Specialist. Tel. 218 Main.....Room 24
Dr. J. W. Clark, Dentist—Rooms 25 and 26. Tel. Cumb. Main 924—Home 5305.
Hunter & Heliman—Fire Insurance, Rooms 27 and 28
Dr. W. C. McManama, Osteopath. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Both 'phones.....Room 29
Miss Mary McGinn—Shoe Parlor, Custom work a specialty. Cumb. 3689—Y. Room 30
Miss Kate Fitzgerald—Purchasing Agent. Room 31
Tinsley-Mayer Engraving Co., Office, room 33
Circulation Department Courier-Journal and Times—Circulation Manager. Room 47 Both 'Phones 240, Circulation Dept.
Circulation Department Courier-Journal and Times—City Superintendent, Rooms 38 and 39 Both 'Phones 240, Circulation Dept.
Dr. Victor N. Meddis.....Room 44
Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist.....Room 45
The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co.....Room 49
Thos. E. Grove, Artist — Portrait and Ivory Miniatures.....Room 50
Harvey Joiner, Artist—Room 51. Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome, 10 to 1 o'clock.
Inland Farmer.....Room 54
John Herr Sutcliffe—Advertising Agency. Room 55
Miss Linda Nu

STATE OF SIEGE

Proclaimed At Valparaiso By Governor Blanco.

BUSINESS HOUSES REOPENED FOR FIRST TIME.

MORE THAN SIX HUNDRED BURIALS UP TO TUESDAY.

PROVISIONS BADLY NEEDED.

Valparaiso, Aug. 23.—Fernandez Blanco, Governor of the province of Valparaiso, has proclaimed the city of Valparaiso in a state of siege, and has conferred supreme authority on Navy Captain Gomez Carreno. The prefect of police is charged with the duty of collecting and distributing food. One of the first acts of the military governor was to issue an order that any persons found breaking water mains should be shot. The water supply is fairly adequate, and repairs are actively progressing at Baron Hill, Vina del Mar and Ramaditas, where a large number of mains were broken during the earthquake.

The Mayor's office is now in Victoria Square, beside the Governor's tent.

The whole of Victoria street to-night is illuminated by electric lamps. Two other streets also are lighted, and to-morrow Cerro and Alefres streets, will be lighted. Electric cars already are running between Baron station and Becreo, and probably to-morrow the operation of cars will be extended to Vina del Mar.

* * *

Over Six Hundred Burials.

The total number of corpses buried up to Tuesday, August 21 was 648.

The main post-office has been reopened.

At Llai Llai there is not a single wall in good condition. There were thirty persons killed there.

At Cabildo the railroad station was damaged.

At Quillota many biuldings were prostrated.

The earthquake was very severe at Concon and Colmo. The dead in those places number twenty-five.

Telegrams of sympathy have been received from Secretary Root, President Barreda, of Peru; M. Bourgeois, Foreign Minister of France, and Rothschild & Son, as well as from the city of Buenos Ayres.

Meat and bread are scarce. Meat is now being distributed by the authorities. The grocery shops that were not destroyed by the earthquake are now nearly out of stocks. Canned meats, sardines, condensed milk and biscuits are much needed.

The weather is somewhat cloudy. Sanitary conditions are being established in the encampments, and most of the people are light-hearted, though four or five earth shocks of moderate violence are experienced daily. The Red Cross is caring for thousands of injured.

* * *

Business Houses Reopen.

...ffic ceases at 6 o'clock in the even... everybody is compelled to take ...part in the work of restoring nor... conditions. As a first installment ... Government has appropriated $4.... ...,000 for the relief of the destitute. ...e customhouse was reopened to-day ...nd traffic by water and by rail has ...been resumed. The postal service also ...is in operation.

One of the greatest difficulties encountered by the authorities is the interment of the bodies recovered from the ruins, as all the cemeteries were destroyed. At the various temporary morgues heaps of coffins have accumulated, awaiting the designation of their place of burial. The work of recovering the bodies is being pushed to the utmost in order to avoid an epidemic, in fear of which many families are leaving the city. Through the whole length of Brazil avenue and all over Victoria square large sheds have been constructed to shelter the homeless from the severe rains.

HEAVY RAINS FALLING.

Increase Discomfort of the Earthquake Sufferers.

Lima, Peru, Aug. 23.—Further details received here to-day from Valparaiso show that out of forty employes of the telephone company there thirty-eight were killed.

When the house of President-elect Montt collapsed his wife fell from the balcony into the street, and bandits who were passing cut off her ears and fingers to rob her of her jewelry. She was taken in a dying state on board the Chilean warship O'Higgins.

Among the dead at Valparaiso is Federico Varella, the famous capitalist and politician.

Heavy rains have been falling at Valparaiso which have increased the hardships endured by the many thousands of people camping in the streets and squares or on the hills surrounding the city.

THREE THOUSAND HOUSES

Will Have To Be Demolished In Santiago.

Santiago, Chile, Aug. 23.—It was announced to-day that the Ministry of Public Works had been advised that it will be necessary to demolish more than 3,000 houses here, as the result of damages which they received during the recent earth shocks.

Energetic measures have been taken to suppress all overcharging for the necessaries of life by merchants here. The municipality is now selling fresh meats to the inhabitants.

The street car service in Santiago has been suspended owing to the lack of coal at the power houses.

Aid For Chilean Sufferers.

London, Aug. 23.—The first list of subscriptions to the London Chilean earthquake fund approximates $116,310.

New York, Aug. 23.—Contributions to the Chile relief fund of the Merchants' Association will be accepted by the National Bank of Commerce of this city in compliance with the request of Gustav H. Schwab, treasurer of the fund. Checks should be drawn to the order of Gustav H. Schwab, treasurer.

American Consulate Wrecked.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Robert S. Atkins, the American Vice Consul at Valparaiso, sent a dispatch to the State Department to-day announcing that everything in the consulate in that city was destroyed and no supplies are available.

Money From California.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 23.—The Citizens' Relief Committee, formed at the time of the San Francisco disaster, to-day passed resolutions setting aside $10,000 to be forwarded to the sufferers from the earthquake at Valparaiso. This sum was taken from the $80,000 still remaining of the $240,000 donated at the time of the San Francisco earthquake.

JOHN GRIFFIN FOUND FLOATING IN RIVER.

Believed To Have Fallen In While Under Influence of Liquor.

The body of John Griffin, forty years of age, a familiar character about the city, was found floating in the canal at the foot of Ninth street at noon yesterday. It is thought that he had been dead for several hours and had fallen into the canal while under the influence of liquor.

Someone walking along the shore of the river noticed a dark object floating upon the water and notified the Government dredgeboat No. 6, which was at anchor a few yards below. The boat responded at once, and Pat Stephenson, one of the crew, swam to the body and held it until it could be taken aboard and brought to the shore. The body was coatless and without shoes and stockings. Press Hamilton, Deputy Coroner, was summoned and he rendered a verdict of death due to drowning. He could find no witnesses and was unable to say whether the death was accidental or not. The man was known to be a heavy drinker, and on that account it is thought that while wandering along the river bank he fell into the water. The body was removed to the undertaking establishment of Boden Brothers, and later was sent to D. Bax, the undertaker, at Clay and Chestnut streets.

Griffin is survived by his father, Pat Griffin, and one sister. A brother, Robert Griffin, a well-known newsboy, died several months ago. Griffin was released from the workhouse several weeks ago, having been a well-known police character. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

TWO DIE OF HEAT.

NEGRO WOMEN OVERCOME BY TEMPERATURE.

Relief Probably Will Be Experienced In the Next Few Days.

Two negro women dropped dead yesterday while suffering with the heat. Mary Hardy, colored, of 260 East Green street, died at 2 o'clock yesterday morning at 247 Lafayette street. She weighed 200 pounds and had complained of the heat. Magistrate Hoffman, acting Coroner, was summoned and had the body taken to Hathaway's undertaking establishment, at 324 East Green street, where a post mostem examination was held by Dr. S. D. Hatfield yesterday afternoon. The post mortem revealed that the woman had been a victim of the heat.

Ann Parker, a negro woman employed at the home of Dr. John Hoskins, of 1521 Brook street, dropped dead at the home of her employer yesterday morning. She was stricken with a hemorrhage of the lungs and ran into the yard, where she fell to the ground and expired before medical attention could be summoned. Magistrate Hoffman was summoned. A post mortem examination was held and a verdict of death as the result of the hemorrhage, superinduced by the heat, was returned.

It is expected that there will be a slight relief from the intense heat within the next day or two. Low pressure, which is extending over the Great Lakes is moving southward and bringing with it o cooler temperature. Cooler weather already has advanced to Chicago, where the temperature changed from 88 degrees at 8 o'clock Wedensday night to 74 degrees at 8 o'clock last night. Local rains are predicted for to-day.

Yesterday it was uncomfortably warm. The humidity at 10 o'clock yesterday morning was 85 per cent., while the temperature stood at 81 degrees. The maximum temperature yesterday was 88 degrees, which was reached at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The hourly readings yesterday were as follows:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
6 a. m.	72	2 p. m.	86
7 a. m.	74	3 p. m.	88
8 a. m.	75	4 p. m.	87
9 a. m.	78	5 p. m.	86
10 a. m.	81	6 p. m.	83
11 a. m.	86	7 p. m.	82
12 noon	85	8 p. m.	80
1 p. m.	87		

VISITORS AT DEMOCRATIC STATE HEADQUARTERS.

All Report Great Interest In Primary and Expect a Full Vote.

While there were but few callers from out in the State at Democratic headquarters at The Seelbach yesterday, yet the place showed an air of business all day. Col. Mott Ayres, secretary of the Primary Committee, was busy all day with routine business in connection with the primary election. Advertisements for bids for printing ballots were placed yesterday. The bids will be opened September 10 and the award made. The committee will furnish all ballot boxes where they are needed.

Secretary Ayres is confident that the headquarters will be a popular resort for the politicians from now until the November election. Among the visitors at the headquarters yesterday were: Judge Bunk Gardner, of Mayfield; John T. Stubblefield, of Fulton county; Thomas Hatcher, of Pike county; former State Senator J. Wheeler Campbell, of Paducah; Ben Watt, of Frankfort.

Secretary Ayres said all the visitors yesterday brought favorable reports from their respective sections of the State. It was the opinion of each that a full Democratic vote will be polled this fall.

State Senator J. W. Newman came down from Lawrenceburg last night, having spent the afternoon at the Lawrenceburg fair. He said he never saw such a crowd on the ground before and estimated the crowd at 10,000. Senator Newman will formally notify the committee to-day that he is a candidate for Commissioner of Agriculture.

FOR APPELLATE JUDGE.

E. Leslie Worthington Announces As Candidate.

Maysville, Ky., Aug. 23.—The candidacy of the Hon. E. Leslie Worthington, of this city, for the Democratic nomination for the Appellate judgeship in this district is announced. Mr. Worthington has served in the Senate, having been elected on the Democratic ticket, Mason-Lewis district, which was normally Republican. He is the legal representative of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad here, and is regarded as a constitutional lawyer of exceptional attainment.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE IN NINTH

H. C. Duffy Announces For Nomination For Congress.

Cynthiana, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Hon. H. C. Duffy, chairman of the Democratic County Committee, to-day announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Congress in the Ninth district, making two candidates for the honors from Harrison county and four from other counties in the district. County conventions will be held August 30 and the district convention at Maysville September 1.

COMMERCIAL CLUB TROPHY PRESENTED FOR HORSE SHOW

The contract for the Louisville Commercial Club's Challenge Cup, donated to the Kentucky Horse Show Society, has been awarded to James K. Lemon & Son, and an exceptionally handsome cup selected at a cost of $250.

The design chosen was taken from a large number submitted to the special committee appointed to select a suitable trophy, and the sketch which secured the award has elicited many favorable comments.

The cup will be offered as a prize in the runabout class for amateurs. The horse and vehicle both must be owned by a resident of Jefferson county and must be driven by the owner. The cup must be won twice before it becomes the property of the winner.

The cup itself is one of the heaviest and handsomest that have been offered as a trophy at the Horse Show. It contains 130 ounces of sterling silver and stands eighteen inches from the base to the top and has a diameter, including the handles, of thirteen and one-half inches. It is mounted on an ebony base nine inches in height. The front side of the cup contains the monogram of the Kentucky Horse Show Society, a handsomely etched horse's head, and a space where the names of the winners, should there be more than one, can be engraved. On the reverse side there will be the monogram of the Commercial Club, a duplicate of the horse's head and beneath that the words, "The Louisville Commercial Club Challenge Cup."

The chasing will be handsomely done by hand, entertwining three of the principal products of the State, tobacco, corn and bluegrass. The handles will be effectively modeled on and from the base. From the base of the handles protrude tobacco and bluegrass. From the top of the handles emerge corn and bluegrass.

The top and bottom of the cup are cast with an applied relief border, giving a massive appearance to the trophy.

The interior of the cup will be lined with gold.

RUSSIA WILL DISTRIBUTE LAND.

Original Plan For Settling Agrarian Question To Be Followed.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 23.—An important series of conferences began last night at Peterhof on the question of the immediate distribution of the crown lands and appenages to the peasants in an attempt to find a partial solution of the agrarian question by measurably appeasing the land hunger of the peasantry, and the Associated Press is now in a position to announce that the Government has definitely decided to proceed with the original plan outlined in these dispatches August 7 for settling the agrarian question, regardless of Parliament, and go to the country on the issue at the coming election. The Associated Press was informed this afternoon by a member of the Cabinet who participated in the Peterhof conference that the agrarian question is no longer open. Within a fortnight an imperial ukase will be issued directing the agrarian commission to begin the distribution of 1,800,000 dessiatines (a dessiatine is about two and one-half acres) belonging to the appanages, 1,000,000 dessiatines belonging to the crown, and 2,000,000 dessiatines of land offered to or purchased through the peasants' bank. nOly the forests and lands belonging to the State, the preservation of which is considered necessary for the future agricultural prosperity of the country, will be reserved. The transaction will be through the peasants' bank. Only the Little cash will be required. The landlords and other sellers will be given marketable land script, eventually redeemable by the peasant purchasers in installment notes designed to meet the interest and amortisation. The Emperor will not give the land of the imperial family as a free gift, but, like other landlords, he will accept script. Moreover, it is believed that no Parliament will ever dare to repeal this temporary law. Nearly all the present restrictions upon the peasants as a class will also be removed. This in substance is the Government's bold bill for the support of the Russian peasant millions against the propaganda of the revolutionists.

The manager of the Odessa branch of the New York Life Insurance Company to-day received a letter demanding a contribution of $10,000 to the revolutionary cause, and threatening him with death if he refused. Instead of paying the money the manager notified the police and informed Gov. Kaulbars that he demanded protection, which was furnished.

DISPATCHER ARRESTED AT BIRMINGHAM.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 23.—Frank Young, chief dispatcher of the Louisville and Nashville railroad at Montgomery, is charged with violating the Erdman Arbitration Law in a warrant sworn out to-day before United States Commissioner Elmore by L. A. Tanquary, deputy president of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers. The case will come up for a preliminary hearing before Commissioner Elmore Monday morning. Mr. Tanquary alleges that B. A. Nesmith sought employment with the railroad as operator, but was required by Mr. Young to enter into an agreement not to join the Order of Railway Telegraphers.

BOY BICYCLE RIDER HURT BY FALL IN STREET.

August Stanier, aged fifteen years, employed by the Albus Drug Company, at Second and Market streets, received serious injuries in an accident at First and Breckinridge streets at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was riding on his bicycle with some medicine, and he lost control of his wheel and ran into a wagon. He was thrown to the ground an dthe wagon passed over the bicycle, smashing it to pieces. The boy was stunned for a moment, but soon arose and went to his employer's drug store, suffering great pain in his right ankle and in various parts of his body. Mr. Albus examined the lad, and found that he had received a sprain of the ankle, besides several bruises about the body. He dressed the injuries.

ADMIRALTY OFFERS REWARD FOR BRAINS.

British Workmen Encouraged To Make Suggestions To Employers.

An interesting scheme by which the Admiralty encourages workmen who are fertile with ideas is described in a memorandum on changes at the dockyards, says the London Express.

All the workmen in the dockyards are invited to contribute suggestions regarding improvements in tools and methods of work, and a committee of dockyard officers sits once a month to consider and adjudicate on the suggestions received.

A sum of £200 has been authorized for distribution during the present year in awards for suggestions either adopted in their original form or successfully developed.

An increase of pay is to be allowed to certain classes of workmen, to take effect next October. This will involve an expenditure of £60,000 a year. A uniform forty-eight-hour week is also to obtain in future in all the Government dockyards.

A premium system has also been adopted experimentally in the dockyards by which an expert workman is enabled to increase his wages by completing his work in less than the time allowed.

AGED MAN SAVED BY BED OF MORTAR.

Falls From House But Lands Safely In Soft Place—Never Had Doctor.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Mark Lydon, who is eighty-four years old, and says he never employed a doctor in his life, fell one story from a house under construction on Clark street this morning and alighted in a bed of mortar, sustaining no injuries except to his clothing.

Three Deaths In Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 23.—Torrid weather continued to-day in this city and throughout Northern Ohio. Three deaths were recorded here due to heat. Several deaths were reported from other towns in this section. There were also numerous prostrations.

MAN HURT WHILE AT WORK IN ROUNDHOUSE PIT.

While working in the pit at the Big Four roundhouse, at Preston and Washington streets, George Grotenhoff, living at 1408 Shelby street, sustained severe injuries. A log fell on him. He was thrown to the ground, and for several minutes was unconscious. Dr. Charles Spangler was summoned. He examined Grotenhoff and found that he had sustained a severe scalp wound and several bruises about the body. Grotenhoff was removed to his home.

JURY FAILS TO AGREE IN LYNCHING CASE.

Springfield, Mo., Aug. 23.—Arguments in the case of Doss Galbraith, the alleged mob leader, charged with murder in the second degree, were closed today, and the case was given to the jury. Later in the day a disagreement was reported.

When court adjourned for the night at 9:30 o'clock the jury stood ten for acquittal and two for conviction.

Goldfield, Nev., has invited the President to witness the coming Gans-Nelson contest. Why should not the Goldfield Athletic Club offer a purse for a limited round fight between President Roosevelt and Emperor Willem, with Edward Rex of England as referee? That might further advertise the town. But advertising pays. Especially when there is something behind the advertisements, as in the case of Wintersmith's Chill Tonic. For the malaria. At all drug stores.

BURIED TREASURE OF STEEL RAILS

BRINGS $400,000 FORTUNE TO FINDER.

REMARKABLE CACHE FOUND IN LIBERTY, TEX.

RELIC OF THE CIVIL WAR.

Mining for steel rails is a new industry, but it is being carried on profitably at Liberty, Tex., says a dispatch to the Pittsburg Post.

Forty-six years ago 10,000 tons of steel rails were purchased in England by a syndicate of wealthy planters of this section and a number of New Yorkers associated with them in a railroad proposition up the valley of the Trinity river.

The rails were paid for and brought to Galveston by water and shipped up the Trinity river by barges. They were unloaded just below the town and piled on the low bank of the river. The Civil War came on and the project was abandoned. The members of the company were either killed in the war or lost their property or were scattered until not one of them has been heard of for more than a quarter of a century.

A big flood in the river occurred a few months after the rails had been piled upon its banks, and were covered with a heavy deposit of sand. The fact that the rails existed finally became a dim memory in the minds of the older residents of Liberty, and of late years the story of the disastrous project has been a mere legend. The river shifted several hundred yards during the years, and more than thirty feet of sand and soil had been deposited upon the rails, leaving no trace whatever of them.

* * *

Enter Man of Enterprise.

It was left to T. E. Nichols, of Houston, to bring these rails to the light of day. Several months ago he was in Liberty on a business visit, when he chanced to meet an aged negro, who was a slave when the valuable cargo was brought over and who was employed in unloading the barges. He told Mr. Nicho's the story of the abandoned railroad and said that the rails were buried under many feet of sand, but he believed he knew the spot where they could be found.

Nichols made a quiet investigation and found that the story of the lost rails was true. He could find no claimants to the property and he made a proposition to the town of Liberty that if they would grant him the franchise to recover the rails he would give the town $1 for every $10 he mined and sold. His proposition was eagerly accepted. No one thought he would be able to locate the rails.

Under the guidance of the old negro Mr. Nichols began prospecting for the hidden wealth. He used ground augers in boring test holes. He bored eighty-seven of these holes before he found the rails. They lay thirty-five feet beneath the surface and the same distance from the present channel of the river.

* * *

Rails Bring Fancy Price.

The discovery of the rails was but the beginning of the labor of recovering them. The sand was difficult to handle, and when the excavation had reached a point near the rails the water from the river broke through and the pumps had to be employed to clear the hole.

The piles of rails have finally been uncovered and they are now being taken out at a rapid rate. The rails are 24 feet in length and of a quality of steel superior to that now used, it is claimed. As an evidence of this fact Mr. Nichols has accepted a bid of $35 per ton for the rails from a big American steel plant.

At this price the rails will bring Mr. Nichols a fortune of $380,000, less about $10,000 which he will have expended in locating the property and removing them and an additional $10,000 to be paid to the town of Liberty. The purchasers will bear all cost of loading and shiping the rails, which, experts state, are in fine condition and evidence no injurious effect from the long burial.

TIGER RULES INDIA.

NATIVES CALL BEAST KING OF THE FOREST.

Meekly Accept Depredations as an Evil to Be Endured Patiently.

If one is to believe Ernest Ingersoll's recently published "Life of Mammals," most of the Hindus and Malays meekly accept the tiger as an evil to be endured, and in this mood have lifted it, with superstitious terror and reverence, into a sort of malignant deity, which must and may be pacified, says the New York Sun.

You can be shown to-day forest shrines and saintly tombs where the tiger comes nightly to keep pious guard, and you may hear in any Hindu village of jogis to whom the cruel beasts are as lap dogs.

One of the difficulties which British officers have encountered in certain parts of India, in their attempt to kill off the cattle-lifting or man-eating tigers of some dangerously infested neighborhood, or to have sport with them, is the opposition of the people to their destruction.

Mr. Ingersoll quotes an illustration of this from one of the earlier sportsmen writers, the scene of the incident being not far from Bombay:

"While sitting at breakfast we were alarmed by hearing cries of distress proceeding from the jagheerdar's hut, and on running to ascertain the cause we found old Kamah in a furious state of excitement, his left hand firmly fixed in the wooly pate of the hopeful scion of the house, and belabouring him with a stout bamboo.

"We inquired what crime young Moideen had been guilty of to bring upon him such a storm of parental indignation, and learned to our astonishment that it was all owing to his having killed a tiger.

"One of his father's tame buffalos having been killed by a tiger on the previous day, the young savage had watched for him during the night and shot him from a tree when he returned to feed upon the carcass. This most people would have considered a very gallant and meritorious exploit on the part of a lad of fifteen, but the old forester was of a different opinion.

"It was all very well for us who lived in the open country to wage war with tigers, but with him, who lived on sociable terms with them, in the jungle, the case was different.

"'I have no quarrel with tigers,' said he. 'I never injured one of them, they never injured me; and while there was peace between us I went among them without fear of danger. But now that this young rascal has picked a quarrel, and commenced hostilities, there is no saying where the thing will end.'"

Shaw To Speak In Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 23.—Leslie M. Shaw, Secretary of the Treasury, will open the Republican campaign in Tennessee with a speech here September 14 he announcement was made to-day by Lee Brock, in charge of Republican State Committee headquarters.

Wintersmith's Chill Cure

THE BEST

ANTI-MALARIA and ANTI-FEVER TONIC

Guaranteed to Cure Chills and Fever

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT

Arthur Peter & Co. - - Louisville, Ky. - - Wholesale Agents.

FOOD IN THE FUTURE.

EGGS WILL BE MANUFACTURED BY MACHINES.

Milk Also To Be Made In Factories—Alazarion New Product.

Prof. Berthelot, of Paris, at a dinner given by the Society of Chemical and Mechanical Industries, Paris, some years ago, spoke of the scientific food of the future, says the Pittsburg Gazette-Times. According to experiment and investigation, he stated, at the present rate of progress, in the year 2000, coal, wood, peat, etc., will be displaced as fuel by new and most powerful sources of mechanical energy. He further asserted that a large portion of our food products would be directly manufactured through the advance of synthetic chemistry, from the consituent elements, carbon, oxygen, hydrogen and nitrogen.

Our milk, eggs and flour will eventually be made in factories. Already eggs have been manufactured by artificial means.

Alzarin is a compound manufactured by chemists, by means of which a great agricultural industry was destroyed, says a writer in the Arena. Alzarin is the principle of the madder root, from which were extracted the juices necessary for dyeing cloth and different materials. The madder root was grown to an enormous extent in Persia, India and the Levant. From there is spread to Spain, Holland and the Rhine provinces. It was used very largely in continental Europe, and thirty years ago its annual importation into England was to the amount of $6,250,000. By the new and synthetic process of manufacture, alzarin has displaced and supplanted the natural product, so that the madder fields in Europe have ceased to exist.

Again, pure indigo, as a product, has been manufactured direct from its elements, and the natural product will soon give up the ghost.

Theine and caffeine are obtained from different sources, yet as tea and coffee they are chemically identical in construction. Theobromine is the essential principle of cocoa, and cocoa has already been reproduced in the laboratory. The pure nicotine of the tobacco has been obtained by Prof. Berthelot through the treatment of salomine, a natural glucoside, with hydrogen. Tobacco is but so much vegetabi fiber in which nicotine is largely stored. So, if all signs fail not, the tea plants, the coffee shrubs, the tobacco plants and the cocoa trees will soon follow the madder root into limbo.

Vanilla, with which ice cream is largely flavored, is the product of the vanilla or tonka bean. Many of our chocolate and confectionery manufactories are now using a system by means of which vanilla can be produced from artificial vanillin by the chemical process much more cheaply and effectively than by the old system. Consequently natural vanilla is now being driven from the markets. Vanillin in chemical constitution is very nearly allied to the aromatic, the distinctive principle of cloves and allspice.

Flower perfumes, colognes, rose water, vegetable odors and scents of medicinal value will soon be chemically manufactured. Meadow-sweet has already been largely compounded and sold.

Again, in the near future, according to scientific authorities, science will develop the fact that nitrogen can be utilized as a motive power to ultimate or quicken the production of wealth.

Profits from productions have been largely realized by concentrated wealth being enabled to take hold of new and better methods of modern manufacture. According to these modern methods primary products have been obtained free of cost, at least at the cost of market preparation, by being able to utilize what had previously been wasted.

A few years ago petitions to protect the fish and oyester products of our country were sent to the legislative powers in the hope that some remedial or protective law would be passed to relieve the bays and rivers of the sludge acid which was poisonous to water animals. Now the sludge acid products alone pay the cost of running the oil refineries.

In the manufacture of bessemer steel and its use in buildings and bridges and railroad ties more wealth has been added to the country in twenty years than the public debt amounted to at the close of the Civil War.

A recent inventor claims that he can take two tons of coal, 866 pounds of crude oil and make a profit of $30 or so by passing them through his furnace, at the other end having a fuel gas as a by-product equal in heating intensity to five-eighths of the original material and of greater utility to many industrial enterprises.

In the accomplishment of such schemes every industry of the world in which fuel is an important factor will be revolutionized. It means the capture of nitrogen, which makes up more than three-fourths of the air, the putting of it to productive uses in the soil for the benefit of man.

PILGRIM FATHERS

Not Saints, Declares Former Gov. John D. Long.

Former Governor John D. Long, who set New England aghast when he said in a speech at Plymouth on Wednesday that the saints among the Pilgrim fathers could be counted on the fingers and that all kinds of vice were rampant in the early days of the town, standing by his speech, says the New York Sun although many people who boast of their descent did not relish his remarks. Mr. Long said to-day:

"Yes, I was correctly quoted. I stand by what I said. It's all a matter of history. If anybody wants corroboration let him go to the State House library and study Bradford's Journal. As a matter of fact, the Pilgrim colony's interests were more of this world than of the next. Its main concern was in beaver skins and clapboards and in counteracting the impositions in trade of the partners of its business ventures. It's amusing to read of the loving and scriptural phraseology under guise of which a Pilgrim father would thrust the knife of shrewd dicker under his neighbor's ribs.

"But let me not be misunderstood. I'm making no wholesale denunciation of the Pilgrims, for the good prevailed over the evil, and it has prevailed with us, and will always prevail.

"The point I wished to make was that, while many of the Pilgrims were the salt of the earth, the colony had its unworthy and dangerous elements, just as we have to-day. In other words, human nature was the same thing then that it is now. The present age with all its perils and crimes, is not a new revelation of the evil in human nature. Social vices, such as drunkenness, slander and licentiousness, did not detract from the merit of the Pilgrim fathers, for in spite of it all they planted the seed of the best growth the world has ever seen."

Ferocity of Bass.

"The bass is like 'a roaring lion going about seeking whom he may devour.' I have seen a good sized specimen get into a school of minnows and eat and stuff until he could not get any more into his capacious insides, then go off my himself, throw up what he had eaten, and begin over again, after which he would keep on killing the poor innocent minnows, apparently for the mere pleasure of killing. Very young bass will attack minute water life which flourishes on water plants and get away with every one in sight, adopting the same method as their elders. To illustrate the extent of the cannibalism of the black bass, here is an experience of a superintendent of one of the fish hatcheries in Pennsylvania:

"The superintendent made an actual count of 20,000 young bass about an inch long, and placed them in a fry pond by themselves. He gave them food six times a day, and, according to his statement, each fish ate on an average three times its own weight of the prepared food every twenty-four hours. They were placed in a pond on July 1, and on October 1, when they were taken out, there were only 11,000, and the record showed that less than 200 died from sickness. It is reasonable to suppose, therefore, that in addition to the food given them by the superintendent, there were about 9,000 bass devoured by their stronger and more fortunate companions."—[Field and Stream.

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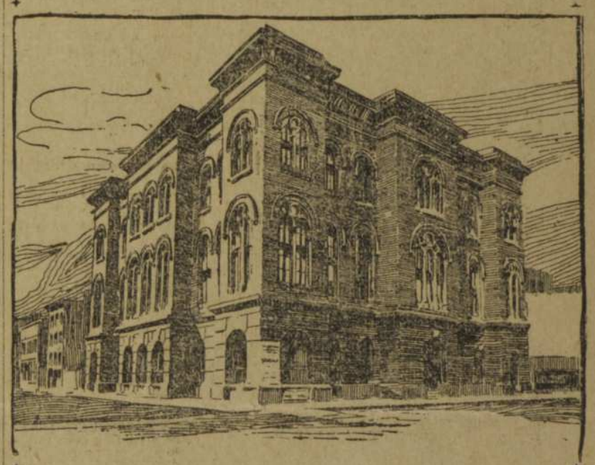

Southwest Corner Third and Green.

Safest Building in the City and Centrally Located.

The second and third stories are used exclusively for the storage of household effects, pianos, etc., and are arranged with different-sized compartments where all goods will be under lock and key.

Separate Rooms for Household Goods

For One Load.....$1.50 per month
For Two Loads.....$2.50 per month
For Four Loads.....$5.00 per month

ALL GOODS COVERED WITH TARPAULINS FREE OF CHARGE

Boxes In Vault 25c and 50c Per Month.

The first floor and basement are uused for storing heavy merchandise, such as tobacco, wool, barrels, boxes, etc. Also all kinds of carriages, automobiles and traps.

We Have Every Facility for Doing a General Storage Business.

All persons desiring storage of any kind are invited to visit the warehouse and inspect the accommodations and personally judge of our general efficiency and security.

WM. ROBINSON, Manager.

SENATORIAL CANDIDATES AT LAWRENCEBURG FAIR.

Lawrenceburg, Ky., Aug. 23.—A record-breaking crowd was present at the fair here to-day. Gov. Beckham, Senator James B. McCreary and many other prominent candidates were shaking hands with their friends. The crowd was estimated at 10,000.

Courier-Journal.

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TEN PAGES

FRIDAY.....AUGUST 24, 1906

"Business."

Thursday Evening, Aug. 23.—The New York stock market was highly irregular, opening higher, declining sharply in early trading, recovering quickly and closing irregular with strong tone.

Money on call was strong at 3½ to 6 per cent., ruling at 5½. Time loans were firm at 6 to 6½. Sterling exchange was firmer.

Final quotations on wheat for September delivery were up ⅝c. Corn was ⅝c to ¼c higher. Oats were unchanged.

The cotton market opened weak, at a decline of 18 to 21 points, steadied and recovered 5 to 6 points, where it ruled dull and steady all day.

The Chicago cattle market was strong; the hog market slow to 10c higher, and the sheep market steady.

The Situation In Cuba.

The authorities at Havana speak very hopefully of the situation in the island, and insist that the Government is quite competent to deal with the disorderly elements. It is, of course, their best policy to take this position, for any indication that the Government is seriously alarmed would give great aid and comfort to the insurgents. Nevertheless, it is apparent from the contradictory reports that the Havana authorities cannot very well estimate the extent of the disaffection. The disturbances in the rural districts have greatly impaired the transmission of trustworthy information. Hence a great many wild rumors are in circulation, of the truth of which it is impossible to judge, but many of which are doubtless greatly exaggerated.

The interruption of communication is likely to work both ways. While Havana cannot be sure of what is taking place in the disaffected districts, the latter are no doubt still more in the dark as to what the Government is doing or capable of accomplishing. It is apparent that there is much disaffection in the province of Havana itself. This gives the insurgents an opportunity to circulate reports that the disaffected in Havana only wait for co-operation from the country to overturn the Government, and such reports are certain to be circulated and to extend the insurrection. The forces at the disposal of the President are not large, and they must be scattered over a wide territory to cope with the discontent. The disaffection in Havana province also will limit the number of the forces that can be sent to distant points. It will be necessary to provide a sufficient force to protect Havana from insurgents at home as well as all of those that may possibly find their way thither from other points.

In discussing the Cuban outbreak the other day the Courier-Journal said that the United States has not assumed the obligation of protecting Cuba from domestic violence. The Platt amendment which was incorporated in the Constitution was to confer rights on the United States rather than to impose duties. Among the rights conferred were those mentioned in Article III., which reads:

"The Government of Cuba consents that the United States may exercise the right to intervene for the preservation of Cuban independence, the maintenance of a Government adequate for the protection of life, property and individual liberty, and for discharging the obligations with respect to Cuba imposed by the treaty of Paris on the United States, now to be assumed and undertaken by the Government of Cuba."

Thus, while our Government does not assume an obligation to protect Cuba from domestic violence, it has reserved the right to intervene whenever it is necessary to maintain a Government there adequate to protect life and property and individual liberty. Having expended considerable blood and treasure in redeeming Cuba from Spain, our Government reserves the right to see that it does not fall into anarchy.

Naturally, the United States Government is not eager to intervene in Cuban affairs. It is altogether better that the young republic show its ability to preserve its own life. Ultimately, however, in case the Government cannot maintain itself, there is reason to suppose that Uncle Sam will take a hand.

Echoes From the Fourth.

The Journal of the American Medical Association sums up the ascertained results in killed and wounded of the Fourth of July celebrations of 1906. There is some improvement, but not very much.

The total of lockjaw cases from accidents on Independence day was eighty-nine this year, a decrease of fifteen. Fourteen recovered. This is ascribed to improvements in the treatment. Deaths from other causes number eighty-three, which is twenty-four less than last year.

The nonfatal accidents were more numerous this year, but not so severe. There were twenty-two blinded, against twenty-five last year; seventy-two lost one eye, as compared with 106 last year. There were 227 who lost one or more fingers, against 221 last year.

The conclusion from the review is that the Fourth this year was less deadly than in former years; but the death list is still large, and the number of injuries of all classes shows an increase. The giant cracker is condemned as causing the largest number of injuries, firearms second and the toy cannon third. We have still a good deal to learn as to the proper way to celebrate a national anniversary.

Journalism and Office.

Clark Howell's defeat for Governor of Georgia by Hoke Smith is suggestive. Why should Mr. Howell want to be Governor of Georgia? Why should he not be content with the place of Editor of a prosperous and influential newspaper?

The Profession of Journalism may not offer as many rewards to ambition as the Profession of Politics, or Arms. The Statesman and the Soldier become a part of the recorded History of their Country and the Time; if famous, of all time. Their words are crystallized into enduring form, their deeds narrated and pictorialized; sometimes they are elevated upon pedestals and perpetuated in bronze and marble. Often they seem heroes and live in the hearts of their followers and in the memory of those who come after them.

The most successful Journalist, like the most celebrated Player, "dies and leaves no copy." The best of him is hid away in musty files and forgotten. For him exist not even the accessories of the Theater, the vivid though mimic scene, the glare and glitter of footlights, the glory of sock and buskin, however, fitful and unreal, yet yielding a certain exploitation as dear to human vanity as "the applause of listening Senates to command," or laurel-wreathes after cities taken and battles won. For him, none of these; but instead the only grateful homage that of his conscience for duty done, the silent plaudits of his self-respect in doing good, the somewhat equivocal pleasure of being rather useful than pretty.

In the proportion, however, that the Journalist is a free man, who has never crooked the pregnant hinges of the knee for fortune, for ribbon or for place, nor fawned even upon the harlotry of public opinion, there comes a breezy self-elation unknown to the favorites of courts and forums who prance around in togas and stars and garters achieved by more or less of self-seeking and servility. There is a genuine compensation in this. It brings less dazzle, but more happiness.

The fate of Greeley and Raymond and Forney ought to be a warning to others of their calling who feel the fleabite of office. Journalism is quite as jealous a mistress as Law. It has but few honors to bestow; but it will not share these with Politics.

There is an instinct in office-getting at war with the instinct of Journalism. The one is the offspring of a genius for personal solicitation, the other of the spirit of independence. No man may serve two masters. The Journalist who seeks preferment puts himself at an immediate and a serious disadvantage. He is as a Sabbath-school teacher who wants a drink on Sunday; as a bookworm among athletes, a tenderfoot among cowboys. He cannot be at one and the same time the holder of an office and the head of a newspaper if he expects to retain popularity, which got him the office, or exercise influence without which the newspaper must be a rather barren ideality from any elevated point of view. He must give up the one or the other if he looks for long and safe tenure.

Men in their places are the men who stand. Mr. Anthony, of Rhode Island, and General Hawley, of Connecticut, were rare examples of the successful Journalist in official life. But each of them ceased to be a Journalist when he became a Senator. Mr. Whitelaw Reid owes the great place he holds in the public fabric not to the votes of the people, but to the recognition of the Government. The Tribune hurt the Ticket rather than helped it when Mr. Reid was the nominee of his party for Vice President, enabling the Labor Vote, after the Homestead Riots, the readier to draw a line upon the Administration.

The case of Mr. Reid, however, is most exceptional. More than any other Journalist whom we recall he possesses an aptitude for what are called public affairs; an aptitude which Mr. Raymond and Mr. Forney did not possess in any such degree and of which Mr. Greeley was wholly and conspicuously lacking. Mr. Reid's great wealth served as a diversion. It enabled him to gratify both his likings and his aptitudes upon a resplendent scale. In short, he got something worth having in place of the professional post he surrendered; just as Mr. Choate did before him. His name will live, however, as that of the Ambassador, not the Journalist, though no man of his time was better equipped in Journalism.

The modern newspaper is the chief, almost the sole, vehicle of the popular intelligence. It holds a relation to the mind of the people which the railway holds to their locomotion. It should be both decent and disinterested. It is likely to be neither if it serves the ambition of a self-seeking politician, or the avarice of some corporate or private ownership. It is distinctly a public conveyance and only valuable as such. Those newspapers which reach nearest this requisition are most successful. Those that falsify it generally fail of success.

Mr. Clark Howell could not serve faithfully as Governor of Georgia and Editor of the Constitution. When Mr. Greeley became a candidate for President he quitted—but all too late—the Tribune. He had "gone," he said, "into another line of business." Fatal exchange, leading to speedy insanity and death!

If Mr. Howell wants to enter public life definitely or permanently, let him get rid of his handicaps. Let him, first of all, get rid of his newspaper. It breeds him ten enemies where it breeds him one friend. Some of these enemies make themselves sufficiently resonant; but most of them are "hid out," silent and remorseless, nursing imaginary wrongs and unimagined slights, knives up their sleeves and guns in their boots, long waiting in the bushes for their chance. In his case it came at last and they seem to have used it good and strong.

We tender Mr. Howell, and in a less but not in any discriminating or invidious degree Mr. Estill, our felicitations. They may be in no mood for humor; but, in case they feel too sore to laugh, we know they are too brave to cry. Though it hurts they will both get over it, and, when they do, we invite them to come up out of the shadow of the Valley of Ambition and stand with us upon the Heights of Freedom where the air is pure and the wittles clean, and where no man need be afraid to call his soul his own!

The Problem of the Ex-Convict.

What to do with released convicts—what to do to reclaim them, reform them, make them good citizens—is an old problem, but it is one constantly pressing upon the philanthropic observer, the administrator of law and the student of sociology.

The age-old, yet ever new, nature of the problem renders especially interesting the movement now organizing in Chicago. This has for its object, first, the salvation of the individual lawbreaker; second, the relief of society from the sufferings of crime by reducing the number of active criminals. And the plan to be followed in achieving such results is to find for paroled and released convicts "places in which they will be given honest employment, where they will be separated from their old companions and placed in a wholesome atmosphere, where honest men and women will give them encouragement and a helping hand and will not refer to their past."

The medium through which the ideas are to be put into effect is to be a free employment bureau that shall be in close touch with penal institutions of the State and employers of clerks and laborers.

A leader of the movement thus explained the need of some such means of saving the law-breakers.

"In the reformatories there are many youths who were locked up on trivial charges, but they have criminal records, according to the police records. Perhaps some young boy has broken into a freight car and stolen a few jars of fruit or a sack of potatoes. This does not necessarily mean that he is wholly bad at heart, but the records how that he was locked up on a charge of burglary. When he has been released all the world seems to be against him, and the fact that he has few if any friends besides the immediate members of his family makes him all the more convinced that there is no future for him. Seeking a position for himself under present conditions, he in many instances walks up against the application blank which most of the big concerns require to be filled out, and when he reaches the stereotyped question of 'for whom did you work last?' his heart fails and he goes away to say to himself: 'There is nothing in this world for me excepting the old life,' and now we have a confirmed criminal. The police records will show this to be true."

True enough is it that the man fresh from prison, and desirous of leading an upright life, bears a tremendous burden. Many a novel has been written about the pathetic creature who is pursued by the disgrace; who tries his best to live it down, but cannot; who, striving to forget the shame of it himself, finds the world not so forgetful; who, giving up the struggle at last, through sheer desperation and necessity, turns to crime, which he hoped to abjure. And such novels paint things as they are. There are poor wretches in real life who, liberated from penitentiaries and jails, have honest impulses but cannot act upon them because all hands seem raised against them.

The promoters of the Illinois movement point out that no employer who is not willing to take into his employ a former prisoner will be asked to do so. As conditions are at present the ex-convict who desires to "brace up" goes out and looks for employment on his own hook. Hundreds of them are working to-day, and many of them are exemplary employes; but their chances are precarious. For every once in a while one of these men, perhaps the head of a family and, so far as his neighbors know, a respected citizen, loses his position because someone who does not like him discovers that he is working, and informs his employer that he is an ex-convict. In nine times out of ten he is discharged. The stigma clings to him. He gives up. He returns to his old habits. Society has a new criminal to prey upon it, and the State has lost a good citizen.

In this connection the statement of a Chicago philanthropist, deeply concerned in the matter, is valuable:

"With regard to the discharge of an ex-prisoner because the employer discovered that he was at one time in jail, I believe this would not occur if the employer knew in advance that his employe had at one time been in the penitentiary or a reformatory. This being the case, when the overzealous citizen informed the employer that his employe had 'done time' he would probably receive the reply: 'That is not news to me; I am running this business.' And so the employe would feel secure in his position and there would be no cause or excuse for his return to his old life."

All considerations of humanity urge the establishment of this bureau. And not only is it a good thing for Illinois, but for all other States. We hope it will become a permanent institution of civilized life everywhere.

The Georgia Primary.

Georgia is one of the States that have long given large Democratic majorities. In 1904 it gave Parker nearly 63,000 plurality, while Roosevelt received but 25,335. The majority for Governor in 1902 was nearly 76,000, and in 1892 Cleveland had a plurality of 81,056. Of course, a Democratic nomination there is equivalent to an election.

The canvass for the late primary was notable for its bitter personal character. There were five candidates for Governor, three of whom had newspapers that were personal organs. Mr. Clark Howell was supported by the Atlanta Constitution, of which he is editor. Mr. Hoke Smith was backed by the Atlanta Journal, of which he was formerly the owner. Col. J. H. Estill was backed by his paper, the Savannah Morning News. Judge Richard B. Russell, another candidate, has twelve children, and Col. James M. Smith is reputed to be worth a million dollars. Then the Smith family was divided, but for all that one of them was the winner. The heat of the fight, however, was between Hoke Smith and Clark Howell.

All sorts of charges and countercharges were made against the leading candidates. But the capital point made by Hoke Smith was for the disfranchisement of the negroes in a way similar to that adopted in Mississippi and North Carolina. This was ancillary to the charge that Howell was the railroad candidate, and it was argued that the roads would supply funds to buy the negro vote and thus reduce the white people to their control. To this Mr. Howell answered that the negro was already sufficiently eliminated, and that any law that would stand the test of the constitution would disfranchise as many whites as negroes. The Populists were on the side of Hoke Smith, at least so far as they are represented by Tom Watson. Personal considerations, however, entered largely into the canvass, and the misdeeds of Smith were brought out and exploited for all they were worth.

It is a peculiarity of the Georgia primary law that the election is controlled by counties. The candidate who gets the largest vote in a county is entitled to name the delegates to the State convention and their number is twice that of the county's representation in the lower branch of the Legislature. In the Legislature last year there were 175 Representatives, so that unless there has been a change, the 145 counties in the State would have 330 delegates, but a dispatch says the number will be 366, so apparently there has been an increase of the representation.

The severely personal character of the campaign for Governor, which went on for more than a year, is to be regretted. There is danger that the passions aroused by the canvass may not have entirely subsided by the day of election. There seems no disposition, however, to question the result, which is decisive enough to make any protest ineffectual. At the same time the permanent interests of the party are not promoted by struggles which involve so much bitterness.

The distant roar heard near Washington was not an earthquake. Perhaps it was the shade of Mark Hanna laughing at the idea of a Republican campaign fund being made up of $1 contributions.

Pittsburg's ten-cent trolley fares after midnight constitute a bachelor tax which will be participated in by the married men who "won't go home till morning."

Speaker Cannon, who said six months ago that he would rather be Speaker than President, will get what he wants if John Sharp Williams is not the next Speaker.

The Republican nominee for Congress in the Tenth Kentucky district should receive a vote of sympathy from the Republican nominee for Governor of Texas.

The optimist is the man who takes consolation from the fact that summer in town cannot be absolutely dry as long as there is so much humidity.

Winston Churchill's motor car canvass may not result in many votes for him, but he should be able to cut down the strength of his opponent.

The Douma is a deliberative body, the members of which spend their time considering the relative probabilities of banishment and execution.

"How great is the power of a smile," sings a Kansas poet. For instance, there's the twenty-eight-tooth-power Roosevelt smile.

Plunger "Mike" Dwyer died poor after thirty years on the race courses. He did not die poor early enough to point a moral.

Maxim Gorky, who says he will ignore America, comes very near to formulating a policy of an eye for an eye.

Lewis Morrison, who played the devil for many years, is dead. May he never learn how well or ill he played the role.

Chile seems to resemble California in being thickly populated, but entirely unsettled.

BRAVE RAIN

To See Third Regiment On Dress Parade.

LARGE CROWD ON HENDERSON DRILL GROUND.

REGIMENT SHOWS WELL ON RIFLE RANGE.

SOME HIGH SCORES MADE.

Camp Harris, Henderson, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Under threatening skies this afternoon the second dress parade of the Third regiment was given. It was witnessed by one of the largest crowds ever assembled at Camp Harris since the troops have been here. The men executed all the movements with the grace and precision of regular army troops and received applause from the citizens who witnessed their maneuvers. Col. Henry is getting his men in good trim. He has their respect and is one of the most painstaking of officers.

Guard mount at 9:30 o'clock this morning was witnessed by a larger crowd than is usual at this hour.

Officer of the day, Capt. E. W. Clark; senior officer of the guard, Lieut. Hope Gates; junior officer of the guard, Lieut. A. Utley.

The Hartford and Bowling Green companies were on the target range today. Private Ambrose, of the Hartford company, won the medal by the remarkable score of 104, which is the best score yet made on the range.

Private Ayers, of the Bowling Green company, won the medal by a score of 102. This is the same score made by Sergt. Moffatt, of the First, who won the regimental medal. The score of the three companies of the Third which have been on the range is better by 50 per cent. than the score made by the First.

* * *

The Third Regiment Band still commands the attention of the many spectators by its good music. This band is to give a concert in Central Park Saturday evening. Col. Parrent, Assistant Adjutant General, left to-night for Frankfort on important business. It is thought that Gov. Beckham will be here Monday to review the Third. There was a ball game to-day between C company team, of Owensboro, and a nine from the Earlington company. Owensboro winning out by a score of 10 to 3. To-morrow a team from the Henderson company will cross bats with Owensboro.

Battalion formation was gone through with this morning by the Third in closed order on the field.

To-morrow the battalions will be under Capt. A. H. Brewster, U. S. A., on outpost duty. Frank Rash, of Earlington, is "making good" as regimental adjutant.

The health of the camp is splendid and few patients are in the hospital. Ben Williams and Soaper Howard from Frankfort are here as the guests of Capt. Harry Donaldson.

* *

Battery Reaches Camp.

The Frankfort battery of fifty-two men, under command of Capt. C. W. Longmire, arrived to-night at 10 o'clock. This battery is direct from Barbourville, where they have been on special duty guarding the two negroes who were convicted of the murder of Mrs. Broughton. They have a field Gatling gun and one Hotckiss. Capt. Longmire has seen more active service than any other officer in the entire State Guard, having been in command of the provost guard at Jackson during the Hargis-Marcum feud.

Ivy Lodge, No. 21, Knights of Pythias, of this city, to-night tendered a smoker to Col. Jouett Henry and the members of the Third regiment who are members of the order.

* * *

Regiment In Good Shape.

The "bloody" Third has settled down to regular army life. They found the camp in fine condition left so by the gallant First.

All routine with the exception of guard mount and dress parade was dispensed with by Col. Henry, Wednesday, in order to give the boys a much-needed rest after their all-night journey to camp. At 6 o'clock they gave their first dress parade, which was one of the most perfect parades ever seen on a State encampment. They made a showing that was compilmented on all sides. Gen. Lawrence expressed himself as being well pleased with the Third's first parade.

The Third regiment band is winning new laurels each day. On parade Wednesday they easily captured the greater portion of the applause. Clad in brand new blue uniforms they made a magnificent showing. It is composed of thirty pieces, and every man is a finished musician. Last night they gave a concert at Gen. Lawrence's headquarters which drew the largest crowd so far during the encampment. They were complimented very highly by Gen. Lawrence and staff upon their excellent music.

* * *

Battle Formation.

Battalion drill was gone through this morning. All three battalions made a good showing. Outpost duty will begin Friday under Capt. Brewster, U. S. A. He will have charge of all field work outside of camp. The First and Second battalions will form a defense Friday morning around camp and will be attacked by the Third battalion, which will form as skirmishers and attack from all sides. This will be the first real work for the boys. Owing to the beautiful lay of the ground around camp this movement will be witnessed by thousands who will congregate in the grand stand, which will afford a good view of the surrounding camp.

Col. Henry will give his men a week of the hardest work they have ever had while on an encampment. He believes in "work while you work, and play while you play" and divides the day equally.

Capt. and Chaplain Frank Thomas, of Owensboro, is in camp with his men. He served through the Spanish-American War with the Third and attends every encampment with the regularity of a soldier. He will conduct divine services at camp Sunday.

The Henderson and Madisonville companies made the best showing at parade Wednesday and were cheered vociferously. All other companies did splendidly, but these two companies were better known to the Henderson people and got the honors of the day.

LYMAN J. GAGE LIKES THE CULT.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 23.—Lyman J. Gage is here on personal business and expects to return to-day to his new home near Point Loma, Cal., not, as he explains, because he has embraced the theosophical cult of Mrs. Tingley, but because he thinks he has found the most delightful part of the whole country to dwell in. In conversations with Chicago friends Mr. Gage said he considered theosophists a remarkably interesting group of people, possessed of unusual mental attainments.

To his friends in Chicago Mr. Gage has spoken frankly of his attitude toward the Point Loma cult, denying positively that he has joined the society.

APPEAL FILED IN GAMBLING CASES.

State Will Test Ruling In West Baden and French Lick Indictments.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 23.—The appeal of the State in the French Lick and West Baden gambling cases was filed in the Supreme Court to-day by Attorney General Miller. The appeal is from the ruling of Judge Thos. Buskirk, of the Orange Circuit Court, that the facts stated in the quo warranto proceedings were not sufficient to warrant the appointment of a temporary receiver for the hotel companies and an injunction against gambling, and also from his decision that the State had not proceeded in compliance with special acts to which rule, procedure was limited.

FOR PURE DEMOCRACY.

The Jerome Movement a Fight To Rescue the Party From the Hearst Brass Band and Check Book.

WILL IT PROVE A PARTING OF THE WAYS?

New York, Aug. 23.—[Special.]—In the present movement to make District Attorney William Travers Jerome the Democratic candidate for Governor this fall, even at the cost of victory at the polls, for in a three-cornered fight the Republican nominee, whomsoever he may be, is bound to win, general recognition is given to the fact that the Democratic party, not alone of New York State, but in the nation as well, is approaching a crisis on the outcome of which its future existence, not to add its usefulness, depends. The time has now arrived when this situation should be looked at squarely in the face. It is a matter of vital necessity that the present state of affairs be revealed, not alone to the party voters of the State of New York, but those of the country as well. For if the Democracy of New York shall succumb to the contagion which threatens it, who can say this will not spread, and at the next national convention or the one nearly six years hence threaten the existence of the party and, what is even more, the peace and prosperity of our country. There are Democrats in this State who believe that now is the time to strike; that to delay any longer will be fatal, for the seed is being sown rapidly and may bear the fruit which can only bring ruin to the party. To destroy it, to make the Democracy strong in its wisdom and patriotism, these are the conditions which at the present day have inspired the boom of District Attorney Jerome. It is not at this hour any question of personality. There are some Democrats who believe that a man more of the type of Justice D. Cady Herrick would represent their cause better as a candidate and as Governor, but they bow to Mr. Jerome as one who represents the same principles and will accept him without qualification. They recognize now, if they did not three months ago, the necessity of united action, and it is therefore, around the standard of the District Attorney of New York county that they will rally.

The Democratic party has arrived at the juncture of two roads. The first is, in a measure, a continuance of the old-time one. It is that which the party has traveled so many years. To follow the road means conservatism, an earnest desire to solve the present-day problems for the good of all, nothing more. The second road is paved with isms. It represents the ideas of those who would set class against class, not for the good of either, but for the political power such a policy might bring.

It is in many respects a delusion and a snare. It pretends to solve every problem that exists, even those dependent for this upon the individual himself, not upon any act of a political party or government. The question, therefore, is whether the Democratic party is going to be dishonest enough to tread the second road, whether it is going to commit itself to promises to the great mass of wage-earners which it knows impossible of fulfillment; whether to gain their support, it is going to inspire on their part hatred against not merely the men of means whose powers in the councils of both parties deserves to be curbed, but also the great mass of business men who have been guilty of no such offense. In a word, will the Democratic party allow itself to be dominated by a political organization formed to advance the aspirations of a single individual and standing for any ism that will win votes? That is the question to-day in New York. Who shall say that the entire country may not soon face it?

Those who follow my work in the Courier-Journal will recall that the sum total of my dispatches on the political situation were that William R. Hearst would be named for Governor by the Democrats. This did not mean I was a Hearst boomer, but merely a correspondent who felt that it was only right to detail the situation as it was, irrespective of any sympathies in the matter. They may also recall that I ascribed the vast strength of the Hearst movement to the fact that an era of radicalism is now being experienced; that the popular will demands a radical reform in men and measures, and that this is directed against many who were looked upon in the past as of the highest standing and integrity. Mr. Hearst, who has shouted for these reforms, has, as a consequence, been strengthened by the present era. But many do not believe that he is the man for the hour. They urge that he can tear down, but does not know how to build up, and that much of his tearing down has been to advance his own aspirations, and not entirely for the good of others. That if you strip the present Independence League of the glittering generalities contained in its platform and get down to the hard facts, it will be found to be an organization financed by Hearst and pledged to his political preferment—nothing more. He now seeks to make the Democratic party of this State a tail to it. No wonder, therefore, that many Democrats shudder. It is impossible that they should do otherwise.

As it has already been stated, there are Democrats who would have preferred to rally around some candidate other than William T. Jerome as an opponent of Mr. Hearst. They are of a class who deplore the sensationalist in politics and long for the hour when plays to the gallery will be things of the past. But they are alive to the fact that no one has better qualifications to oppose Hearst than Jerome. That he is honest, not radical in action and is favorably known throughout the State. They are, therefore, going to back him up in the fight with a prayer that he may win at Buffalo.

EDWARD LISSNER.

ONE KILLED AND FOUR ARE INJURED.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 23.—One person was killed and four otherwise more or less severely injured late yesterday afternoon in the running down of a mountain resort stage at Azusa by a Santa Fe limited passenger train.

The dead:

Mrs. D. R. Hoden, Pasadena.

Mrs. Hunt, wife of J. S. Hunt, of Santa Monica, sustained contusion about the head and shoulders; her condition is serious.

Points About People.

Mrs. Mary Taylor Oglesby has gone to Westport to visit her son, Dr. Joseph W. Oglesby.

* * *

Mrs. C. B. Robinson and Miss Helen Robinson left Tuesday for Wyoming, N. Y., where they will spend a few weeks.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Yearick, of Philadelphia, arrived yesterday to spend a few days with Mr. and Mrs. George A. Gravemeyer.

* * *

Mr. Goldsborough Robinson left yesterday to visit Mr. Emmet Logan at his farm in Warren county.

* * *

Mr. John Helm, of Helm Place, near Elizabethtown, is in the city.

* * *

Mr. Lee Rodman went yesterday to Cannelton, Ind., where he will be stationed hereafter as vice president of the Indiana Cotton Mills Company.

* * *

Mrs. S. D. Voris returned yesterday from Danville, where she has been spending several weeks with Miss Lillie Messick.

* * *

Mr. Joe Werne, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew G Whitley and son, Maurice Graham Whitley, who have been at Atlantic City since the first of July, will leave to-day for New York and Warm Springs, Va.

* * *

Miss Katherine Jenkins left yesterday for Atlantic City, New York and Philadelphia for a month.

* * *

Miss Cornelia Anderson is the guest for a few days of Miss Anita Gheens at Pewee Valley.

* * *

Mrs. Edward G. Hill left Wednesday for New Castle, to spend a month with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. L. Nutall.

* * *

Mr. William E. Nelson will return today from Lawrenceburg, where he has been visiting Mrs. Thomas Bond and attending the fair.

* * *

Mrs. Paul B. Pilcher will give a linen shower this afternoon for Miss Virginia Pilcher. Mrs. J. W. Milbourn gave a linen shower for Miss Pilcher yesterday.

* * *

Miss Mary Craig Hobbs and Miss Isabelle Hobbs returned yesterday from Madison, Ind., where they visited Miss Helen Hickman for a few days.

* * *

Mr. Edward G. Hill returned last night from New Castle, after a few days' visit to Dr. W. L. Nutall.

* * *

Mr. John S. VanWinkle, of Danville, is at The Seelbach for a few days.

* * *

Miss Kate Smith returned last night from Chautauqua, N. Y., where she has been spending the summer.

* * *

Mrs. Miriam Donnelly and Mrs. Rodger Smith will return to-day after two weeks' stay at Martinsville, Ind.

* * *

Dr. Heman Humphrey left yesterday on a fishing trip to the mountains.

* * *

Capt. G. Howard Bruce, of New Jersey, an instructor at Lawrenceville, is in the city visiting Dr. Lewis McMurtry.

* * *

Mr. Hite Bowman and Mr. Laurie Kinnaird, of St. Louis, will arrive the last of this week to visit Mrs. Howard Bowman.

* * *

Mr. J. T. Slaton has gone to Grayson Springs for a few weeks.

* * *

The Rev. Dr. Harlan K. Fenner and Mrs. Fenner have returned from Grayson Springs. Mrs. Fenner is much improved in health.

* * *

Mr. Lawrence J. Timmons is spending the week at his home in Lebanon.

Harrodsburg Weddings.

Harrodsburg, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The marriage of Mr. George G. Gibbs and Miss Retta Griffin, of Lexington, will take place here September 10, at the residence of Miss Griffin's aunt, Mrs. R. P. Phillips. Miss Griffin has spent much of the past year here with her aunt.

Announcement has been received here of the marriage of Miss Virginia Wills to Mr. Owen Sidney Watts, a merchant of Walton. Miss Wills, until the past year, has lived in Harrodsburg. She is the daughter of the Rev. George Wills, a Baptist minister.

Weddings In Richmond.

Richmond, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—James A. Land, a prominent lumberman, of Wisemantown, Estill county, was married here to-day to Miss Elizabeth Riddle, of Rice station. Miss Riddle is the daughter of Roland Riddle, a prominent merchant.

L. F. Brookman, a farmer, of Duluth, Ky., and Mrs. Mary Jane Carpenter, of the same place, were married here to-day. It was the groom's third marriage and the bride's second.

ALL IDLERS MUST WORK IN HARVEST SEASON.

[Seattle Post-Intelligencer.]

Idlers in southern Washington must either enter the harvest field or go to jail. The old blue law of New England that "he who will not work shall not eat" has been revived throughout the wheat belt of this State and northern Oregon at the instance of farmers whose chagrin upon having an offer of $3 a day and board rejected by loafers must be appeased.

Accordingly the town councils of Pullman, Colfax, Garfield, Pomeroy, Palouse and a half dozen other towns have rendered it possible to inflict double penalty for vagrancy, a fine and jail sentence of thirty days being imposed, and the prisoner being required to work on a specially provided rock pile in the broiling sun. The definition of the term "vagrancy" has been enlarged in its application in the wheat belt until it practically devolves upon the accused to show that he has some means of support involving some physical effort on his part, for if it is not "visible" to the police magistrate, the prisoner will surely be held for vagrancy.

The demand for help is almost a tragedy in some localities. Farmers, realizing that their crop will be practically ruined should it not be harvested within a brief time, make frantic appeals to any man or woman capable of wielding a pitchfork. They offer from $2 to $3 per day and board, and stipulate readily that the quality of the board shall rival that at Delmonico's, and the hired man can have the best bed in the house for the asking.

RAILROADS OF THE WORLD.

A summary of the statistics of the railroads of the world is summarized by the Railroad Gazette, indicating an increase of 16,751 miles, or 3.1 per cent. from 1903 to 1904, which is the largest addition reported for years, though but little more than in 1901. There has been an increase of 83,882 miles since 1898, and of 59,549 miles since 1900, making a total in 1904 of 550,725 miles, of which a little more than half is on the American continent, 44% per cent. in North America, and 53 per cent. in the United States. The mileage in each of the grand divisions of the world was as follows: Europe, 180,574; North America, 240,717; Asia, 47,974; South America, 30,258; Africa, 16,262; Australasia, 16,810. About 35 per cent. of the European railroads have cost $2,017,888,000, or at the average rate of $112,777 per mile. The statistics for the rest of the world cover seven-eighths of the mileage, whose aggregate cost has been $17,463,250,000, and the average per mile, $57,921. The average for the United States was $59,962. The total railroad investment in the world, providing the mileage not reported is of the average cost, was about $21,000,000,000 in Europe, and likewise $21,000,000,000 in the rest of the world, less than $23 per inhabitant, according to the latest estimates of the population of the earth.—[Detroit News-Tribune.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Old Favorites.

A soldier of the Light Brigade
Lay dying at Algiers.
"Will no one come to drop," he said,
"A few unselfish tears?"
"I'll shed a tear your grave above,"
Declared an aged soubrette,
Who claimed she'd been a member of
That world-renowned sextet.

There volunteered to dig the grave
An ancient white-haired son
Of Ham, who said he'd been a slave
To General Washington.
"And I'll a tattoo beat," chimed in
The man, in accents sad,
That in the Civil War had been
The youngest drummer lad.

A remnant of the valiant Guard
That fought at Waterloo
Was there to fire above the sward
A solemn round or two.
In fact, arrived to shed their tears
A band of heroes stout
That you have read in bygone years
So many times about.

* * *

Sensible Man.

"He left his money to the undeserving poor."

"A queer idea."

"One with method in it. Those who apply for help may thus be given it without the interminable delay necessary to an investigation."

* * *

Quite So.

"Unto the pure all things are pure,"
Declared an ancient chief.
But that, my friend, was long before
The days of potted beef.

* * *

At the Beach.

"What do you mean by preferring another man's society to mine? Am I not your husband?"

"Yes; but he, sir, is my fiance."

"Oh, excuse me."

* * *

A Contest.

"Vy do it?"
"Vy not?"
"Vy do it?"
"Vy not, I say?"
"Those gentlemen are certainly vying with each other," remarked the solitary bystander with a smile.

CONTINUE JIU-JITSU IN NAVAL ACADEMY.

Although Rear Admiral Sands, Superintendent of the Naval Academy, has expressed himself as doubting the value of jiu-jitsu in the navy, and recommended to Congress last winter that the experiment at Annapolis be abandoned, President Roosevelt has taken a hand in the matter, and has ordered that the course of instruction in the Japanese art of self-defense be continued at least another year, says the Washington Post.

Japanese instructors in this exercise were employed at Annapolis in the fall of 1904, during the administration of Rear Admiral Brownson as superintendent. Admiral Sands succeeded to the superintendency last fall, and from the beginning he failed to be impressed as favorably as the President and Admiral Brownson had been. At one of his appearances before the House Naval Committee during the winter he threw cold water on the experiment, declaring that so far as he was able to determine the Japanese form of exercise, which is used in both the army and navy of Japan, did not promise ever to have much value for practical purposes.

Recently, it is understood, word reached the President that the course of instruction was about to be dropped at the academy on the ground that the experiment had been inefficient. The President, however, is known to be an enthusiastic admirer of the art, he having personally investigated it to the extent of taking a number of lessons himself a couple of years ago, while the Russo-Japanese war was on, and by putting a professional wrestler of heavy build against a little Japanese expert, with disastrous results to the American. So, determined that it shall be given a thorough trial before being abandoned through condemnation, he has ordered that it be continued through the next term.

AUSTRALIAN RABBITS.

[New York Tribune.]

A writer describes a plague of rabbits in Australia: "A farmer barricades himself in with miles upon miles of wire fencing solely to keep out the rabbits. They eat their way up to the barriers, and in the fight for the green land within the wire they die in myriads. All around the inclosed land they lie in heaps of incredible size. Swarm after swarm follows on, and at last the heaps of dead are so high that the late comers make their way over the fence, and the farm is ruined." That's a pretty good story, but the latest news from Australia is that the whole level of the continent is being elevated by these strata of dying rabbits.

THE FIVE VOWELS.

[Alley Sloper.]

At school the master warned me that
I never should forget
That there are just five vowels in
The English alphabet.
He said: "You must remember them;
You'll find it useful too."
And then he said the vowels five
Were A, E, I, O, U.

Since I've grown up I've found that I
Can flourish and can thrive
With fewer than he told me of;
I do not need the five.
The fact is, three are quite enough;
So I've discarded A and E
And stick to I, O, U.

—[Chicago Chronicle.

VALUE OF DEAD LEAVES.

According to tests recently made in France dead leaves possess a higher value as fertilizers for the land than ordinary manure. They are extensively used by the market gardeners about Nantes. Pear leaves rank the highest in nitrogenous matter, oak leaves come next, and the leaves of vines stand lowest in value. Experiments have shown that forty-four pounds of pear leaves, eighty pounds of poplar leaves, fifty-one pounds of peach leaves, eighty-two pounds of elm leaves and eighty-three pounds of locust leaves are respectively equivalent in nitrogenous matter to 100 pounds of ordinary manure. Vine leaves alone are less valuable than manure.—[Detroit News-Tribune.

STANLEY WILL SPEAK FOR TOBACCO PLANTERS.

Evansville, Indiana, Aug. 23.—Congressman A. O. Stanley will speak in Indiana September 15 on the occasion here of the State convention of the American Society of Equity. Other speakers will be Mayor J. W. Boehne and J. A. Everitt, national president of the association. The Equity is strong in many parts of this section

HUSBAND WINS

Mrs. Owsley's Residence Not In Jeffersonville.

CAPT. CLEGG CLOSES BUCKLES' SALOON.

MISS FRIEND JUMPS FROM WINDOW IN HER SLEEP.

SECOND CASE THIS SUMMER.

Mrs. Rose Owsley, whose home, so the proof went to show, is in Louisville, was put out of court yesterday afternoon in a suit she filed in the Clark Circuit Court, at Jeffersonville, against Ben S. Owsley for divorce. When the divorce proceeding was filed on August 15, Mrs. Owsley also made an application for a temporary allowance during the pendency of the suit. Mrs. Owsley asked that she be given $50 per month, and that a further sum of $25 be required of her husband to pay the fee of her attorney, Capt. J. W. Fortune. It was alleged that Owsley was a car builder, and as such earns $80 a month, the sum of $50 being due him when the case was filed.

On the application for a temporary allowance the suit came up yesterday afternoon before Judge Harry C. Montgomery in chambers. Owsley was present, both in person and by an attorney, Frank M. Mayfield, and a number of witnesses had been summoned to testify in his behalf. A plea in abatement was filed, on the ground that Mrs. Owsley had not been a resident of Indiana since last February, but in her complaint she swore that she had been living in the State for five years and in Jeffersonville for the past six months. Owsley also set forth that he left the plaintiff on August 12, on account of her habits. They were then living at 105 Campbell street, Louisville, he said, and on that day Mrs. Owsley and another woman engaged in a fight at Baxter Square, Mrs. Owsley's assailant using an umbrella for a weapon.

Mrs. Owsley was placed upon the stand, and said she was living in Louisville temporarily, and that to hold her residence in Jeffersonville had left part of her household effects there, and when asked what she had left answered a bedstead and mattress. Judge Montgomery inquired where they were, and Mrs. Owsley said they were in Cherry alley. Mrs. Owsley was asked by Judge Montgomery if she considered Cherry alley her home, and she very promptly answered that she did not. Several other witnesses were examined, and Judge Montgomery said the plea in abatement was sustained, which put Mrs. Owsley entirely out of court.

To complicate matters the more, Sebastian Weisbach, of Louisville, has attached the $50 the car works owes Owsley to secure the payment of an account of $30.45 for groceries and meat. The case was filed in Magistrate B. J. Ferguson's court, and with Mrs. Owsley's suit out of the way Weisbach has the first claim to the money.

DREAMY TOWN, THIS.

Jeffersonville Girl Dreams and Jumps From Window—Another Dreams Brother Is Shot.

Suffering from a bruised hip and a badly sprained back and wrist, Miss Myrtle Friend, fourteen years old, is confined to her home in Ohio Falls, a suburb of Jeffersonville, but Dr. Claud C. Crum, her attending physician, said last night she would be able to be out in a few days. The hurts from which Miss Friend is suffering were sustained through jumping out of a window on Wednesday night while she was dreaming. A week previously James Nixon, who lives on Pearl street, Jeffersonville, dreamed he was unloading hay for his employer, James E. Burke, and was going down a ladder, which he imagined was about to fall and he thought he would jump. He did so, and went headlong out of a second-story window. He is still suffering from his hurts.

Worry over her work was also the trouble with Miss Friend. She has been employed at the Frank Menne branch of the National Candy Company, Wenzel and Main streets, Louisville, and when she returned home Wednesday night she was tired and warm. Going to her room on the second floor of the house occupied by the family Miss Friend went to sleep and some time later began to dream she was on top of a pile of boxes at the factory and that they began to fall. She thought the only way to save herself was to jump and when she awoke she was lying in the yard on the grass twenty feet below her window.

Another dreamer turned up at the police station in Jeffersonville yesterday, but Capt. Clegg says that for sufficient reasons he will not make her name public. The visitor was a young woman and said she had called to ask if Capt. Clegg had been notified that her brother had deserted from the navy. He said he had, and volunteered the further information that he had also learned that he had been captured, but before this had been accomplished he had been shot. The young woman turned pale and almost fainted. She became composed in a short time and said she had seen it all in a dream. She said she had no knowledge that her brother had deserted, but on Wednesday night dreamed he had and saw officers in pursuit of him. She said one of them fired at her fleeing brother, the ball taking effect in his back and he fell to be picked up and taken away as a prisoner. Capt. Clegg said his information did not reach to what part of the body was touched by the ball, but he has become interested and is going to see if he can find out.

ADAMS TORE UP LICENSE.

Then Capt. Clegg Had To Close the Buckles Saloon.

Under unusual conditions the saloon of Enos Buckles at Penn and Market streets in Jeffersonville was closed yesterday afternoon by Capt. M. E. Clegg, who found Charles Coombs, of Fort Fulton, behind the bar, and when he was asked who was running the place said he did not know. He said Gus Schneider, who was not present at the time, had taken charge when Buckles walked out and abandoned the drinking place. "From now on," said Capt. Clegg, "I will have charge," and he began closing up the place after inviting the few prospective customers to leave.

In his investigation Capt. Clegg found that Buckles had taken out the license, the Indiana laws permitting of only one person owning a saloon under a license, but that Peter Adams, a river engineer, had put up the money to start the place and, through this, owned a half interest. Things did not go to the liking of Adams and a few days ago when he called to see Buckles to look over the condition of the business a heated argument followed. As a result Adams tore up the Government, State, county and city licenses, leaving the place without a permit.

He then returned to his boat and Buckles, thinking everything was over, left for Dayton, O., after telling Gus Schneider to look after the business, which did not require any great attention, as there was very little of it. Schneider did as told. Capt. Clegg said last night that the greater part of the stock consisted of empty bottles and jugs. The Government and county licenses had until July, 1907, to run, while the city license will expire on December 28.

NOTES OF THE NEWS IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Henry Nachand, executor of the estate of Thomas B. Rader, will sell, under an order of court to-day, fifteen different pieces of property located in this city, in order to wind up the estate.

—Alfred L. Clark, who at one time represented the Fifth ward in the City Council, has sold his property in this city, and is now arranging his affairs to go to Oklahoma, where he intends locating permanently.

—The annual convention of the Christian churches of Clark county will be held at Memphis, beginning with to-day and lasting through Sunday. On the last named day there will be a basket dinner served in the woods.

—To assist in making the Charlestown centennial celebration an unqualified success, a movement has been started to ask all former residents of the town to contribute $1 each for the purpose of helping to defray the expenses.

—A complaint has been filed by Capt. M. E. Clegg against Max Diepenkoven on the charge of failing to take out a vehicle tag, and the ordinance will be rigidly enforced from now on. The measure also includes bicycles.

—Edward Cook has been sentenced to the Indiana Reformatory at Newcastle on a conviction to the charge of passing a Confederate $5 bill on a countryman. Cook's only plea was that he did not know it was not genuine money.

—James N. Teeple, who is the present trustee of Charlestown township, is again being freely mentioned as a candidate for the Republican nomination of Auditor of Clark county, although he has not made an official announcement of the fact.

—In the City Court yesterday morning Charles Robb pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and battery on John Madden, a son of Peter D. Madden, a former member of the police force, and he was fined $1 and costs, which he arranged to pay.

—Mrs. George Green, Sr., sustained a broken arm and a severe sprain of the wrist yesterday in a peculiar manner. The family moved from Port Fulton to Seventh street Wednesday, and while stretching a clothesline Mrs. Green fell backward.

—Laurant A. Douglas, who is to become a member of the Board of Public Works on September 1, has gone to Kansas City, Mo., to look after the settlement of the estate of his wife's father, who died recently, leaving considerable property.

—Orlando Hobbs, former City Civil Engineer, and who will be a member of the Board of Public Works after September 1, is laying out the new town of Brighton east of the city, which is to be opened by capitalists from the East and Louisville.

—Charlestown people are advocating a "Jim Crow car" for the traction line between that town and this city. It being claimed the colored population has formed the idea that the road was built for their especial comfort and the whites have no show.

—The seven canning factories in this county, at Sellersburg, Memphis, Henryville, Underwood, Otisco, Charlestown and this city, are in full blast, and as soon as the tomatoes begin to come in more freely the output will amount to 150,000 quart cans a day.

—Charles Cravat, who lives at 509 East Market street, was injured by a falling pipe, which fell on his head at Sweeney's foundry, where he is employed. The pipe was twenty feet above him, and when it came down on Cravat's head a long gash that required several stitches was cut in his scalp.

—The three sessions of the Bethel Baptist association, held at the First Baptist church yesterday, were largely attended and a great interest was manifested in the proceedings. Among other things to-day will be an election of officers for the coming year.

—Albert Davis and bride, who was Miss Ivy E. Bear, a daughter of Judge Perry E. Bear, of Madison, are expected home from their wedding trip in the next few days, and will locate in this city, where the groom is employed by the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway.

—A suggestion has been made by Clarence R. Hay that the Charlestown Town Board furnish free of charge crushed rock to all property owners who will build granitoid pavements, the cement for laying which is to be purchased by the town in carload lots and sold at actual cost.

—"Red" Stewart, of New Albany, was taken off an interurban car in front of the police station yesterday by Capt. M. E. Clegg, on a telephone message from Capt. William Adams, of New Albany, that he was wanted on the charge of wife desertion. When found on the car he was sound asleep.

—Froman M. Coots, Coroner of Clark county, will to-day make public his finding in the inquest held on the killing of Walter Tipps and Carroll Kennedy by a train at Sixth street and Illinois avenue, August 15, a delay having been occasioned because some of the witnesses could not be found.

—Capt. Clegg arrested Alfonso Howard, William Raymond, Thomas Lally and Samuel Cottrell on the charge of loitering in front of Joseph Goodman's grocery store on Spring street, and they were fined $1 and costs each—in all $8. Raymond and Howard could not arrange to pay their fines and went to jail.

—Miss Lula Young, who was one of the victims of Albert H. Lane, who is serving a sentence in the Indiana Reformatory on a conviction to the charge of bigamy, has become a bride in Chicago. After home was at Marion, and after Lane came to the Reformatory she had her marriage to him set aside.

—Post 86, Grand Army of the Republic, of this city, has selected Saturday, September 1, as the date for visiting Isaac N. Perry, who will be ninety-six years old October 29, at his home near Memphis, at which time a campfire will be held at the request of Mr. Perry, who is a member of the post, and said to be the oldest ex-soldier in the United States.

—Complaint was made to Capt. Clegg yesterday that rotten eggs were thrown at two New Albany young men who were out walking with two young women of this city near the Government Depot on Meigs avenue. The case was investigated and found to be true, but rather than have any notoriety the young women asked that no legal steps be taken. The practice, however, will be broken up and the young men who did the throwing will be watched in the future.

JURY UNABLE TO FIX BLAME FOR BAKER'S DEATH.

Witnesses Say They Saw Little and Jenkins Shoot Him, But Verdict Is Noncommittal.

An inquest into the death of Fred Baker, who was shot and killed at Campbell and Fulton streets last Saturday night, was held by Magistrate Hoffman, Acting Coroner of the Eastern district, at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The jury returned a verdict that Baker came to his death from the effects of a gunshot wound, but did not fix the blame.

William Little, a stepson of Baker, and Harry Jenkins, who live in a shantyboat on Fulton street, near Campbell, are under arrest charged with murder.

At the inquest several persons who live in the neighborhood of Campbell and Fulton streets gave evidence in regard to the killing. Richard Downing said that he was in Jenkins' shantyboat when Little ran into the boat and remarked that Baker was after him in order to whip him. Jenkins, Downing said, gave Little a pistol and told him to load it. At the same time he loaded his pistol and the two left the boat.

Robert Franklin said that he saw the shooting affray from the porch of his home. He said that Jenkins and Little rushed from the shantyboat and both fired at Baker.

A third witness, Mrs. A. Rider, gave evidence that she was passing and saw Little and Jenkins leave the boat and said that when Baker appeared they shot at him.

Three shots took effect on Baker. One had lodged in his forehead, the other beneath the right eye and the third had entered his neck.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

NO OPPOSITION.

Hester Nominated By Acclamation By Republicans.

CONVENTION TAKES NO ACTION IN REGARD TO PRESIDENT.

T. J. WILSON NOMINATED FOR STATE SENATOR.

LITTLE ENTHUSIASM SHOWN.

Two Republican conventions were held in Maennerchor Hall, New Albany, yesterday afternoon. At the congressional convention, called for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congressman, the nine counties of the district were represented by delegates. The meeting was called to order by Joseph S. Throop, of Paoli, district chairman, and prayer was offered by the Rev. W. F. Smith, pastor of Centenary M. E. church. George H. Hester was nominated.

John F. Dulon, of Dubois county, was elected permanent chairman, with Samuel A. Lambdin, of Marengo, secretary. A Committee on Resolutions was selected, composed of W. J. Schwaninger, Clark county; L. R. Moreland, Crawford; Lewis H. Katter, Dubois; John H. Weathers, Floyd; Samuel J. Bartley, Harrison; Jacob F. Whitmeire, Orange; John Zimmerman, Perry; Oscar Mace, Scott, and John Denny, Washington. While the committee was preparing the resolutions the chairman announced that nominations for Congressman were in order. James W. Dunbar, of New Albany, placed the name of George H. Hester, of Floyd county, in nomination. Washington county seconded the nomination, and on motion of Jonce Monyhan, of Orleans, Mr. Hester was declared the nominee by acclamation. The nominee is a young attorney of New Albany, and while it is believed that he certainly will be defeated at the general election, as the district is safely Democratic, he will make as strong a fight as any member of his party. He was called to the platform and made an appropriate talk, accepting the nomination and expressing his gratitude for the compliment conferred upon him.

The Committee on Resolutions then reported a series of resolutions which were adopted unanimously. The resolutions indorsed President Roosevelt, Vice President Fairbanks, United States Senators Albert J. Beveridge and James A. Hemenway, and Gov. J. Frank Hanly. Nothing was said in the resolutions in regard to the presidential campaign or the choice of the district for President.

The joint senatorial convention for the counties of Floyd and Harrison was held immediately after the congressional convention. M. Bert Thurman, chairman of the Floyd County Republican Central Committee, was elected permanent chairman of the convention, and Charles P. Swearens, of Harrison county, was selected to act as permanent secretary. Thomas J. Wilson, formerly postmaster at Corydon, was nominated by acclamation for Joint Senator, and the convention adjourned without any further action.

ENGINEER'S REPORT

Must Be Received Before Expert Will Be Engaged To Inspect Sewers.

A meeting of the New Albany Common Council Committee, together with the committees appointed to represent the Commercial Club and the property owners, was held yesterday in the office of the City Attorney, Walter N. Bulleitt, at New Albany, for the purpose of taking steps concerning the inspection of the sewer system of that city, as directed by the Common Council at the special meeting of that body held Wednesday night.

The meeting was attended by Councilmen R. W. Harris, Richard Hunciman and E. J. Hackett; John S. McDonald and P. N. Cuff, from the Commercial Club; Dr. H. S. Wolfe and John J. Lyons, from the property owners. After a lengthy discussion, it was held that before any steps are taken toward inspecting and testing the sewer system the City Engineer should make a report that the work has been completed. It was decided that after this report from the City Engineer has been received an expert civil engineer should be employed to make a thorough test and give the committee and Board of Public Works his opinion as to the efficiency of the system.

In the meantime, the committee will correspond with experts of other cities, and will contract with the one who seems to be the most suitable to have the sewer system thoroughly inspected and tested, according to the best methods.

Mrs. Nancy Allison Dies.

Mrs. Nancy Allison, widow of John M. Allison, an old resident of New Albany, died Wednesday midnight at her home, 513 State street, that city, after a long illness. Mrs. Allison was born in Floyd county, seventy-nine years ago, her parents having been among the earlier settlers of Indiana, and she had lived in and near New Albany nearly all of her long life. She is survived by her daughter, Mrs. Belle Norton, and her granddaughter, Mrs. Mayme Ross. She was the last of a large family of brothers and sisters. The funeral service will be held this afternoon at the family home, and the body will be taken to to Georgetown township and laid to rest in the family burial ground, on the farm on which she was born nearly fourscore years ago.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—Edgar B. Martin, Deputy County Clerk, and family have returned from Eastview, Ky., where they had been spending a week with relatives.

—Robert Middleton was arrested yesterday afternon by Patrolman Spence on a charge of having beaten his wife. The complaint was filed by Mrs. Middleton.

—W. A. McLean, of the Wood-Mosaic Company, of this city, and several Louisville friends left last night for Canada, where they will spend a few weeks hunting big game.

—Charles W. Dowd, of this city, has been appointed advance agent of the Harowell Stock Company and left for Newark, O., yesterday on business connected with the company.

—Jesse Stubblefield was arrested yesterday by Probation Officer Joseph H. Kraft for swimming in the river near the Kentucky and Indiana bridge. He was released on promise of future good behavior.

—Miss Louise Schueler will leave for Crow Creek, S. D., Sunday. Miss Schueler, who was formerly a teacher in the public schools here, now has a position as teacher in the school on the Indian reservation near Crow Creek.

—Benjamin Armstrong was fined $13.20 yesterday in Magistrate Fogle's court on a charge of cruelty to animals. He was accused of beating William McCrae's dog with a club. Armstrong claimed that McCrae's dog had killed his chickens.

—On account of the absence of the prosecuting witness, Mrs. Sallie Baggerly, who is ill, the cases against Theodore Endris and Frank Hess, charged with selling liquor on Sunday, was continued in the City Court until next Wednesday.

—The New Albany Trust Company has been appointed administrator of the estate of Dr. W. O. Vance, deceased. Dr. Vance, a leading colored physician, died a few days ago, leaving an estate consisting of realty and securities valued at $15,000 to $20,000.

—John Hublar and Jose Kern have resigned their positions in the fire department and Fire Chief Kraft has appointed Thomas Graham and George Volz to fill the vacancies. He also appointed Michael Welsch assistant chief to succeed Kern, who has held the place for the last year.

—Walter Stewart, a well-known young man of this city, was arrested yesterday on a charge of having deserted his children. An information was filed against him in the Floyd Circuit Court by John B. Ruter, his father-in-law, who has had the care of the children for years. The case will be called at the October term of the Floyd Circuit Court.

—H. S. Taylor and a party of eleven, which came from Chicago two weeks ago to attend the camp meeting, and has since been living under canvas on the Silver Hills, left yesterday for home. They were delighted with the pure air and scenery from the hilltops, and declared they would make up a party of fifty to attend the meeting next year.

—Mrs. Mary Wilkins, now an inmate of the Jasper County Poor Asylum, is believed to be the oldest person in Indiana. She was born in Ireland October 31, 1800, and consequently will be 106 years old her next birthday anniversary. She is described as being in rugged health for one so old and gives promise of living several additional years longer.

—Mrs. Harriet Dropsey, widow of Jules Dropsey, died Tuesday at her home in Franklin township, Harrison county, after a brief illness. She was sixty-five years old and is survived by three daughters. Her funeral took place yesterday from the Catholic church at Lanesville, the services having been conducted by the rector, the Rev. Augustine Peckscamp.

—The case of the State against Thomas Dixon, who was charged with having assaulted Robert Middleton, was tried in the City Court yesterday and the defendant was acquitted. It was shown on trial that Middleton had started after Dixon with a razor in his hand and the last mentioned defended himself with a brick, whereupon Middleton had him arrested, charging him with assault.

—John H. Weathers and James R. Duffin, of this city, and Jerry L. Suddarth, of English, have been appointed a committee to arrange for a reunion of the former students of the Marengo Academy, to be held at that place September 1. Prof. J. M. Johnson, who established the noted school in 1868 and conducted it until the close about ten years ago, still lives in Marengo and will be present at the reunion. Many of the students, boys of nearly forty years ago, have attained distinction in nearly every walk in life and they now live in every State in the Union.

WITH BASKET BALL

REDS AND BLUES PLAY BASEBALL AT BAXTER SQUARE.

Unique Game New To Playgrounds of Louisville—Results of Morning Events.

The Baxter Square Playground gave its exhibition at Baxter Square yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock, the exhibition being the fifth and last separate playground exhibit which the Recreation League will give this summer. The final field meet will be a combination of the separate exhibitions in that it will bring all of the playgrounds of the city together into a contest which will be held on September 1.

The distinctive game at Baxter Square yesterday morning which is unique in the playgrounds of this city was the baseball game played with a basket ball. The ball is batted with the clenched fist and the boys have become very efficient in placing the ball in their hitting out of reach of the opposing team. The game yesterday was spirited and the hitting on both teams was particularly good. The fielding of the Reds, composed of Morse Schultz, captain; Charles Howard, C. Meyers, J. B. Hitt, Phil Metzger and Otto Metzger, was fast and accurate, the boys handling the large ball with as much ease as they would an ordinary baseball. The Reds defeated the Blues by a score of 16 to 7. The Blue team was composed of Walter Vetter, captain; Andy Kling, Earl Carr, Charles Crider, C. Stickle and Harry Mitchell. Mr. Moss acted as umpire.

The remaining events resulted as follows:

Forty-six-yard dash, juniors, boys under fourteen: J. Stone first, Edward Hogenson second, Perry Mitchell third.

Same, seniors, boys under sixteen: Morse Schultz first, George Mayer second, Charles Howard third.

Juniors, same: P. Metzger first, G. Raab second, I. Shapiro third.

Potato race, girls: Serena Brogen, Edna Gallagher, Grace Donahue, in the order named.

Potato race, boys, seniors: Henry Mitchell, Walter Vetter, Eddie Hogenson.

Same, juniors: C. Howard, Clay Kling, J. B. Hitt.

Sack race, girls: Flora Freedman, first heat; Mary Ambrosius, second heat; Flora Freedman, third heat.

Same, boys: Walter Vetter, first heat; Clay Kling, second heat; Clay Kling, final.

Three-legged race, girls: Flora Freedman, Grace Donahue.

Forty-eight-yard dash, girls: Ray Mendelssohn, Freda and Mary Ambrosius.

Forty-yard dash, little girls: Clara Dudley, Ida Ambrosius, Rosa Humphrey.

Same, little boys: Alvin Frehling, Herbert Sherman, Clyde Sherman.

Ring toss, boys: Morse Schultz, Harry Kling, winners over George Meyers, Harry Mitchell.

Girls' relay: Ray Mendelssohn, Edna Gallagher, first; Grace Donahue, Flora Freedman, second; Serena Brogan, Freda Ambrosius, third.

Boys' croquet match: Walter Vetter, Eddie Hogenson, Phil Metzger, in the order named.

Girls' ring toss: Dulcie Ryan and Marie Becker won from Ray Mendelssohn and Anna Metzger, 25 to 23.

Boys' baseball, played with basket ball: Reds 16, Blues 7. The Reds were composed of Otto Metzger, Charles Howard, Morse Schultz (captain), C. Meyers, J. B. Hitt, Phil Metzger. Blues: Andy King, Earl Carr, Charles Crider, W. Vetter (captain), Harry Mitchell, C. Stickle.

The following acted as officials: Starter, B. O. Satterwhite; judge in girls' events, Miss Annette Demblitz; judge in boys' events, Mr. H. C. Moss.

Ribs Broken In Fall.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—While riding home on his wheel at a late hour last night, George Walters, a prominent labor leader and member of the Board of Park Commissioners, was knocked down by a buggy and sustained the fracture of three ribs on his right side.

BOY HAS MARVELOUS ESCAPE FROM DEATH IN RUNAWAY

As Henry Terstegge and Carl Gohmann, a boy, were driving down the Market street road from the Silver Hills, west of New Albany, in a light wagon yesterday the horse became unruly and began kicking. After breaking off the dashboard the horse ran at a furious rate of speed down the hill. Mr. Terstegge, who was sitting on the back seat, was thrown from the vehicle, but the boy clung to the lines. Just before reaching the bridge over Falling Run creek the horse plunged over the embankment, turning with the wagon a complete somersault and striking the ground twenty-five feet below.

In the fall the animal broke its neck and died instantly. The wagon was upside down on the ground and was found to be but slightly damaged, while the boy was taken from the debris and upon examination was found to be unhurt.

SALE APPROVED.

General Council Confirms Auction of Lighting Franchise.

SATISFIED WITH BOND FURNISHED BY LAWRENCE JONES.

SPECIAL ILLUMINATION FOR STREETS THIS FALL.

FOR RACES AND STATE FAIR.

The report of the Board of Public Works of the sale of the lighting franchise under the so-called Atherton-Jones ordinance on August 17 to Lawrence Jones for $100,150 was read in both boards of the General Council last night and approved unanimously. Both boards also adopted a resolution approving the bond of $50,000 submitted by Lawrence Jones for the faithful performance of the ordinance creating the franchise. The bond was signed by the American Bonding Company, of Baltimore, Md.

In the lower board a resolution introduced by Councilman Stout providing for the lighting of arches at the street intersections in the business center of the city from September 3 to October 20 was adopted. It is estimated that the cost of the lighting for the specified time will be $2,650. The resolution recited the fact that during the time the State Fair and the racing season would be on, and also that the reception to William Jennings Bryan would take place. It stated that many merchants from over the South would be in the city and that it would be a good thing to have the city well lighted. The same resolution was adopted in the Board of Aldermen.

In the Board of Aldermen the following resolution was introduced by Alderman Taylor and adopted:

Whereas, The hand of Providence suddenly removed from our midst, while in the full activities of life and at his post of duty, Mr. Spalding Coleman, a member of the Board of Public Works; be it

Resolved, That a committee of two members of this board be appointed by the president of this board to prepare suitable resolutions of respect on the death of Mr. Coleman and report the same at the next regular meeting of this board.

President Tyler appointed Aldermen Taylor and Gilbert on the committee.

The appointment of J. Fred Nichols as assistant assessor by Louis Summers, City Assessor, was approved in both boards.

An invitation to the members of the General Council to attend the festivities at St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum August 29 was accepted in both boards.

The General Council adjourned to meet Tuesday, September 4.

The lower board held a short session. In that board an ordinance permitting the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to construct a switch across an alley between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets, north of Jefferson street, was referred to the Railroad Committee.

COMPLETE PLANS FOR REUNION

ORPHAN'S BRIGADE TO GATHER HERE SEPTEMBER 20.

COMMITTEES APPOINTED AT MEETING LAST EVENING.

TO SERVE BASKET DINNER.

To perfect plans for the twenty-second reunion of the Orphan Brigade, which will be held in Louisville September 20, the anniversary of the battle of Chickamauga, the Committee of Arrangements met last night in the office of the secretary in the Norton building. There was a good attendance, and the meeting was presided over by I. P. Barnard, the chairman.

Col. W. B. Haldeman was named to make preparations for the meeting at Fontaine Ferry Park at 11:30 o'clock on the morning of the reunion. Sergt. Norborne G. Gray, was appointed to secure one of the rooms in the courthouse, where the brigade will meet, at 10 o'clock before marching up Jefferson street to Fourth avenue, and thence to Market street, where cars will be boarded for the park. A basket dinner will be served.

At 2 o'clock Capt. John H. Weller, who is Brigade President, will call the veterans to order and will deliver the address of welcome. Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner will respond. Historical talks will be made by Judge T. L. Burnett, Capt. Robert J. Breckinridge and Gen. Basil W. Duke.

Lieut. B. T. Castleman and Capt. J. S. Carpenter were appointed chairmen of the Soliciting Committee for supplies. Alexander Lawson was named to take charge of the baskets at the park. Capt. John H. Weller has written to Miss Agnes Osborne appointing her sponsor for the brigade. Sergt. Elisha Bayse submitted a good report from the Finance Committee, of which he is a member. Sergt. Maj. J. W. Greene and Capt. John H. Weller were appointed a committee to secure music for the march and the picnic. I. P. Barnard, chairman, and Thomas D. Osborne, secretary, were appointed to procure five hundred badges for the reunion and to prepare and send out the same number of invitations.

As ninety-one counties of Kentucky were represented in the brigade, it was decided to request the press to announce the reunion at Louisville September 20.

ANDERSON COUNTY WILL BE PROMINENT.

Secretary of Horse Show Returns From Lawrenceburg Fair Well Pleased.

Anderson county horse breeders will be well represented not only at the State Fair but at the Louisville Horse Show, according to H. I. Fox, assistant secretary of the Kentucky Horse Show Society, who was among the Louisville men who went to the Lawrenceburg Fair on "State Fair Day." Mr. Fox visited Lawrenceburg chiefly to look after the interests of the Horse Show. From what he learned he said he was sure that Anderson county will be well represented. The large majority of the exhibitors at the Lawrenceburg Fair are expected to show at the fair here and at the Horse Show. Many excellent horses, both in the saddle and harness classes, were shown at Lawrenceburg, Mr. Fox said, adding that indications point to a class of horses to be exhibited in Louisville superior to any ever seen here.

One of the best classes shown at the Lawrenceburg Fair, Mr. Fox said, was the class for gaited saddle horses, in which Judge Cantrill, a fine stallion belonging to Brock Brothers, carried away the blue ribbon. This horse will be seen at the Horse Show in Louisville in October and be remembered as the horse that won the championship last year.

DEAD SPARROWS CAUSE TYPHOID FEVER.

Three Oaks, Mich., Aug. 23.—The cause of an epidemic of typhoid fever among the 1,000 inhabitants of this place was discovered to-day, when a member of the Board of Health climbed to the top of the waterworks standpipe and found the dead bodies of several thousand young sparrows, in various stages of decomposition, covering the surface of the water. Immediately the Mayor gave instructions to empty the standpipe, scrub and paint it. Hundreds of sparrows' nests have been built on a ledge that runs around the summit of the standpipe, and the young birds are supposed to have fallen into the uncovered standpipe while trying to fly. The cover made for the standpipe when it was constructed was never put on. There are now twenty-one cases of typhoid fever in the town.

AIRSHIP COMING.

HORACE WILD'S "EAGLE" WILL ATTEMPT FLIGHTS HERE.

Starting At Fontaine Ferry Park It Is Scheduled To Sail Above the City.

Airship flights will be made from Fontaine Ferry Park next week.

Manager William Riechmann, of the park, yesterday afternoon received a telegram from Col. J. D. Hopkins in St. Louis, announcing that a contract had been closed with Horace Wild for the exhibition of his flying machine in Louisville for one week, commencing next Sunday. It is declared to be the most sensational and most expensive attraction ever brought to a local park.

Wild is due to arrive in the city this morning. He made a successful flight in St. Louis last Wednesday, starting from Forest Park Highlands and landing in City Hall Park. Tens of thousands of persons witnessed the voyage of the daring aeronaut. He rose at times to a height of some 1,000 feet in the air, and again descended to within a few hundred feet of the earth, circling around some of the skyscrapers and keeping his machine in perfect control.

The airship Eagle was built by Wild in Chicago, where he was formerly employed as an electrician, and was a pupil of Roy Knabenshue. The Eagle has a monster cigar-shaped silk balloon, from which is suspended a light framework. This furnishes a foundation for the motor, propellers and steering gear. Wild sits or walks on the framework while his machine is in motion. He made a number of flights in Chicago recently, some of which were witnessed by Louisville visitors to the Windy City.

Complete plans for the exhibitions here will not be made until after the arrival of Wild this morning. Manager Riechmann said last night that arrangements would be made for the exhibition of the machine on one of the lawns at the park, in order that visitors might have opportunity to thoroughly inspect the machine. Flights will be made with the park as a starting and returning point, and the routes during the week will be over the greater part of the city. It is possible plans will be made to land on one of the down-town skyscrapers.

"CITIZEN" COMMENTS ON THE MALARIA MUDDLE.

Has His Ideas About the Cause, But Agrees With All About the Remedy.

To the Editor: I have read with interest the various theories advanced to explain the unusual amount of malaria in Louisville this year. It seems to me a little common sense would have caused these gentlemen to attribute it to nothing else than the unusual climatic conditions prevailing.

Alternating rain and sunshine, and rank vegetable growth are always blamed in every malarial section of this country, and why not here? Certainly this month has presented these conditions to a greater extent than we have known for many years. I think the most sensible ideas yet advanced were those pointing out the proper remedy. While I differ with the gentlemen you have quoted as to the cause of the malaria, I am a unit with them on the remedy. Wintersmith's Tonic was good enough for our fathers, and "it's good enough for me."

CITIZEN.

HEROISM SHOWN BY A FIREMAN.

Though Fatally Scalded He Sought Aid For Fellow Workmen.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 23.—Though fatally scalded by the explosion of several tubes in the boiler house of the Absecon pumping station to-day, Joseph Medara, one of the firemen employed in the place, ran a quarter of a mile to the chief engineer's home to procure aid for his two fellow employes, whom he believed to have been more seriously injured than himself. He fell unconscious as he told of the accident, and was rushed to a hospital in an automobile, where he died in a few hours. His comrades were only slightly hurt, as they did not receive the full force of the escaping steam.

KENTUCKY FAIR DATES.

Burkesville, August 28—4 days.
Nicholasville, August 28—4 days.
London, August 28, 29, 30, 31.
Shelbyville, August 28—4 days.
Florence, August 29—4 days.
Ewing, August 29—3 days.
Elizabethtown, September 4—3 days.
Paris, September 4—5 days.
Somerset, September 4—4 days.
Bardstown, September 5—4 days.
Monticello, September 11—4 days.
Glasgow, September 12—4 days.
State Fair, Louisville, September 17-22.
Lexington, September 17—6 days.
Sebree, September 18—5 days.
Hartford, September 19—4 days.
Henderson, September 25—5 days
Falmouth, September 26—4 days
Pembroke, September 27—3 days
Owensboro, October 2—5 days.
Mayfield, October 3—4 days
Elkton, October 3—4 days.

SEAT ON EXCHANGE BRINGS RECORD PRICE.

New York, Aug. 23.—A seat on the New York Stock Exchange was sold to-day for $95,000. This is the record price for a seat on the exchange and was reached only once before.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP
has been used by Millions of Mothers for their children while Teething for over Fifty Years. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa.
TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

SALVATION ARMY IMMIGRANTS IN CANADA.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 23.—Brig. J. W. Cousins, of the local Salvation Army, issued a statement to-day showing that 12,000 immigrants had been sent from this country to Canada during the past eight months by the Salvation Army.

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POOR SPORT AT LATONIA

Purse Race For Two-year-olds Only Feature of the Day.

HEREAFTER IS DISQUALIFIED.

Row Between Owner Kunz and Starter Holtman Hushed Up By the Judges.

NICOL TO RIDE IN FUTURITY.

LATONIA SELECTIONS.

First Race — Newt Fisher, Decklaw, Helmuth.
Second Race—Morendo, Bernie Cramer, Maureen.
Third Race—Don Domo, Martha Gorman, Eva Jean.
Fourth Race—Weird, Dalesman, Profitable.
Fifth Race—Santon, Airship, Heine.
Sixth Race — Savoir Faire, Docile, Alinda.
Seventh Race — Rubinon, Sand Bath, Toboggan.
The one best bet—Savoir Faire, sixth race.

LATONIA, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The card offered here to-day did not contain a single feature, with the exception of a purse race for two-year-olds that brought out a fair field. In that event another disqualification occurred, and rough riding here seems to be the feature.

The disqualification was popular, and the crowd of several hundred that gathered around the judges' stand hooted and yelled worse than they did yesterday, but to-day when the numbers were hung out indicating that Hereafter had been disqualified there was a great cheer, as Griswold was heavily played.

The Kunz-Holtman affair was taken up by the judges last night, and Kunz denied that he had made the statement that Holtman threatened to put him out of the business. The writer of the article was present, and insisted that Kunz made the charges. Kunz replied that he did not make the charges, but that if he in any way intimated anything of that order he was willing to withdraw the charges. The matter was decided to be dropped by the judges, and everything was hushed up.

Charlie McCafferty, "the man with the hatter," leaves here to-night for Windsor, and there are several here who will be glad he is gone. McCafferty has been the leading person in the betting war, and it has been McCafferty against the field for the most of the time.

Fred Cook arrived here to-day, and drew in for three days. Cook announced that he would send Nicol East next Wednesday, and that he had entered into a contract in which Nicol will have a leg up on one of Keene's horses in the futurity. Keene will start two horses, and Nicol will either ride Peter Pan or Pope Joan.

The judges announced that McIntyre had been fined $50 for rough riding yesterday, and Aubuchon was given a $50 fine for his rough riding to-day on Hereafter.

* * *

Royal Legend All Way.

The day's card opened with a selling race, which brought out a very ordinary lot of selling platers. In the betting Sorrel Top was made the favorite, with Oddoletta second choice. "Hoklon" Jimmy had a firm grasp on Sorrel Top when the barrier was sprung and Oddoletta was turned half way round. Royal Legend, who suddenly came to life, broke flying and spread-eagled her field all the way, winning by half a length in easy fashion. Sorrel Top, off fast, made up a lot of ground and finished strong under a good ride from Seder. Optional came strong in the run home and landed the short end of the purse from Myrrh, who might have got a place in the money if she had gotten off better.

* * *

Long Shot Does Well.

Eleven very ordinary two-year-olds went to the post for the second race and Mcintyre was made the favorite, opening at even money, but under a steady ing at even money, but under a steady ing at even money, but under a steady play the price was forced down to 9 to 10 at post time. Lady Vimont was the second choice at 5s, and All Ablaze was third at 6 to 1. The winner turned up in Agra, who got off good, and Preston soon took her to the front, where he made every post a winning one, and he had no trouble in coming home first, beating All Ablaze by three lengths. All Ablaze got the place after getting a poor start and was taken wide, closing strongly in the final drive. The surprise of the race, however, was Tetanus, who carries Barney Schreiber's colors, and who was ridden by Jockey Keys, who arrived yesterday from Fort Worth to ride that horse's animals. Tetanus was as good as 150 to 1 in the betting and ran a good race after getting off practically last and finished gamely, being only a half a length behind All Ablaze.

* * *

Six Shooter Sulks.

Six Shooter was thought to be the horse that could turn the trick for the third race and the Respess horse was made the favorite at 2 to 1 and 9 to 5. Elastic was second choice at 3 and Lady Henrietta third at 5. Lady Henrietta broke in front, but Rossessa essayed to set the pace but held on for only a short time, for Fisher took Oak Grove out in front and tried to run away from the rest of the field. After that nothing could catch the Ferriss horse and he won easily by a length and a half. Dr. Burch, at 50 to 1, got second place under a good ride from Hicks and came fast after getting off badly. Lady Henrietta got out in second place for a part of the journey but she did not like the going and commenced to back up on the stretch. Six Shooter was in one of his sulking moods and did not care to run. Elastic was taken wide all the way and could do no better than fifth. It was thought by nearly everyone in the grandstand that Lady Henrietta finished third but to the surprise of all the judges hung out Six Shooter's number when nearly everyone thought that the best the son of Sir Dixon could do was fifth place, and it was the consensus of opinion that the judges got the colors mixed. Potter and Addesso had no chance after the start as they were practically left at the post.

* * *

One Favorite Scores.

The favorite got the money in the fourth race, the first public choice to land during the afternoon. Lady Lavish was the horse that did the act and she was played for a good thing. There were several large commissions placed on her and the bookies were hit rather hard. Adare was also played for a good thing by the Corrigan crowd and was backed down from 5 to 1 to 9 to 2 at post time. The Corrigan horse got off in the lead followed by Lady Lavish and Little James. Adare set the pace for about two furlongs, but Nicol, on Lady Lavish, was always right alongside of him and did not let him get away. Rounding the far turn Lady Lavish was let out and from thereon came home on the bit, winning in the easiest kind of fashion by a length and a half. Adare got the place, being four lengths in front of Stella Eichburg, who was the longest-priced horse in the race, 12 to 1 being laid against her chances to show.

* * *

Disqualification of Hereafter.

The fifth race saw the second disqualification within two days. Hereafter, ridden by Aubochon, was in the lead coming down the stretch on the outside. Hereafter came wide, and this let Nicol on Warner Griswold, the favorite, who had been in second place all the way, come through on the rail, and he was closing fast. Just as he was within hailing distance of Hereafter, that horse swerved toward the rail and shut Warner Griswold off, preventing him coming through, and this made Nicol pull up. Then Hereafter came on and passed under the wire a winner. Nicol claimed a foul, and a large crowd gathered around the judges' stand. Hereafter was disqualified and the race given to Warner Griswold. The disqualification was a very popular one, as Griswold was a heavily played favorite at even money, and the decision was received with many cheers.

Hereafter was played for a good thing by a certain coterie, and was as good as 15 to 1 in the betting. Griswold was the favorite at even money, and Judith Louis a close second choice at 2 to 1. Hereafter got a flying start and Aubuchonet let him out and set the pace all the way, leading for most of the journey by two lengths. Warner Griswold was off second and held that position all the way, as did Judith Louise in third place. Marmorean ran a poor race and was taken in the outside nearly all the way. It is doubtful if Griswold would have beaten Hereafter, as that horse seemed to have a commanding lead.

* * *

Carthage Wins Last Race.

The original sixth race scheduled was called off on account of numerous withdrawals and another substituted at a mile, which brought a mediocre field. Carthage, from the Respess stable, was made the favorite and was heavily backed by that crowd, his price being forced down from even money to 4 to 5 at post time.

Barkelmore was second choice at 3 to 1, but the word was out that it was Carthage's race, and the price on all the rest of the horses went up.

Carthage got off well and Treubel took him out in the lead. Stroud ran second all the way and the race was quite a brush down the stretch, in which Carthage and Stroud were the contestants. Boland bumped Carthage at the head of the stretch, but the horse never quit and came home under a good ride from Treubel handily. Boland got $25 from the judges for his foul riding. Katie Power, off badly, ran a good race and closed strong, being three lengths behind Stroud who was beaten by Carthage only half a length.

COURIER-JOURNAL FORM CHART

LATONIA, August 23, 1906.—Seventy-fourth Day of Spring Meeting of the Latonia Jockey Club. Weather Clear. Track Heavy.

Presiding Judge M. N. McFarlan, Starter Jake Holtman, Secretary John B. Dillon, Racing Secretary and Handicapper Lyman H. Davis.

662——THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. rse $400. For fillies and mares three years ing. Start bad. Won easily Won driving; second and third same. Winner, P. Dunne's ch. f. 4, by Ingoldsby—Royal Una. Trained by F. Hanion. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 2-5, :49 3-5, 1:16 3-5, 1:39 2-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
610	Royal Legend	102	1	3...1	2...2	1...1	1...1	1...½	Griffith	6-1	10-1	4-1
636	Sorrel Top	106	6	4...½	4...½	2...2	2...½	2...5	Seder	3-1	9-2	2-1
645	Optional	103	8	6...½	6...½	5...½	3...1	3...1	D. Boland	7-1	6-1	2-1
623	Myrrh	95	9	7...1	7...h	6...1	4...h	4...½	R. Fisher	6-1	8-1	3-1
519	Mac Lynch	95	8	8...2	8...1	7...1	5...1	5...½	Perkins	15-1	8-1	3-1
602	Ruby Right	99	4	5...1	5...1	9...1	8...1	6...n	E. Rice	50-1	60-1	20-1
645	Cygnet	104	3	1...n	1.nk	4...h	7...h	7...1	W. Allen	11-1	30-1	12-1
629	Maureen	90	7	9...1	9...1	8...½	6...½	8...h	Morgan	50-1	50-1	20-1
604	Miladi Love	102	10	10...1	10...1	10...2	9...2	9...2	R. Miller	5-1	5-1	2-1
646	Oddoletta	107	13	12...2	12...1	13	12...2	10...3	Preston	4-1	7-2	3-5
626	Globe Runner	95	12	13	13	12...1	11...1	11...6	Scoville	50-1	100-1	40-1
649	Merry Belle	105	2	3...h	3...½	3...1	10...1	12...10	Aubuchon	15-1	25-1	10-1
567	Ida Merimee	96	11	11...1	11...2	13	13	Perrett	50-1	60-1	25-1

Royal Legend, showing improved form, was a forward contender from the start and outlasted Sorrel Top in the final drive. The latter ran a good race and held on well in the final drive. Optional was away in a tangle and, going wide most of the way, finished strong and was galloping at the end. Myrrh and Mac Lynch were close up in the early stages, but were in the worst going through the stretch and tired. Oddoletta was left at the post.

663——SECOND RACE—Five and o lf furlongs. For two-year-olds; selling. Start good. Won easily; d and third driving. Winner, C. L. Forsythe's b. f. 2, by Falsetto or Alvescot—Oleska. Trained by O. O. West, Jr. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 2-5, :50 2-5, 1:03 3-5, 1:19 4-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
619	Agra	99	1	.....	1...½	1...½	1...2	1...3	Preston	6-1	10-1	7-2
642	All Ablaze	102	8	.....	5...½	2...½	3...½	2...½	Perrett	6-1	10-1	3-1
608	Tetanus	102	11	.....	8...1	7...1	4...1	3...½	F. Keys	50-1	150-1	50-1
648	The Golden Bird	102	10	.....	7...1	8...1	6...1	4...n	Treubel	6-1	11-2	2-1
635	McIntyre	107	4	.....	3...h	3...1	2...½	5...4	Nicol	1-1	9-10	1-2
554	Handy Girl	99	9	.....	9...1	9...½	8...2	6...3	T. Taylor	30-1	30-1	10-1
648	Lady Vimont	104	7	.....	6...1	4...h	6...h	7...5	Morrarty	5-1	5-1	3-5
521	Quintilla	99	6	.....	10...1	6...1	9...½	8...4	Obert	50-1	75-1	30-1
642	Dulweber	106	2	.....	4...2	5...h	7...h	9...1	Aubuchon	12-1	15-1	8-1
583	Yellow Top	99	2	.....	2...h	10...2	10...3	10...30	Zurborg	50-1	100-1	40-1
646	Kentucky Echo	102	5	.....	11	11	11	11	E. Rice	50-1	100-1	40-1

Agra, showing improvement, showed good speed and led all the way and won with plenty in reserve. All Ablaze came from a long way back and finished strong. Tetanus, away poorly and badly handled, ran in much improved form and closed up a good gap. The Golden Bird ran a poor race. McIntyre tired badly after going a half. Dulweber quit badly through the stretch. Lady Vimont can do much better.

664——FIRST RACE—Seven furlongsse $400. For three-year-olds and up; sell- old and up; selling. Start ood and third driving. Winner, C. Ferris, Jr.'s ch. f. 3, by The Roman—Rival. Trained by R. Cassidy. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 3-5, :50, 1:15 4-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	⅝	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
622	Oak Grove	95	5	.....	3...h	1...4	1...5	1.1½	R. Fisher.	6-1	6-1	2-1
597	Dr. Burch	97	3	.....	5...1	4...½	2...½	2...½	J. Hicks.	30-1	50-1	20-1
[592]	Six Shooter	103	6	.....	6.1½	6...½	5...1½	3...n	Treubel	9-5	9-5	1-1
644	Lady Henrietta	105	1	.....	2...½	3...h	2...½	4...h	Aubuchon	4-1	6-1	9-5
622	Elastic	113	8	.....	4...1	5...1	4...h	5...5½	Daly	2-1	3-1	1-1
622	Potter	107	7	.....	7...1	8...1	7...h	6...3	D. Boland.	8-1	7-1	5-2
645	Rossessa	100	4	.....	1...1	2...h	3...h	7...5	Griffith	30-1	60-1	20-1
.....	Speedmaker	102	7	.....	8...2	8...h	8...5	8...4	Obert	30-1	50-1	20-1
412	Adesso	104	9	.....	9	9	9	9	B. Miller.	30-1	60-1	20-1

Oak Grove, clear of interference, showed god speed and won as her rider pleased. Dr. Burch ran in surprisingly improved form and was going strong at the end. Six Shooter finished fast from a poor beginning, seemed to have finished in back of Lady Henrietta and Elastic, but was given third. Lady Henrietta ran a good race and appeared to have finished third. Elastic was badly ridden and can do better. Potter and Adesso were almost left.

665——FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse $400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good; won easily; second and third driving. Winner, M. F. Martin's ch. m., 5, by Knight of the Thistle—Squander. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :25, :50 1-5, 1:17.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¾	1	¼h	½th	¾th	Str'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
647	Lady Lavish	107	2	.....	3...1	1.1½	1...4	1...4	1...1	1...½	R. Fisher.	6-1	6-1	2-1
653	Adare	108	1	.....	1...h	2...1	2...2	2...4	J. Daly	5-1	4½-2	2-1
626	Stella Eichburg	98	4	.....	6	5...½	3...1	3...½	Morgan	60-1	50-1	25-1
649	Fairy Belle	107	11	.....	9...1	8...1	6...1	5...1	McIntyre	11-2	6-1	3-1
626	Little James	102	3	.....	4...h	4...h	4...1	5...1	Perrett	12-1	16-1	6-1
622	Norwood Ohio	107	7	.....	7...1	6	5...h	6...h	Obert	20-1	40-1	15-1
653	Blucher	110	8	.....	5...h	3...1	7	7.nk	Andress	12-1	30-1	8-1
649	Self Reliant	103	6	.....	8...1	7...1	8...1	8...2	Williams	8-1	15-1	6-1
602	Reserve	99	10	.....	10...1	9...1	9...1	9...h	Boland	20-1	30-1	8-1
649	Antara	100	9	.....	11	11	10...1	10...5	Perkins	20-1	15-1	6-1
653	Champ Clark	105	5	.....	3...h	10...6	11	11	Aubuchon	20-1	30-1	8-1

Lady Lavish ran to her best form and tiptoed the others all the way, disposing of Adare at the stretch turn and won as her rider pleased. Adare ran a good race but was not good enough to beat the winne rto-day. Etella Eichbery, badly ridden, ran a good race and finished fast. Little James tired badly in the last quarter. Falkland came from a long way back and fiinished fast.

666—FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs; purse $400; for two-year-olds; purse. Start fair; won driving; second and third same. Winner, P. Dunne's br. c., 2, by Omus—Sarah. Trained by F. Hanlon. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
[614]	*Hereafter	106	1	.....	1...2	1...1	1...1	1...2	Aubuchon	12-1	16-1	5-1
646	Warner Griswold	107	2	.....	3...2	2.nk	2.1½	2.1½	Nicol	1-1	4-5	1-3
[625]	Judith Louise	103	3	.....	2...h	3...1	3...1	3.1½	Treubel	3-1	3-1	1-2
629	Marmorean	104	5	.....	5...2	4...1	5...1	4...1	Paxton	3½-1	4½-1	1-1
629	Levia	97	4	.....	4...h	5...½	5...1	5...h	Perkins	15-1	25-1	6-1
.....	Dulzura	108	6	.....	6	6	6	6	Obert	40-1	100-1	30-1

*Disqualified.

Hereafter ran to his best, showed the most speed and would have been an easy winner but for sharply impeding Warner Griswold in the stretch drive for second place. Warner Griswold ran a fair race, but was not good enough to beat the winner to-day. Judith Louise tired after going a half. Marmorean went wide most of the way. Dulzura ran a good race.

Original sixth race declared off.

667—SIXTH RACE—One mile; purse $400; for four-year-olds and upwards; selling. Start good; won handily; second and third driven. Winner, J. B. Respess' ch. c., 5, by Serano—Hettie Green. Trained by F. Kelly. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :25 2-5; :50 2-5; 1:17 2-5; 1:43 4-5; 1:02 4-5.

Indx	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockeys.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
600	Carthage	102	11	2...½	1...h	1...½	1...1	1...1	Treubel	1-1	4-5	2-5
622	Stroud	104	1	3...1	3...1	2.1½	2...1	2...3	D. Boland	6-1	8-1	2-1
641	Katie Powers	104	10	11	8...½	6...1	3...h	3...3	Obert	20-1	15-1	6-1
634	Barkelmore	107	3	8...1	5...1	4...½	4...1	4...n	Nicol	3-1	3-1	2-1
[647]	Principia	102	3	1...1	2...h	3...1	5...1	5...½	Griffith	8-1	12-1	3½-1
647	The Only ....Way	106	4	6...h	6...h	8...½	7	6...nk	F. Keys	20-1	20-1	8-1
652	Golden Mineral	104	2	4...1	4...h	5...h	8.nk	7.nk	Buchanan	20-1	15-1	5-1
612	Harlequin	101	7	9...½	10...4	7...1	6...½	8...6	Perrett	100-1	200-1	80-1
640	Alma Reed	98	8	7...h	9...1	10...1	9...1	9...2	Preston	30-1	50-1	20-1
647	The Mate	96	9	5...½	9...1	9...2	9...h	10...15	D. Riley	30-1	50-1	15-1
652	Inflammable	106	8	10...½	11	11	11	11	Aubuchon	30-1	30-1	12-1

Carthage was much the best; had to go all around the others and, standing a good drive through the stretch, held Stroud safe in the final furlong. Stroud ran a good race and was a strong contender all the way. Katie Powers closed up a big gap from a poor beginning and finished fast. Barkelmore tired badly after going three-quarters. Principia can do better with good handling. The Only Way ran a bad race. Golden Mineral, poorly handled, ran a poor race.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Five furlongs; selling:

Index	Horse.	Wt.	Index	Horse.	Wt.
648	*Woolen	89	642	Ionic	97
635	Decklaw	94	642	Bushthorpe	97
585	Dr. Frank	94	642	Newt Fisher	97
655	Ocelot	94	656	Sister Huff- man	104
.....	Veneta	94	635	Elected	107
595	Ruskinetta	94	527	Bona- venture	107
642	Still Alarm	97	635	Helmuth	109
642	Ben Vivant	97			
642	Alta Mc- Donald	97			

SECOND RACE—One mile; selling:

662	*Maureen	87	652	Sago	94
545	*Quickrich	89	629	Floral Artist	97
661	Ann Hill	92	634	Gamester	97
629	Pirate's Dance	92	626	Cesgerdine	97
661	Osterman	94	643	*Bernie Cramer	100
492	Galmeda	94	587	Ed Early	105
574	Belleview	94	612	Morendo	107
647	Sherrill	94	649	Magic	108

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse:

.....	Eva Jean	88	562	Militiades	109
644	Don Domo	97	[657]	Martha Gorman	102

FOURTH RACE—Steeplechase; short course:

617	Wool Dealer	125	658	Blue Mint	140
639	War Chief	128	658	Weird	144
658	Woodyn	130	658	Dalesman	152
611	St. Volma	130	658	Subador	152
500	Battle Creek	130	[617]	Profitable	155
537	Frank Mc	139			

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; selling:

656	Sallie B. B.	94	649	Fiasco	103
649	Ripple Mark	94	649	Dresden	103
623	Bitter Hand	96	658	Dod Ander- son	104
492	Pittkin	99	640	Malleable	105
[649]	Lightburn	100	623	Anna Day	108
.....	Jehane	101	653	Santon	112
615	Elude	101	615	Airship	114
525	Heine	102			

SIXTH RACE—One mile; selling:

647	Lady Cha- rade	91	652	Athelena	100
623	Red Coat	92	613	Allinda	100
627	Bitter Brown	95	565	Savoir Faire	100
[645]	Inspector Girl	95	654	Docile	108

SEVENTH RACE—One mile; selling:

619	Moccasin Maid	92	652	The Laurel	105
661	*Prince of Pless	92	641	Sand Bath	105
596	Rubinon	94	[28]	*Pacifico	105
[628]	Don Irent	97	.....	Berry Hughes	105
596	Irene O	97	652	Toboggan	107

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS CAMP MEETING OPENS.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The annual camp-meeting of the Tennessee River Conference of the Seventh Day Adventists began here to-day. About forty tents have been pitched in the suburbs for the delegates and visitors, who come from Western Kentucky and Tennessee. Evangelist W. R. Burrows, vice president of the conference, opened the meeting to-night with an address.

Japan Will Investigate.

London, Aug. 23.—The Telegraph's Tokio correspondent says that the Japanese Consul at Vancouver, having reported that it is impossible for him to obtain a satisfactory or full report of the killing of the Japanese poachers by Americans in the Aleutian Islands, the Japanese Government has decided to carry out its own investigation of the affair, and may send a consul to the Pribyloff Islands.

Police Charged With Theft.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 23.—E. C. Tabli, C. H. Ruth and Bernard McCabe, policemen in the employ of the Ocean Steamship Company on its docks, and A. B. Laroach, shipping clerk, were arrested to-day on warrants charging them with the theft of articles of merchandise from the wharves. The men gave bond and were released.

ACCOUNTANT'S EASY VICTORY

Odds-on Favorite Beats Gallavant in Rich Eastern Stake.

M'KITTRIDGE FAR IN REAR.

Bernay Defeats Fish Hawk and Other Good Two-Year-Olds At Saratoga.

SCHULTE'S ZIENAP SCORES.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 23.—James B. Brady's Accountant, favorite in the betting at 13 to 20, won the Saratoga Derby, one mile and five-sixteenths, at Saratoga to-day. Only three three-year-olds went to the post. At the upper turn Accountant was leading by two lengths, but in the stretch Gallavant began to close, although he was never able to catch the leader, which won by one length, while Gallavant was eight lengths before McKittredge. The time was 2:16 2-5. Summaries:

First Race—Selling; seven furlongs: Bellestrome, 103 (Breishon), 5 to 1..... 1
Wrenne, 99 (Cross), 10 to 1..... 2
Jocund, 108 (Finn), 8 to 1..... 3
Time, 1:27. Adbell, Gus Heidorn, Phalanx, Dazzle, Woodaw, Bulwark, Bernha. E., Cadichon, Silver Wedding, Ocean Spray and Cobmosa also ran.

Second Race—Steeplechase; about two and one-half miles:
Pirate, 147 (Dupee), 4 to 5..... 1
Onteora, 140 (Page), 5 to 2..... 2
C. B. Campbell, 137 (W. Wilson), 9 to 2 3
Time, 5:33. Only three starters.

Third Race—Selling; five and one-half furlongs:
Bernay, 103 (Sewell), 13 to 5..... 1
Fish Hawk, 99 (Miller), 3 to 2..... 2
Quagga, 98 (L. Smith), 100 to 1..... 3
Time, 1:08 3-5. Cambyses, Cavatina, Umbrella, Vaquero, Aqua Tint, Pulssant, Dry Dollar, Handsome Belle, Hand Maiden, Aiyth, Cora Price, Pepper and Salt and Vacharle also ran.

Fourth Race—The Saratoga Derby; one and five-sixteenths miles:
Accountant, 126 (Martin), 13 to 20.....1
Gallavant, 126 (Miller), 3 to 2..... 2
McKittredge, 123 (Knapp), 30 to 1..... 3
Time, 2:16 2-5. Only three starters.

Fifth Race—One mile:
Zienap, 108 (Sewell), 7 to 2..... 1
Klamesha, 119 (Knapp), 3 to 10..... 2
Bivouac, 90 (J. Johnson), 25 to 1..... 3
Time, 1:41 3-5. Three starters.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs:
Lord Lovat, 105 (Miller), 2 to 1..... 1
Prince Hampton, 102 (McDaniel), 8 to 1 2
Purslane, 109 (Shaw), 2 to 1..... 3
Time, 1:15. Standard Oil, Glenham, Elixir, Ironton, Grimaldi, Heretoga, Fieldwick and Cobleskill also ran.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—All ages; handicap; $700 added; seven furlongs:

Aeronaut	127	Zienap	115
Tipton	122	Sir Lynnewood	102
Inquisitor	121	Sir Russell	102
Brookdale		Jack Dolan	100
Nymph	118	Bryan	98
Peter Sterling	115	Slickaway	97
Martin Doyle	110	Court Martial	13

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and upwards; selling; $600 added; one mile and a furlong:

New Mown Hay	108	Duero	96
Corrigan	103	Cadichon	96
Ostrich	106	Macy Jr.	93
Louis H.	103	Ocean Spray	91
Adbell	101	Dog	89
Sir Ralph	101	Told You	87
Sonoma Belle	101	Elmridge	86
Ebony	99	Brait	86
Charlatan	98		

THIRD RACE—Two-year-olds; handicap; $1,000 added; five and a half furlongs:

Jersey Lady	110	Smiling Tom	112
Old Honesty	110	Kory	110
Montgomery	115	Lucy Marie	96
Blondy	113	Campaigner	109

FOURTH RACE—The Seneca; three-year-olds; $1,500 added; selling; six furlongs:

James Reddick	106	Disobedient	98
Ben Ean	102	Pythia	94
Penrhyn	101	Court of the Vale	93
General Haley	102	Edna Jackson	91

FIFTH RACE—Two-year-old fillies; $600 added; five and a half furlongs:

Dulcinea	109	Dainty Dame	100
Mintberia	109	Alila	99
Barongo	109	Neoskaleeta	99
Eudora	109	Miss Fitzgibbon	99
Altuda	109	Glamor	99
Dollie Dollars	109	Sally K.	99
Autumn Flower	101		

SIXTH RACE—Maidens, three-year-olds and upwards; $600 added; one mile:

Johnstown	112	Fly Leaf	107
At Dawn	110	Mount Henry	107
Royal Scot	110	Bayonet	107
Lichtness	110	Bluette	105
Orphan Pet	107	Futinitza	105
Sailor	107		

Pittsburg Gets Paducah Pitcher.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The Pittsburg Club to-day bought Pitcher Fred Miller, of the Paducah, Ky., team in the "Kitty" League. He will join Pittsburg at the close of that league's season. The new man is a giant, standing six fee one inch in height and weighing exactly 200 pounds in playing condition. Paducah was formerly the home of President Barney Dreyfuss and some old friends there called his attention to the work of Miller, who is said to be the most promising slabman in the "Kitty" League. Fred Clarke says he has had his eye on Miller for the past two years. The price paid for him has not been made known.

Moulders Threaten To Strike.

Manchester, England, Aug. 23.—The ironmoulders to-day informed their employers in the engineering trade of Manchester and Southwest Lancashire of their decision to strike August 27, unless their demands for an immediate advance of 50 cents per week is conceded. The moulders number only 1,600 men, but the strike would affect 40,000 skilled workmen and sixty firms.

Cade Resigns His Office.

Oklahoma City, Aug. 23.—Cash M. Cade, of Shawnee, member of the National Republican Committee, has forwarded to President Roosevelt his resignation of the registership of the Guthrie land office. His appointment was held up in the Senate several months pending investigation of charges.

No New Cases of Fever.

New Iberia, La., Aug. 23.—The following is Dr. Irion's statement on the yellow fever situation here: "Situation unchanged; no new cases. Sanitary work progressing rapidly. Source infection not discovered."

RACE MEETING FOR ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.—For the first time since the passage of the anti-betting law caused a suspension of horse racing at all the tracks in the State, a race meeting will be held in St. Louis county in October. Barney Schreiber will give a strictly closed meet of five days' duration on his farm near Bridgeton. The meeting will be a strictly invitation affair. It is expected that the neighboring county breeding farms will enter horses, as several loving cups will be devoted as prizes for the races by Messrs. Stifer, Bush, Schreiber and others.

BRASHEAR'S MEN IN TOUGH LUCK

Colonels Drop Second Game of Series To the St. Paul Team.

PRUITT IS VERY EFFECTIVE.

Ex-Louisville Twirler Does Grand Work When Men Are On the Bases.

UMPIRE OWENS' BAD DECISION.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The St. Paul team again made all of its runs in the first inning, but this time the Colonels failed to outscore them, and the Saints won the second game of the series by a score of 3 to 1.

After the first inning big Ed Dunkle held the Saints safe and, although they hit him freely, he was effective with men on the bases, and eight of the locals perished on the sacks.

Pruitt, an ex-Colonel, on the other hand, would have had a shut-out but for Frisk's error.

Kerwin and Hallman both singled in the first inning, but the others did not help them along, and there was no scoring. In the Saints' half Geier drew a base on balls, and Sugden sacrificed him to second. Van Zandt struck out, and then Frisk hit against the left field fence for two bases, scoring Geier. Wheeler singled to left and Frisk scored. Meyers singled to right, putting Wheeler on third, and he scored when Hallman dropped Padden's fly after a hard run. Drill fanned.

That was all the scoring the Saints did. Several times they had men on third, but good pitching and fast fielding held them there. In the eighth inning, with men on second and third and only one out, Pruitt hit a long fly to Woodruff, who made a perfect throw to the plate, catching Meyer by a foot.

The Colonels made their only run in the fourth inning when, with one down, Sullivan singled and went to second on Van Zandt's poor throw of Brashear's grounder. Woodruff fagned, and then Frisk missed Stovall's easy fly and Sully scored.

The Colonels came near doing things in the ninth, but a poor decision by Umpire Owens and Stovall's bad judgment on the bases resulted in putting the side out without a run. Stovall led off with a double over Meyer's head. Although Shaw hit the ball an awful clout, Pruitt knocked it down with one hand and held Jesse on second while "Shoddy" was being retired at first. With three men on the bases and one strike on Quinlan, Pruitt threw one a foot outside the plate, and Owens called it over. Manifestly Quinlan should have walked, but he then proceeded to strike

BOLD FOOTPADS

Attack Man While Returning From Church.

EUGENE WEAVER BEATEN INTO INSENSIBILITY.

ROBBED OF $100 WHILE HE LIES UNCONSCIOUS.

BLOODHOUNDS ON THE TRAIL.

Scottsville, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Eugene Weaver, a member of one of the most prominent families living in the northern part of Allen county, while on his way home from church at Big Springs last night, was attacked and robbed by unknown parties. The robbers, after knocking the victim down and rendering him unconscious, took from him $100 which he had in his pocket. Considerable excitement prevails in the community, and the authorities have sent for bloodhounds to trail the robbers.

Mr. Weaver had several teeth knocked out and was otherwise painfully bruised about the face and head, but is not thought to be seriously injured. There is no definite clew, but Sheriff J. L. Dixon has gone to the scene to await developments.

WOMAN'S DESPERATE STRUGGLE

Attacked By Negro Porter In Pullman Car.

Fulton, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Further details have been received here of the attempted assault on a young woman who was a passenger on an Illinois Central train bound for Paducah. The young woman was Miss Laura May. She was alone in the Pullman car and was attacked by William Page, the negro porter. He forced her into the toilet, but she escaped from him after a desperate struggle, during which the windows of the room were broken out. Running into the day coach, Miss May secured help and the negro was bound and placed in jail. The assault was committed near Pinckneyville, Ill., some miles from here. The young woman lives at 2747 Walnut street in St. Louis. She will file suit against the Pullman Company.

Dies At Richmond.

Richmond, Ky., Aug. 23.—Mrs. B. R. Pearson, aged fifty-five, of Montgomery, Ala., died here this morning of tuberculosis at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William R. Letcher, Jr. She was on a visit to her daughter. Her husband, Dr. B. R. Pearson, died here last March when he, too, was making a visit.

The remains were taken back to Montgomery to-day for burial. Besides her daughter, Mrs. W. R. Letcher, Jrs. of this city, she is survived by two sons, Dr. C. F. Pearson, of Montgomery, and J. M. Pearson, a prominent business man of Valdosta, Ga.

Searching For Lost Sister.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Paducah police have been asked to assist in finding Miss Lacy Summers, who wandered away from Jackson, Tenn., two days ago and has been traced in the direction of Paducah. She is twenty-two years old. Her brother, the Rev. L. D. Summers, of Greenfield, Tenn., reached this city to-day. He says he does not know what induced his sister to leave home. Self-destruction is feared.

Warm Temperance Fight.

Russellville, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The decision as to whether Russellville remain wet or become a dry town will be settled Saturday, August 25, when the election takes place. The Prohibitionists are making strenuous efforts to control votes and have speakers here every night, though the audiences are composed mostly of women. The women are to hold a prayer service on the day of election.

Child Bitten By Snake.

Russellville, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The twelve-year-old son of Seal Sacre living at Warner's Grove, four miles south of Russellville, was bitten by a copperhead snake while at play yesterday and it was thought for a while that he would die, but he is now getting along very nicely and will recover.

New Mercantile Company.

Springfield, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—Articles were filed in the County Clerk's office to-day incorporating the Robertson Claybrook Company. The company will do a general mercantile business. It is capitalized at $25,000 and will be one of the largest mercantile houses in Central Kentucky.

Scarlet Fever Prevalent.

Morgantown, Ky., Augk. 23.—[Special.]—An epidemic of scarlet fever has broken out at Aberdeen, a small mining town two miles below here on Green river. The school was closed yesterday and it is greatly feared the fever will interfere with business. No deaths as yet have been reported.

FITZ SELLS LION.

FEROCIOUS PET THREATENS TO EAT UP CHILDREN.

Big Prizefighter Parts With Big Brute for Five Thousand Dollars to Bostock.

That once doughty fighter and still aspiring actor, Mr. Robert Fitzsimmons, sold "Senator Reynolds" yesterday for $5,000, says the New York American. The "Senator" is a big two-year-old lion which has been almost a member of Ruby Bob's family for the past eighteen months. The purchaser was Bostock, the deal being made over the telephone.

Many in the large crowd assembled at the American Horse Exchange were moved to tears at the affecting parting. In which Mr. Fitzsimmons and his lion took leading roles. The actor was genuinely moved, and it is safe to say that he never did anything better behind the footlights.

There were two real tears in Mr. Fitzsimmons' eyes, one in each of them, and a catch in his voice, as he said:

"Why $5,000 wouldn't have touched that lion if I could have stayed at home all the time to keep him company. He loved me, and I thought the world and all of him. But he didn't seem to take to anybody else and I was afraid he would eat one of my children sometime when I was away. He took several bites out of a good horse of mine the other day and I'm afraid it will never be the same horse again. It wasn't that the Senator was ill-tempered, he's got a sweet disposition, but he's playful, and a little rough at times. I've got to go away this fall with my show, 'A Fight for Love,' and I didn't dare to leave the big fellow at home." And Mr. Fitzsimmons sighed profoundly.

In the morning papers the actor and pugilist had advertised the sale of the Senator at auction on Wednesday. The big lion had been shipped to the American Horse Exchange on Monday night. Yesterday, Mr. Fitzsimmons, no longer able to endure the strain, left his home in Dunellen, N. J., and came to have another look at his pet. He found him almost prostrated by the heat and astonished the crowd by taking him out of his cage and walking him up and down Broadway. The Senator was only restrained by a small packing cord and the curious throng fell back to respectful distance.

"Couldn't he break that string, Bob?" queried an anxious admirer, edging backward as he spoke.

"Like a cotton thread," answered Mr. Fitzsimmons pleasantly. But he would not think of hurting anybody before me, he's that considerate of my feelings—never chews anyone up unless I'm out of sight."

Mr. Fitzsimmons then mounted the top of the Senator's cage with the lion and posed for a picture, after which he forced the animal into the cage with an affectionate parting kick, wiped his eyes with his handkerchief and went to the telephone. He explained to Mr. Bostock that he wouldn't think of leaving his lion in town another night while the weather was so warm, and asked him to make a bid for it. Mr. Bostock said $5,000, and the deal was closed on the spot.

There was no effort on the part of Mr. Fitzsimmons to keep the details of the trade from the public. With almost childlike candor he discussed the affair at length, dwelling particularly upon the necessity of leaving home in the fall with his wife in his show, "The Fight for Love." The actor's manager was present and supplied any little incidents which had been overlooked during the conversation.

It will be remembered that "Senator Reynolds" was the lion which caused Mr. Fitzsimmons to remain in durance vile in a cell at the Coney Island police station for two hours and a half in the spring of 1905.

Senator Reynolds, the statesman, had given the lion—his namesake—to Robert when the animal was only a few months old. With the impetuosity which frequently characterized his action in the prize ring, Mr. Fitzsimmons entered the cage without saying anything to Mr. Bostock about the Senator's gift and took the little lion away. It looked so much like theft to the animal trainer that he caused the fighter's arrest. For two hours Mr. Fitzsimmons remained in a cell while the matter was being explained. As in the present case, there was no effort at the time to keep the affair from the papers.

"I raised that lion from a pup—I mean cub," said Mr. Fitzsimmons sorrowfully, as he departed yesterday, "and I certainly do hate to give him up; but I got to go with my show, 'The Fight for Love'—that's the name of it—have you got that right?"

BLAME THE GIRL FOR ALL MISTAKES

IT IS NOW UP TO THE STENOGRAPHER.

LETTERS STAMPED DICTATED, BUT NOT READ.

BUSY MEN PROVIDE LOOPHOLE

[New York Sun.]

The phrase "dictated but not reread" is now occasionally seen stamped or typewritten in the lower left hand corner of a typewritten letter, says the New York Sun. This is the latest loophole of escape adopted by cautious though very busy men to avoid reading over the letters they dictate, and, at the same time, to explain any error made by a careless or ignorant stenographer.

By this simple expedient a business man is able to affix his signature to each of a pile of typewritten letters, trusting to luck that no glaring mistakes have been made. Again, with this printed explanation the business man may leave before the day's mail is finished, this explanation making a personal signature unnecessary.

This scheme for relieving oneself from the results of mistakes caused either by the misunderstanding of a word or the failure of dictating or the stenographer's ignorance of business terms was first adopted by traveling salesmen obliged to have most of their correspondence done at hotels along the route and never sure of the accuracy by the stenographer available.

As in many cases a salesman is obliged to leave for another city before his letters are finished, the necessity for some such explanation is obvious. While a carbon copy of each letter is usually sent him at his next stopping place, the original goes on to the headquarters of his company and sometimes contains amusing mistakes, the result of ignorance of the terms used in his particular line of business.

For instance, not long ago a fire insurance adjuster obliged to dictate an important letter just before taking a train was surprised on his next visit to the home office to find that only about half of his letter had ever been received. About midway in the letter the stenographer had inserted this note:

"Here the gentleman went so fast I didn't know what he said, but it was something about a cross-eyed agreement."

After a little thought on the part of the one who dictated the letter he remembered that he had referred to a quasi agreement, an expression with which the hotel stenographer was evidently unfamiliar.

Another instance was the case of a young attorney who dictated a letter to his stenographer asking a brother lawyer if he could argue a demurrer on a certain day. The letter was sent out hurriedly and not reread.

The next day the letter was returned to the writer asking for an interpretation of what seemed a surprising request. Investigation showed that the stenographer had misread her notes and inquired if the young lawyer could "agree to be demure" on a certain day.

"Dictated by ——, but not reread by him" is sometimes added at the bottom of a letter by means of a rubber stamp, the initials of the particular person dictating the letter being filled in with a pen. This method is adopted when the letter has been dictated by one member of a firm and signed by another, perhaps not entirely familiar with the subject matter.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Cincinnati from and to Cincinnati...Helen M. Gould from and to Carrollton.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Indiana, Capt. Brennnan, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m...Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m...Chattanooga, Capt. Ballard, for Tell City and way landings at 12 m...Morning Star, Capt. Howard, for Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m...Falls City, Capt. Edmonson, for Kentucky river at 7 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was falling last evening, with 7 feet 2 inches in the canal, 5 feet on the falls and 15 feet at the foot of the locks. Business good. Weather cloudy and pleasant.

DRIFTWOOD.

The City of Cincinnati, leaving to-morrow evening on her low-rate round-trip excursion to Cincinnati, will have a crowd up and back. She leaves the foot of Third avenue at 5 o'clock. Only a few more of these delightful trips left...The Chattanooga leaves for Tell City and way landings at noon to-day...The Falls City leaves for Kentucky river this afternoon at 3 o'clock, and will have a cabin full of round-trip people...The dredgeboat Oswego is at Chenault's Reach waiting for the river to fall so that she can resume her work of cutting out the channel there...Capt. Marion Ryan is visiting his old home in Cloverport, Ky., preparatory to resuming work on the dredgeboat Oswego at Chenault's Reach...The Nugents are doing a heavy sand and gravel business at the foot of Seventh street. Capt. Galen Thurman has charge and keeps everything going at a brisk rate...The steamers of the Coal Exchange gave their annual outing at Arctic Springs yesterday and all present had a good time...The boats at Evansville carried more people during the summer than during any previous season. They have had great water and fine weather for the excursion business...The Chaperon is carrying crowds from Bowling Green to Mammoth Cave...The Evansville packets are coming and going on time and giving satisfaction to passengers and shippers...A correspondent asks which boat did the late Capt. Frank Carter command when the Baltic and Diana ran their race from New Orleans to Louisville in '58? The Baltic beat the Diana, and Capt. Frank Carter was in command of her. The Baltic's time was four days, twenty-one hours and twenty-seven minutes. The Diana's time was four days, twenty-two hours and eleven minutes...Charlie Hill, second clerk of the Clyde, has been arrested at Paducah for shooting a deck hand in the foot...The members of the Coal Exchange enjoyed their annual outing at Arctic Springs yesterday. All had a good time...Hepe Bridges is now second clerk on the Belle of Louisville. Gould Charlie Curran has gone to Leitchfield, Ky., to conduct a bank...The Sprague, now on her way here from New Orleans, has forty-six empty coal boats and six barges, a big tow for one boat to handle...The Raymond Horner and Ironsides left Pittsburg Wednesday with tows of coal for this city...The rise at Pittsburg did not pan out as anticipated...There is a big rise in the Kentucky river at Ford and above...The Douglass Hall is repairing boilers at Cincinnati...Only a few more low-rate excursion trips to Cincinnati on the big fine boats, another one Saturday on the City of Cincinnati. See advertisement elsewhere in this issue.—Courier-Journal...Lots of logs coming down the Kentucky river now on a good rise...The City of Louisville will look fine and be in splendid condition when she comes out again...The work on lock No. 37 of the series of locks from Pittsburg to Cairo is progressing very satisfactorily. It is estimated that, despite all weather conditions, the work will be finished far ahead of the time set for its completion...Four million bushels of coal is expected to leave Pittsburg on the recent rise...The Jim Wood turns over her tow at Cairo to the tow B. Williams and the Jim brings a tow of empties from St. Louis...The new towboat Edenbern is ready for a trial trip at Cincinnati. Howard built the boat and Barnes furnished the boilers and machinery...The W. P. Hill took the coal operators to their outing at Arctic Springs yesterday...The City of Cincinnati will go into Cincinnati Sunday morning with a record-breaking trip. She will leave to-morrow on her low-rate excursion trip with as big a crowd as ever carried. The river is at a fine stage for making the trip up and back.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS RECORDED YESTERDAY.

Activity of the Market Shown by Deeds Filed in Courthouse.

Fred Stoll to Anna Maria Stoll, 30 feet, west side of Twenty-fifth, 90 feet south of Bank ..... $1, etc.

M. G. B. C. des Moustiers Merinville, etc., to Philip Wirth, Sr., 50 feet, north side of Oak, 157 feet west of Clay ..... 1, etc.

Elizabeth Muir to Minnie Callaway, 33 2-12 feet east side of Haldeman avenue, 181 4-12 feet north of first alley north of Frankfort avenue. 3,001

Lydia C. Wier to Martha D. Cheney, undivided one-fourth interest in remainder in 35 6-10 acres and 156 4-10 acres 850

Robert T. Beck and wife to M. J. McClusky, 326 feet, northeast side of Drescher Bridge and first alley north of Letterle ..... 1, etc.

M. J. McClusky and Robert T. Beck, 60 feet north side of Letterle, 375 feet east of west line of Drescher Bridge street ..... 1, etc.

Levi Collins to Charles Phillips, lot 21, block 9, series A, Boulevard addition ..... 1, etc.

Charles Phillips and wife to Mary J. Jones, lot 11, block 9, series A, Boulevard addition ..... 1, etc.

Dennis J. Sullivan and wife to Antoine Brach, one-half interest in 23 feet, north side of Market, 82 feet east of Fifth ..... 1, etc.

Louisville Trust Company to Lawrence J. Smith, lot 4, block 1, Meadowbrook 200

Christina Lattis to Malinda Goemmer, 25 feet southeast side of Wickliffe, 101½ feet southwest of Edward; valuable consideration.

Ferdinand Schmidt and wife to Herbert H. Dickie, 6 28-100 acres 110

Charles J. Blake to W. F. Tafel, 60 feet, east side of St. Joseph avenue, 337½ feet from southeast corner of Payne .....

Lindenberger Land Company to Ida L. W. Metzner, 50 feet west side of Peterson avenue, 647½ feet south of Frankfort avenue .....

Louis Kaufman and wife to Leo P. Kaufman, 40 feet, west side of Willow, 115 feet south of Collins court.. 600

FOR GOOD, CLEAN

Pittsburg Coal

TRY ECLIPSE COAL CO.

339 W. MARKET ST.

1st Pool..... $3.50 Per Load | $14.00..... Per 100 Bus
4th Pool..... $3.25 Per Load | $13.00..... Per 100 Bus.

Phones Home 1821—918. Cumb. 1821—1822—242—314. WM. EVERING, Mgr.

Economy to build with second-grade Brick when you can get our

"Last a Lifetime"

Hydraulic Pressed Brick

at the price asked for the antiquated, old-style Brick.

HYDRAULIC BRICK CO., LOUISVILLE, KY.

$ DOLLARS FOR YOU $

Plant a Dollar Now. Get Two Next Year.

You can do this if you buy a lot in the Progress Land Co.'s subdivision on O street, between Seventh st. and Taylor Boulevard, street and sidewalk made, at $10 per foot. No other lots in South Louisville on made street can be had for less than $22.50 per foot; close to L. and N. R. R. shops, Ky. Wagon Works and other large plants. Rents are better here than any other section of the city. Buy now at the reduced prices.

THOS. BOHANNAN & CO., 247 Fifth St.

Tel.—Cumb. Main 1101—A. Home 3756. List your property with us for sale.

Do You Know

That We Give

our personal attention to the delivery of all orders intrusted to us?

Buy our Genuine 4th Pool Hand-screened Pittsburg, 100 bu. $13

Atlas Coal Co.

Office 436 West Jefferson.

CHAS. L. CRUSH, Pres. and Gen. Mgr.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

75c to Cincinnati

$1.00 ROUND TRIP

On Steamer City of Cincinnati, Saturday, Aug. 25, at 5 p. m., good returning Aug. 26 or 27. Phones 141.

LOUISVILLE and EVANSVILLE PACKET CO. For Owensboro, Evansville and way points. Steamer MORNING STAR, Monday and Friday; Steamer TARASCON, Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m. Freight received daily. Wharfboat foot of Fourth. Both phones 495-827.
C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

Take Your Excursion ON THE **Beautiful Kentucky River**

The up-to-date recently renovated steamer

FALLS CITY

Leaves Louisville for Valley View every Monday, 3 p. m., and every Friday, 3 p. m., for Frankfort, Ky. Nothing more beautiful in this or foreign countries. Office 178 Fourth ave, Home phone 135.

PROPOSALS.

Notice.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Kentucky State Board of Control for Charitable Institutions, at Frankfort, Ky., until 10 a. m., September 6, 1906, when they will be opened, for coal to be furnished to the Western Kentucky Asylum for the Insane at Hopkinsville, Ky., for one year, beginning October 1, 1906, and ending September 30, 1907.

At the Central Kentucky Asylum for the Insane, at Lakeland, Ky., beginning September 16, 1906, and ending August 31, 1907.

At the Eastern Kentucky Asylum for the Insane, at Lexington, Ky., beginning October 1, 1906, and ending September 30, 1907.

At the Kentucky Institution for Feeble-minded Children, at Frankfort, Ky., beginning September 16, 1906, and ending August 31, 1907.

Bids will be received for coal delivered to the aforesaid institutions at the boiler house or coal house, as designated by the superintendents of said institutions, except that at Hopkinsville, Ky., a part of said coal must be delivered to the pumping station.

Bids will be received on straight run of mine and nut and slack coal mixed in equal proportions.

The contractor will be required to give bond for the faithful performance of his contract, the board reserving the right to nullify the contract at any time that in their discretion the quality of the coal furnished is inferior. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

PERCY HALY, President.

Bids Invited.

Sealed bids will be received by the Secretary of the Democratic State Primary Committee on September 10 for printing the ballots to be used in the Democratic primary, to be held November 6, 1906, together with all other necessary paraphernalia, such as stencils, pads, etc. Parties desiring to bid on this work can secure necessary information by addressing the undersigned at Democratic headquarters, New Seelbach, Louisville, Ky. The committee reserves the right to reject all bids.

MOTT AYRES, Secretary.

Notice To Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the secretary of the Louisville School Board until 12 m., Saturday, September 1, 1906, for erecting a brick smokestack at the Fourth Ward School according to specifications on file in this office. Proposals must be accompanied by 5 per cent. of the amount of bid. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CHAS. C. MARTIN, Secretary.

STUYVESANT PIANOS

Crippen-Allen Piano Co.

Fourth Ave. ... ...Opposite Post-office.

Don't worry if your salary you can't save; let others struggle for poor, earthly pelf; the strenuous life leads quickly to the grave; so, take things easily and enjoy yourself. And get Wintersmith's Tonic if are you are troubled with malaria. At all drug stores.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—The towboat H. M. Hoxie, which exploded April 8 near Portland, O., arrived in the harbor yesterday. The wood work and hull of the boat are in fairly good shape and she will be placed on the Elizabeth marine ways for repairs. The boilers and repairs will cost about $12,000. The water had fallen to 7.2 feet at Davis Island dam this evening. The Ben Hur was in and out from Parkersburg. Three packets are scheduled for inspection next week. The Columbia Monday and the Kanawha Tuesday at Pittsburg and the Buckeye at Wheeling Wednesday. Capt. J. Frank Tilley, Capt. J. A. Henderson, H. D. Blackburn, M. A. Hanna and W. H. Crump will attend the thirty-fifth annual convention of the National Board of Steam Navigation which convenes in New York September 25.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 16.2 feet and falling. To-day's arrivals were: Greenland from Pomeroy and Charleston, Tacoma from Maysville and Indiana from Louisville. The departures were Greenland for Pomeroy, Tacoma for Maysville and Indiana for Louisville. The Keystone State left for Pittsburg to-night. This is the first through boat which has left for Pittsburg from Cincinnati for several weeks. There were no towboat movements in the local harbor to-day except those of the local boats taking care of the fleets. The Robert F. Gilbert passed up early for Kanawha with a tow of empties. Clear and hot.

Madison, Ind., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—River 15.3 and falling. Fair and hot.

Evansville, Ind., Aug. 23.—River 14 feet; falling. Warmer; cloudy.

Cairo, Ill., Aug. 23.—River 20.6; rising. Arrived: Fred Hartweg, St. Louis, 10 a. m.; Beaver, St. Louis, 11 a. m.; City of Savannah, St. Louis, 6 p. m. Departed: Peoples, Vicksburg, 9 a. m.; Herman Puepcke, lower Mississippi, 5 p. m.

St. Louis, Aug. 23.—River 11.3; falling. Cloudy; hot. Departed: Stacker Lee, Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—River 12.1, a rise of four-tenths in twenty-four hours. The Kate Adams departed at 5 p. m. for Arkansas City. The Government steamer Search arrived from Point Pleasant, Mo.

AMUSEMENTS.

FONTAINE FERRY PARK

"The Park Beautiful."
Afternoon and Evening.
HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE.
Patty Bros., Mills & Morris, Fernande-May Duo, Lee Martyne & Nelsen, Gill Brown, Kinedrome.
SKATING CONTEST NIGHTLY
To Determine Most Graceful Lady Skater
FREE BAND CONCERTS
By Cook's Military Band.

Matinee To-day—
Every Day, 15 and 25c
To-night, 25 and 50c
BIG SCENIC PRODUCTION—
THE AVENUE
H. WOOD'S
CHINATOWN
CHARLIE
HARRY FIELDS AND BIG CAST
Next Week—Young Buffalo.

ALL WORK, NO PLAY, Makes Jack a Dull Boy.

Stop In at Haager's Bowling and Billiard Rooms. Besides the social enjoyment the exercise is beneficial to health and is conducted on strictly moral and orderly basis.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—By WM. T. SUMMERS, Agent, 416 Fifth st.: 6 rooms, hall, bathroom, hot and cold water, cellar, etc. Nice place $25 00

Two-story brick, 1121 Eighth, suitable for boarding-house, 10 rooms, bath, gas, etc. 25 00

Dwelling, 1008 Sixth, 6 rooms, hydrant, attic, cellar, etc. 17 50

1827 Crop, 3 rooms 6 00

Flat, 909 Third; all modern, 5 rooms, attic, bathroom, etc. 30 00

Nice 1st-floor flat, 119 E. Jacob, 6 rooms, bathroom, gas fixtures, etc.; separate entrance 25 00

Flat, 821 W. Jefferson, 3 rooms, bath, gas fixtures, etc. 15 00

Flat, 1601 W. Walnut, 3 rooms, sink and faucet 9 00

3 nice rooms, good repair, 226 E. Main 8 50

3 good front rooms, 522 E. Jefferson 8 00

5 rooms, 2d floor, 1621 Portland ave 8 00

3 rooms, 1709 Bank 8 00

4 rooms, 1055 Gallagher 7 50

Large storeroom, 142 E. Jefferson ... 45 00

Storeroom and 10 living rooms, 700-702 E. Chestnut; has large stable; water 35 00

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Suite of 3 rooms, northwest corner Second and Walnut, 1st floor; suitable for doctor, dentist, modiste or other light business; also suite of 2 rooms.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Unfurnished front room; gas, bath, elevator. WILKES BLDG., 562 Fourth.

FOR RENT—First-class furnished rooms, 733 Third st. Home Tel. 4621.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—2 floors and basement, 833 W. Main st.; suitable for wholesale or storage; elevator. Inquire 835 W. Main.

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Farm, 215 acres, 8 miles from city, on Eighteenth-st. car line. Apply to G. D. ALSOP, Valley Station, Jefferson county, Ky.

FOR RENT—Unexcelled Fourth-ave. location for dining-room or restaurant; low rental. WILKES BLDG., 562 Fourth.

FOR RENT—Desk room and desk; $4 month. 562 Fourth, room 3.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—To launder lace curtains, lace spreads, delicate laces and embroideries of all kinds; all work done by hand. Call either 'phone. GEM LACE CURTAIN LAUNDRY. **

WANTED—To buy old feathers, furniture and carpets. AMERICAN FEATHER AND FURNITURE CO., 137 E. Market st.; Home phone 727; Cumb. Main 2181-Z. *

WANTED—To press your clothes; suits sponged and pressed, 40c; pants, 10c. Called for and delivered. A. FRANKENSTEIN, Masonic bldg. Both 'phones. *

WANTED—To buy all kinds of STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES; also merchandise. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 West Jefferson. *

WANTED—Household goods of all kinds. Highest price paid for feathers. J. COHEN, 259 E. Market. Phone 7327. *

WANTED—Board in private family, by young man, reference required; answer at once. Address B 42, this office. *

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 256 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd. *

WANTED—To buy bicycles, all kinds. 'Phone 5614. SMITH BICYCLE COMPANY, 513 Third st. *

WANTED—To renovate your ostrich feathers. FALLS CITY STRAW WKS., 713 W. Jefferson. *

WANTED—All kinds of masks and costumes for rent. KUPRION, 508 Fifth. *

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED — Salesman. A wide-awake man to carry a well-known line of fountain pens through the Southern States as a side line, on commission. Give experience and line or lines now handling. THE MODERN PEN CO., 22 Thames st., New York.

WANTED—Experienced traveling salesmen for parts of Kentucky and Tennessee; none but those with established trade need apply. AMERICAN CLOTHING CO., 1405-1411 Preston st.

WANTED—2 more salesmen; good proposition, with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson. *

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—NIGHT INSTRUCTION in bookkeeping, shorthand, advertising, telegraphy, civil service, salesmanship and commercial law given Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings 7 to 9:30, by competent, experienced, practical teachers; course in any of above subjects is offered upon the most liberal and lowest terms; an investigation will pay. Call to-night for details. W. H. TRUMAN, 551 Fourth ave. *

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 514 W. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky. *

WANTED—Bakery foreman. Strictly first-class baker can secure position in an Atlanta, Ga., plant; salary $180 to $195 month, according to ability. Do not answer without giving full record and references. Address "BAKER," care 111 W. Kentucky st., Louisville, Ky. *

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE; park hands, hotel help, tinners, plumbers, iron workers, housemen, men with wives, families, farmers, dairymen, foremen, clerks, watchmen, factory hands, mechanics, professors, etc. DR. MILLER, 228 Third. *

WANTED—Contractors; we furnish men of all nationalities as laborers; Poles, Italians, Hungs or Slavs; we have satisfied others and can satisfy you. BOSTON SHIPPING AGENCY, 18 Norfolk st., New York.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps men between ages 21 and 35. An opportunity to see the world. For full information apply in person or by letter to 230 W. Jefferson st., Louisville, Ky. *

WANTED—GO TO SEA! If you are between 17 and 25 years of age, or a mechanic under 35, call at the Recruiting Office in the Federal building, and investigate positions in the navy.

WANTED—Men; light work and $8 will take you from New York to London or Liverpool; more wanted in your city. BOSTON SHIPPING AGENCY, 18 Norfolk st., New York.

WANTED — Glass bevelers, roughers, smoothers and scratch polishers. Address THE CINCINNATI BEVELING AND SILVERING CO., 430 Oliver st., Cincinnati, O. *

WANTED—Men. Our catalogue explains how to learn barber trade quickly. Write nearest branch. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, Ohio. *

WANTED—An experienced dairyman, white or colored; must come well recommended. Address JAMES SIMPSON, Homewood Farm, Anchorage, Ky. *

WANTED—A young man of good address (experienced preferred), to solicit orders for lithograph work. Address FALLS CITY LITHOGRAPH CO. *

WANTED—$100; first-class office man to take charge of local branch; must have $2,000 cash; money secured. Address Z 139, this office. *

WANTED—Boys between 14 and 16 years of age to work in mill department. Apply to REGAN MANTEL CO., 633 Fourth. *

WANTED—Young men to learn electrical trade. Call at 308 Tyler building, 8-10 a. m., 12-2 p. m.

WANTED — Order clerk familiar with lumber and mill work. Address GG 35, this office. *

WANTED—Men to interest their wives and families in the MOTHER'S BREAD contest. *

WANTED—Bricklayers at Paducah, Ky.; $5.50 per day. CONTRACTOR WEIKEL

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—1,000 GIRLS; all good of women kind get places with the best citizens free of charge; come ready to work. LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 236 Third st.; very excellent ones command high wages. Attend. *

WANTED—Competent dressmaker to be forelady in dressmaking department in large Southern department store. Reply stating age, by mail to MRS. J. T. C., care David Baird & Son, city. *

WANTED—Ladies. We teach hairdressing, manicuring, facial massage, etc., quickly. Write nearest branch for catalogue. MOLER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, O. *

WANTED — Cooks, housekeepers and maids to order only MOTHER'S BREAD. Then save the labels and get premiums and votes in the big cash contests. *

WANTED — Stenographer, bookkeeping knowledge preferred; must write well and be neat; $8 week. HAMMERLE, Clerical Employment, Columbia bldg. *

WANTED—White nurse for baby 3 years old, thoroughly experienced; also experienced cook. No others need apply. Flat 4, 1791 Third avenue. *

WANTED—Girls; experienced vest makers; steady work; good wages. Apply AMERICAN CLOTHING CO., 1402-1411 Preston st. *

WANTED—Two girls; good salary and steady employment. Apply 538 Fifth. *

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Chauffeur wants position with private family, city or country, or take charge garage at night; understands charging of electrics; salary reasonable; 3 years' experience in and around city of Boston, Mass. Address D 151, this office. *

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Collarette set with amethyst, Roman finish, Wednesday night, August 15, at Fontaine Ferry Park. Return, receive reward. 114 Front st., Jeffersonville, Ind. *

Haldeman Warehouse,

S. W. Cor 3d and Green.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

Household Goods $1.50 to $5 per Mo. Boxes in Vault 25c to 50c per Mo.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO., LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, LOANS ON SALARY OR ANY SECURITY. LOWEST RATES. YOUR OWN TERMS. UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO., 413 WEST MARKET STREET, SECOND FLOOR. HOME PHONE 1515. OUR AGENT WILL CALL.

THE PEOPLE'S CHOICE. FALLS CITY LOAN COMPANY. Oldest and most reliable firm in Louisville loaning money on furniture and other chattel security. Phone Home 2916, and our representative will call. FALLS CITY LOAN COMPANY. 407 Fourth St. Cor. Fourth and Jefferson. Over Tea Store.

$5.00 to $200. WE LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., Without Removal. LONGEST TIME — LOWEST RATES. Easy Payments—Strictly Private. AMERICAN LOAN CO., 421 W. Jefferson st., second floor.

FIDELITY LOAN CO. MONEY LOANED ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC. SPECIAL RATE, TIME AND PAYMENTS FOR THE SUMMER MONTHS. FIDELITY LOAN CO., 502 FOURTH AVE., SECOND FLOOR.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others upon their own names, without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments; offices in 60 principal cities; save yourself money by getting our terms first. TOLMAN, Room 219 Equitable bldg.

WE LOAN THE PEOPLE On Furniture, Pianos or Salary. Low Rates. Private and Confidential. KENTUCKY LOAN CO., Room 1, 422 Fourth. Home 2495.

LOANS on furniture or salary. Lowest rate, easiest payments. GLOBE SECURITY AND TRUST CO., S. e. cor. Fourth and Market, 2d floor. Telephone Home 2967 and our representative will call on you.

PATRONIZE HOME CAPITAL. WE do all that others claim to do. LOUISVILLE LOAN CO., Room 1 Courier-Journal bldg., 515 Fourth.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Modern suburban 8-room frame, with all appurtenances such as go to make up an ideal country home; with 2 acres of ground, nicely shaded, on electric line, one mile this side of Jeffersontown; price asked $7,000.

ALSO

The biggest bargain ever offered in Main-st. realty; will net 7 per cent. This is a corner lot and will bear the closest inspection; price $20,000.

ALSO

6-room frame cottage, on Bergman ave., with stable; price $1,600. O. S. KING, BABYE & CO., 516 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—Four modern cottages, just completed; four rooms, bath, lavatory, toilet, hot water boiler, etc.; high-grade mantel, six-panel birch Korelock doors, three coats paint outside; lot 37½x125; Woodland ave. and Hazel st.; price $1,750. $300 cash and $15 per month. GEO. W. GRANT, 216 Fifth st. (Kenyon Bldg.). Home phone 2584.

FOR SALE—FOURTH-ST. DWELLING—Pressed brick of 11 rooms and furnace, situated on corner; fine location; BIG BARGAIN at $7,000 as a home or investment. Key at our office. BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth st. *

FOR SALE — Beaut

LOCAL MAN AS PATROL JUDGE

Popular Sporting Writer To Act At Douglas Park Meeting.

PROGRAMME BOOK SENT OUT.

Good Card of Races Announced For First Two Weeks of Sport At New Track.

OTHER GOSSIP OF THE TURF.

TOM CHIVINGTON, one of the best-known sporting writers in the West, who came here several months ago to accept the position of sporting editor of a local paper, will be the new patrol and associate judge during the coming race meeting at Douglas Park. The appointment was announced yesterday by Manager Hachmeister, who says Mr. Chivington's duties will in no way interfere with his newspaper work.

Manager Hachmeister says it was at the request of Judge Hamilton and Secretary Nathanson that he appointed Mr. Chivington to this important position. Mr. Chivington has done a great deal for the turf in the West, especially in Kentucky, and has also done much to straighten out the turf muddles that have arisen. Although he has been living here only a short time, he was selected because he was considered a competent man for the position and to gratify the wishes of Messrs. Hamilton and Nathanson.

The position selected for Mr. Chivington will enable him to render valuable service. He will be stationed at the head of the stretch, where he will be able to observe the actions of the jockeys as they make the final turn for home, and if he sees any peculiar actions he will be in a position to make a report to Judges Hamilton and Nathanson.

Mr. Chivington will be in close touch with the officials throughout the meeting, and will know of any peculiar angle in the betting, and will be prepared to keep a close eye on any "suspected" person. He has had considerable experience in this line, having previously been associated with Messrs. Hamilton and Nathanson at Harlem, as well as with Judge M. N. McFarlan at Worth, and with the late Col. M. Lewis Clark at Chicago.

* * *

The racing book for the first two weeks of the meeting at Douglas Park was received last evening by Manager Hachmeister, and shows an attractive set of events that will bring together some of the best horses that have sported in the West this season.

The feature of the opening day will be the Douglas Park Handicap. This event is to be at one and one-sixteenth miles, and is for three-year-olds and upward. The race carries a value of $1,000, of which $200 goes to the second horse and $100 to the third. The entries will be made next Thursday, and the weights will be announced early Saturday morning, and declarations will have to be made that day.

In addition to the Douglas Park Handicap five other big events will be decided. The opening race of the afternoon, which will start at 2:15 o'clock, will be a six-furlong dash for three-year-olds and upward. It is an allowance affair, and horses that have not pulled down $1,500 in the past eighteen months will get a pull in the weights, so some new star in the sprinting line may be seen in action.

The second race is also a purse affair, and like the initial event carries a value of $500. It is for two-year-olds, and some of the speediest youngsters will be seen in action. The third race is at one mile, being a selling affair for three-year-olds and upward. After this race comes the main event of the opening day, the Douglas Park Handicap, and it will be followed by another six-furlong dash, for three-year-olds and upward. The sixth race is at one and one-eighth miles for three-year-olds and upward.

* * *

The only criticism of the programme for the opening day is that Secretary Nathanson made the purse race for the two-year-olds at five furlongs, which is a rather short dash for them at this time of the year. However, with a good starter the eligibles should put up a lively argument.

The programme for the remainder of the first two weeks of the meeting is well handled, a handicap or a purse event being carded for each afternoon. On this afternoon the two-year-olds will be asked to step five and one-half furlongs, and on the third day of the meeting a race has been arranged for them at six furlongs. The various races are at different distances, which will enable the horsemen to cater some of their horses in at least one race each afternoon.

* * *

The track at Douglas Park is rapidly being put in shape for the opening, and horses now working there are making exceptionally fast time. It is not a common thing for selling platers to step six furlongs in something like 1:13, and when the stake horses get down to action in a real race they will set some speedy marks for their performance.

* * *

George Waterbury Langdon will not start his crack three-year-old filly Flip Flap in the Saratoga Cup next Saturday. Flip Flap is training nicely, and her health is excellent, but neither Langdon nor his trainer, Jack Goldsborough, cares to give her a stiff gallop of one mile and three-quarters her first time out since the Brighton Handicap, in which she was rather badly used, says a special from Saratoga.

This decision of Langdon's deprives the Cup of one of the best of its potential candidates, but it is perhaps wise at that. There are other races after the Cup, and it would not be wise to risk putting a first-class three-year-old out of commission for a year or more for a purse of about $6,800. The Cup purse is $7,500 gross, but the winner's share, with fees deducted, is not more than $6,800.

When it became known at the track this afternoon that Mr. Langdon had decided not to try for the Cup, the experts concluded that the race would be between Go Between and Sir Huon, the Falsetto colt which won the Latonia and Kentucky Derbies and the Queen City Handicap before he went down to Sheepshead Bay and landed the rich Commonwealth. Sir Huon has been herg the better part of the month and is in tip-top condition. He worked cleverly the other day, when he turned one mile and a quarter in 2:10. He has done some good galloping this week.

* * *

Since there is no race preliminary to the Cup for Sir Huon, there is none for Go Between. But that stout little stallion does not need another brush under colors as badly as does Sir Huon. He was made thoroughly tired in the Great Republic, in which he had to take up 129 pounds. His Cup preparation was promoted materially by his race of last Saturday, and Alex Shields, who left last night for New York to attend to some business, says he will be ten or fifteen pounds a better horse next Saturday.

Go Between thrives on racing. He is getting plenty of work this week under the direction of William Shields. The young Canadian understands the little bay as well as any man in the world, and he assures his friends that Go Between will go to the post Saturday with muscles as hard as steel, but with enough energy to run the race of his life. Young Shields believes that if Go Between had had a good, stiff race under his belt in advance of the Great Republic, he would have given a better account of himself, although he concedes that the weights were all against the little horse.

Sir Huon, Shields says, will have to be in first-class condition Saturday to beat Go Between, although the big bay from the West will have up only 110 pounds to Go Between's 127. The weight scale at this time of the year favors the three-year-old.

Because of the reckless American system of starting two-year-olds early in the season, horses do not retain their vitality in this country as long as they do in England and France, where they are properly protected in tender youth. The American horse is at his best in the autumn of his three-year-old season, and he should carry as much weight then as is ever put on his back.

* * *

It is not believed now that the Cup will have more than three or four starters. Besides Go Between and Sir Huon, it is probable that Whimsical and Samson will be sent along.

Whimsical has a bunch on one of her ankles, and she was a trifle sore after the Great Republic, but she is ready and her people will, it is believed, start her while she can stand. It is not likely that she will do much racing on that bad leg around New York in the fall. She will probably be put away after the Saratoga meeting, to the end that she may go to the post next season in first-class condition.

Whimsical is too valuable a mare to take chances with. She is one of the cleverest three-year-olds of either sex seen hereabouts in years, and there is no reason why she should not make a first-class four-year-old. She has had more than one horse's share of bad luck this season. She suffered from a bad ride in the Broadway, at Gravesend, and she suffered from a bad ride in the Advance, at Sheepshead Bay. Also she was poorly handled in the Brighton Handicap.

A horse of her class, fortunately fixed in stake dates, should with fair luck win $46,000 or $50,000 in a season. But if she has not been lucky enough to win the money she was entitled to on her class, Whimsical has at least done her full duty, and now that she has a bad leg, she deserves a rest of three or four months. Indeed, it would be the utmost folly to keep her going. She would win but little, and that at the expense of her future prospects.

* * *

Last week when Jockey Radtke was suspended by his stable it was said that it would be weeks before he would be seen in the saddle again, says the New York Sun. The next day it was found that the second call on the boy's services, held by James R. Keene, would permit of his riding for that stable at least. Last Saturday he rode Mohawk II. for Mr. Sanford, and to-day the lid must have been lifted fairly, for Radtke had several mounts, and one of them was for his contract employers, the Raineys. All attempts to get the facts of the lifting of the ban against the boy were fruitless. The few familiar with the cause declined to talk, but the general story was that it was by order of Mr. Rainey and in defiance of the wishes of Trainer May.

With this tale came a repetition of the rumor that has been current for several days that the Messrs. Rainey and their trainer were about to part company. The stable has been a liberal purchaser this year, going into the market for the very best that has been offered, but returns have been lacking, either through a run of hard luck or mismanagement of some sort. In the absence of confirmation the rumor is given for what it is worth, but no one will be surprised to hear within a day or two that May has stepped aside to give way to another man.

* * *

Adolph Spreckels, of California, got in this afternoon, and he expects to remain in the East through the fall, says a special from Saratoga. Mr. Spreckels usually arrives at the Springs in time for the opening of the Saratoga meeting, but he was detained in California this summer unduly by the work of rebuilding stricken San Francisco. Mr. Spreckels says everything is booming in the Golden Gate. The rebuilding of the houses destroyed in the earthquake last spring is progressing famously.

Bricklayers are getting $9 a day and carpenters $7. Not in the history has there been so much money in the city. The vaults of the several banks are full to overflowing.

Mr. Spreckels is the proprietor of the Napa Stock Farm, and he will have a big bunch of yearlings to sell at Sheepshead Bay.

These youngsters are by his recently imported stallions Marius II. Solitaire II., The Judge and Crichton. Solitaire II. and Marius II. were bought for Mr. Spreckels in England by Enoch Wishard, and Solitaire II. was the sire of Senator Patrick Henry McCarren's clever two-year-old of last season, Voorhees.

Voorhees took place money in last summer's Saratoga Special. He has not been out this season, although Newton Bennington predicted last winter that he would make the cleverest sprinter in the United States. Voorhees developed a bad knee, and he had to be turned out. He may not be taken up again until next spring.

* * *

Mars Cassidy has been engaged to alternate with A. B. Dade at the Oaklawn track in Hot Springs next winter. The meeting there will open on February 4. For the opening the regular crew from the Crescent City track, Clarence McDowell, Frank J. Bryan, Secretary Nathansen and Dade, will officiate. At the end of two weeks they will go back to reopen the fairgrounds, and Cassidy, who will have been working at City Park, will go to Hot Springs. This alternating will go on to the end of the two meetings.

BATTLING NELSON VERY CONFIDENT.

BATTLING NELSON, when told of the statements of the coon, grinned and said: "Gans need not fear I will run from him. If I do any running it will be after him, not from him. It is foolish to talk now about how many rounds the fight will last. It might be one and it might be thirty or more. We might play a wearing-out game, or we might go in for blood from the first tap. No fighter can tell just what he will do until he gets into the ring. Then at any time a chance blow might settle the cathop. I feel sure I am going to win the fight. Never felt more confident of anything in my life. I am at my strongest age. Gans is past the prime of fighters. I have never been knocked out. Gans has. Neither of us will foul. Both of us will fight, I think. I know I will, and you can bet your money that I will win. Speaking of betting, I don't know just why Gans starts off the favorite, and it is not worrying me. It is the fight and not the betting that settles the results, and you will find me there at the finish with the title of world's light-weight champion."

JOE GANS MAKES BOLD PREDICTION.

GANS stated in an interview that he would put the Dane to sleep inside two rounds, and said it in a way that gave his hearers every reason to think he believed it.

"All I fear is that he will run," he added. "I know that I have the science over him, and there is a punch in me that will put him or any other man in our class to sleep. I certainly never felt finer in my life. This climate seems to agree with me. Give me a ten-foot ring on Labor day and any old referee they may name and I'll certainly do the rest.

"I want that belt, and just as sure as Bat and I step into the ring on Labor day, I'm going to have it. I know he can stand a heap of punishment and all that, but I'll be there with a blow that will send him to the count. Meanwhile, I have no fear that Nelson can hit me where it will hurt."

PUGDOM'S EYES ON TEX RICKARD

New Boxing Promoter Now Holds Center of Pugilistic Stage.

EASY TO RAISE MUCH MONEY.

Gans Older Than Nelson By Six Years, But Has Best Record.

OTHER CHAT OF THE RING.

JUST now the biggest man in the pugilistic world is Tex Rickard, the young man who was responsible for the $30,000 purse for the Gans-Nelson fight at Goldfield, Nev., for Labor day.

From a newcomer in the ranks of the Croesuses of the prize ring, the big purse at first had the earmarks of a fake, but the young fellow made good and it is said he could have dug up $100,000 about as easily as he did the smaller sum.

* * *

A Real Prize.

The fight between Gans and Nelson will be the biggest thing in the realm of swat since the defeat of Britt by the Dane at Reno last Labor day. A history of the principals shows them to be on a par.

Joe Gans was born at Baltimore, Md., November 25, 1876, and is therefore nearly thirty years of age. He began fighting in 1894, at the age of eighteen. He stands five feet six and one-quarter inches, and weighs now 139 pounds.

From his debut with Dave Armstrong at Baltimore in 1894 to his appearance in the ring with Dave Holly at Seattle last month, he has piled up a total of 145 ring battles.

Of these he won a total of 113, forty-eight by knockouts, sixty-one by referee's decision and four on fouls. He lost six fights, one by knockout and five by referee's decision. There were twelve draws, thirteen "no decisions" and one fight stopped.

* * *

Negro Has Great Record.

Gans has won 78 per cent. of all his fights of every nature, being 113 of the 145. Eliminate from the computation twelve draws, thirteen "no decisions," four fouls and one stopped fight and he has won 109 out of 113, which is 94 4-5 per cent.

The man who knocked Gans out was George McFadden, at New York, April 14, 1899. Gans won practically all his fights in Philadelphia, but is not accredited with them for the reason that the Quaker City seldom allows a decision.

* * *

What Dane Has Done.

Battling Nelson was born at Copenhagen, Denmark, June 6, 1882, and is therefore a little over twenty-four years old. He began fighting in 1896, when fourteen years old. He is five feet seven inches in height, and weighs when in natural condition about 135 pounds.

In his spectacular ten-year career Battling Nelson has appeared in the ring seventy-five times, not counting numerous exhibitions. In all that time Nelson has never been knocked out. Of these fights he has won a total of forty-six, of which twenty-four were by knockout, twenty-one by referee's decision, and one on a foul. He lost ten fights, nine by referee's decision and one on a foul.

* * *

Nelson Has Fifteen Draws.

Nelson has won 61 1-3 per cent. of all of his fights of every nature, being forty-six out of the seventy-five. Eliminate from the computation fifteen draws, two exhibitions, two fouls and two on decisions, and he has won forty-five out of a total of fifty-four, which is 83 1-3 per cent.

GOTHAM SPORTS LIKE JOE GANS

Expect Finish Battle at Goldfield, Nev., To Be On the Level.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Opinions among local sporting men that Joe Gans will put forth his best pugilistic efforts to obtain victory over Battling Nelson in their coming battle at Goldfield, September 2, continue to accumulate. John Considine is the latest to subscribe to the expression that Gans will try hard to win, and that the lightweight championship battle will be honestly fought.

"Gans," he added, "is well aware of the bad effect that some of his performances in the roped arena have caused in his box-office drawing ability, and I have it from a friend close to the negro that he has made up his mind to fight squarely on Labor day. Gans needs money, and realizes that a victory over Nelson will put many dollars in his pocket from a theatrical tour after the fight.

"The negro wants those dollars very much, and I feel safe in making the prediction that he will try hard to win. To my mind the best guarantee of the sincerity of both men is reflected in the appointment of George Siler as referee. Siler is an absolutely honest official, and nobody knows that fact better than Joe Gans."

GREAT CROWD SEES PRACTICE OF CREWS.

PUTNEY, Aug. 23.—The first appearance of the Harvard and Cambridge crews on tideway to-day drew a large crowd to see the Harvard oarsmen, while this evening there were fully 4,000 spectators. The scene was reminiscent of the last stages of the Oxford-Cambridge practice.

Both crews were afloat late this afternoon, when the flood tide, assisted by a strong east wind, gave plenty of water. The Cambridge men were out in the boat in which they defeated Oxford. Then, changing to their 1905 boat and stroking 34, they showed excellent speed. Three-quarters of an hour later, Harvard rowed to Chiswick, returning in short bursts against a fairly strong stream.

The young Princes, Edward and Albert, of Wales, witnessed the day's practice from the Cambridge launch.

GOLD DUST MAID WINS BIG STAKE

Captures Rich Event At Readville In Three Straight Heats.

VERY CLOSE TO THE RECORD.

Wesley Baron Finishes Inside Distance Flag and Breaks Forward Tendon.

NO ATTEMPT AT GAMBLING.

READVILLE, Mass., Aug. 23.—Gold Dust Maid, driven by Geers, won the $4,500 Ponkapoag Stake for 2:10 trotters at the Grand Circuit meeting at the Readville track to-day. Gold Dust Maid captured every heat or race in the event with more or less ease, although Geers held the mare back until turning into the home stretch, when he drove her to a fast finish, two of the heats being a quarter of a second slower than the record made last year by Ethel's Pride.

In the second heat of the 2:16 trotting event Wesley Baron, of the Geers stable, made a standstill break near the half, but started up again and finished inside the distance. He hobbled off the track on three legs and it was found that he had broken a forward tendon.

There was no attempt at pool-selling or bookmaking to-day. Summary:

The Ponkapoag, 2:10 class trotting; purse $4,500:

Gold Dust Maid, blk. m., by Silverborne (Geers)	1	1	1
Oro, blk. g. (McCarthy)	7	2	2
Mack Mack, b. h. (Helman)	2	6	6
Roberta, b. m. (McHenry)	3	3	4
Van Zandt, b. m. (Devereaux)	4	4	3
Watson, ch. g. (Wickersham)	5	7	5
Helen Norte, b. m. (Rotherford)	6	5	7
Alexander, b. g. (Stimson)	dis		

Time, 2:07¼; 2:08¾; 2:07¾.

2:16 class trotting; purse $1,200; three heats:

Totara, b. m. by Bingen (Titer)	1	1	1
Lady Resolute, b. m. (Lassell)	3	3	2
O. H. W., b. g. (McCarthy)	4	2	3
Grace Cameron, ch. m. (Hibee)	2	4	ro
Wesley Baron, ch. h. (Geers)	5	6	dr

Time, 2:10½; 2:11¼; 2:11¾.

American Horse Breeders' Futurity; three-year-old pacers; purse $1,000; two in three:

Brenda York, b. f., by Moko (Nuckols)	1	1	
John Ward, b. c. (Fowler)	2	2	

Time, 2:13; 2:12½.

O'BRIEN MAY MEET THE ENGLISHMAN

Clever American Boxer Goes Abroad Looking For Easy Money.

PHILADELPHIA Jack O'Brien's voyage to Europe has left many of the fight followers guessing as to his real intentions when he reaches England. About the time that he left, a report came from London that the British champion, Jack Palmer, had issued a challenge to O'Brien to fight for a purse of $3,000. There seems to be some connection between O'Brien's trip and Palmer's challenge.

It is not generally known that O'Brien is pretty well acquainted with Jack Palmer and his method of fighting. When the Briton was only starting in the game, Mr. Hagan, of Philadelphia, watched his work and suggested some good points to him. Palmer has made use of all of them, and has managed to win his way to fame in the world of English pugilism.

Just why Jack Palmer should have become so anxious to meet Jack O'Brien is not plain. O'Brien could outspar him easily when he was in England, and can probably do it again. Palmer has a most unusual method of conducting his business. If he is challenged in England he tells his challenger to fight his training partner, Tom Lancaster, first. Usually the challenger is willing, and Palmer seems to have modeled his final decision on the outcome of the Lancaster match.

If Jack O'Brien does succeed in getting Jack Palmer into the ring the Philadelphian will be making some more of that easy money that has gained him a reputation. Palmer is used to fighting an open fight, and does not often meet a man of the rushing style of O'Brien. When he does he spends most of his time blocking, and O'Brien could wear him down without difficulty.

Although Hugo Kelley has been causing trouble by demanding extra conditions for his fight with Tommy Burns, it is likely that the two will ultimately get together. Tom McCarey is anxious to hold a good heavyweight fight at the Los Angeles Club, September 4, and is using all his influence to make an agreement with Kelley.

The announcement by Jim Jeffries that he is out of the ring altogether seems to have stirred up plenty of action among the heavyweights. The advent of Sam Berger on the scene and his great battle with Philadelphia Jack O'Brien has also served to liven things up. From the talk now circulating among the sports, there ought to be some good battles between the heavy men this fall, and maybe there will be another champion.

It seems now as if George Hackenschmidt, the big wrestler, will try his hand at the fighting game. He is an awfully big man, and very fast on the mat. Apparently he does not possess much boxing science, for Gunner Moir made the statement that he could beat him at boxing any time, and Moir has done quite a bit of training with the Russian giant. Nevertheless, he may have a punch that would be dangerous. One thing is certain, and that is that Hack has more endurance and can take more punishment than the majority of heavyweights now fighting.

Aurelio Herrera, the Mexican boxer, had a chance to explain his version of the Nelson fiasco at Los Angeles when he arrived at Chicago recently. He claimed to have been at weight, but said the house was not large enough for Tom McCarey. The discussion is likely to continue for some time.

BOUND BY BURGLARS.

YOUNG WOMAN SEIZED BY TWO NEGRO MEN.

Gag Placed In Her Mouth and Hands Tied—Intruders Frightened Away.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 23.—[Special.]—With a gag in her mouth and her hands and feet bound tightly, Miss Clara Bader, seventeen years old, of 1014 South Twelfth street, was found by her mother, Mrs. Joseph Vogle, this morning lying on the floor of her room, adjoining the one in which her mother slept.

The girl said two negroes entered her room shortly after midnight, and she was awakened by a streak of white light from a burglar's electric lamp shining in her face. She raised herself to a sitting position. One of the men clapped his hand over her mouth, she swooned, and when she came to she was lying in the open doorway between her room and that of her mother. A white handkerchief was bound around her mouth, her hands were tied behind her back with twine and her feet tied at her ankles with a strip of embroidery work. It is believed the burglars were frightened when they saw Mr. and Mrs. Vogle sleeping in the adjoining room.

LARGEST LOG RAFT IN SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—The steamer Francis H. Leggett arrived to-day from Astoria, having in tow the largest log raft that has ever come into this harbor. It contains 11,000,000 feet of lumber, is 740 feet long, 60 feet in breadth and draws 24 feet of water. A 500-ton lighter on top of the raft was used to store chains in.

THE YOUNG IDEA IS GOING TO SHOOT.

Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 23.—Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., passed through this city to-day, en route to the bear country around Glenwood Springs, where he will hunt and fish for several weeks. He is to be the guest of Lieut. Emory Lamb, of Montrose.

HEAVY SALES IN STEEL COMMON

OPENING GAINS LOST BEFORE NOON HOUR.

CALL MONEY 6 PER CENT. WITH NO LOANS REPORTED.

BIG RISE IN PIG IRON.

New York, Aug. 23.—The feature of the stock market at the opening to-day was the heavy transactions in United States Steel Common and Union Pacific. Steel opened in a block of 25,000 shares at 46⅝ to 46⅞, as compared with 45¾ yesterday's closing price. Ten thousand Union Pacific changed hands at 183, a gain of 1¾ points over yesterday. The Hill stocks also were strong, Great Northern preferred advancing 8 to 327½ over yesterday's high figure, while Northern Pacific was up 3½ points to 217. Elsewhere in the general list the gains ranged from 1 to 2 points.

The local market seemed to take its cue from London where Americans were very strong. Much of the buying over there, however, was believed to be for New York account. The market sold off very generally before the end of the first half hour and most of the early gains were lost. The opening rate for call money was 6 per cent. bid, with no loans reported up to 11 o'clock.

Assignee Appointed.

New York, Aug. 23.—William H. Beverly, formerly chief clerk in the employ of the concern, was appointed assignee to-day of the suspended stock commission house of M. J. Sage & Co., which had its principal offices in Jersey City, with branches throughout the country. Mr. Beverly stated that in checking over the accounts he found the liabilities to be about $333,000, with assets of $116,000. He also said he had filed a bond of $300,000 with the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company of Maryland as surety.

Stock Brokers Suspend.

New York, Aug. 23.—The suspension of the firm of Franklin & Villon, members of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, was announced to-day. The inability of the firm to collect additional margins from customers after the upward movement of the market last week is reported to be the cause of the suspension. A member of the firm to-day estimated the liabilities at $14,000 and assets at $30,000 to $40,000. He said the firm hopes to compromise with its creditors and resume operations.

Runaway Market In Pig Iron.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 23.—Announcement was made here to-day that a number of sales of No. 2 foundry iron have been made within the past two days at $16 per ton and that the market is still advancing. This is a rise of $2.50 per ton since early in July. Producers have sold all their reserve stocks and some of the larger concerns have disposed of all their make of foundry iron until the end of the year. Manufacturers say that a "runaway market" is threatened, so great is the demand.

Largest Loss Ever Adjusted.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—The loss on the Palace Hotel building has been adjusted at $1,302,610. This is more than the insurance companies will have to pay, for the total insurance of the building was only $1,265,000.

It being a total loss, therefore, a liability of a trifle over a million and a quarter will be distributed among ninety-eight companies involved in the loss. This is said to have been the largest loss upon a single risk ever adjusted in this country.

Cereal Suit Settled.

Akron, Aug. 23.—The injunction against the American Cereal Company granted temporarily on a petition of Carl R. Ganter, of New York, was dissolved by Judge Wanamaker. The litigation, it is announced, has been settled, the price accepted by Ganter for the fourteen shares which he owns and controls being approximately $12,000, or four times the value put upon it by President Crowell in his affidavits.

Restraining Order Asked.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 23.—A bill of complaint was filed in the Federal Court here to-day to restrain the Railroad Commission from enforcing an order requiring the main line of the New Orleans and Great Northern to be built into Columbia, Miss. The Mississippi Constitution provides that no railroad shall be built within five miles of a county seat without building into it unless prevented by natural obstructions.

Florists Elect Officers.

Dayton, O., Aug. 23.—In the national convention of the Society of American Florists and Ornamental Horticulturists to-day the following officers were elected: President, W. J. Stewart, of Boston; vice president, John Westcott, of Buffalo; secretary, P. J. Hausworth, of Chicago; treasurer, H. P. Beatty, of Pittsburg.

Butchers Elect Officers.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 23.—At a spirited session of the convention of the United Master Butchers of America last night, Charles G. Deibel, St. Louis, was elected president, and Daniel J. Haley, Troy, N. Y., secretary.

The selection of a place of meeting for the next convention was laid over till to-day.

Newsdealers Adjourn.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—The Newsdealers' convention adjourned last night with the election of the following officers:

President, Samuel Stratton, Paterson, N. J.; vice presidents, William Kessler, Wilkesbarre, Pa., and A. D. Mynders, Albany, N. Y.; treasurer, J. Ettinger, Newark, N. J.; secretary, A. Russell, New York.

There may be no armor against fate, but Wintersmith's Tonic is a preventive of malaria. At all drug stores.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Thursday Evening, Aug. 23.—Call money in the New York market to-day opened at 6 per cent., but on the report that Secretary Shaw would deposit $3,000,000 with about 150 country banks, it eased off to 3½, closing at 3 bid and 3½ asked. Time rates were firm, ranging from 5½ to 6½ per cent. Locally conditions are unchanged. Interest rates are stiff at 5 to 6 per cent., with the borrowing demand strong.

New York exchange is quoted at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing	$1,538,787
Balance	288,430

The local stock market continued in the same old rut to-day. Possibly there was a little more interest shown at the Stock Exchange. West Penn common was strong, 35 being bid. Savannah Electric common was weak, Louisville Traction common and Springfield were quiet. Turner-Day preferred was up ½ to 122½ bid. The common was quiet and unchanged. In the outside market St. Louis United Railways common was firmer and Kansas City Railway and Light common quiet. At the Stock Exchange Louisville Street Railway 5s were $2,000 offered at 111½ and interest and 110 bid. Rochester Railway and Light 5s were offered at 102¼ and interest. Springfield 5s were offered at 98½ and interest. L., H. and St. L. 5s were 108¾ and interest bid for $1,000 and 106½ asked. Louisville Home Telephone 5s were $1,000 offered at 86¼ and interest.

Fifty-five shares of Louisville Traction common were offered at 140¼. For ten shares of Louisville Traction preferred 127 was bid. One hundred shares of Rochester Railway preferred were offered at 101⅞ and 101½ was bid for thirty shares. Savannah common was 22 bid for ten shares, 100 shares offered at 24½ and ten shares offered at 25¼. West Penn common was 35 bid for twenty-five shares and 100 shares offered at 35⅛. Ten shares of the preferred sold at 74½.

Ten shares of American National Bank were offered at 147½ and 146 was bid. Ten shares of Columbia Finance and Trust were offered at 147 and ten shares of Louisville Trust were offered at 188. Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common was ten shares offered at 70¼ and 68½ bid for twenty shares. Twenty shares of Turner-Day common were offered at 120. A bid of 122½ was made for twenty-five shares of the preferred. Central Home Telephone was twenty-five shares offered at 20 and 19½ bid for ten shares. For twenty-five shares of Fayette Home Telephone 26 was bid, and ten shares were offered at 28. Fifty shares of Federal Chemical preferred were offered at 100. For ten shares of Seelbach Realty 92 was bid.

St. Louis United Railways common closed at 48½ bid and 49 asked; the preferred at 81¾ to 82¼, and the 4 per cent. bonds at 85¾ to 85¾. Kansas City Railway and Light common was 55 bid and 57 asked. San Francisco common sold in New York at 65 and the preferred at 72¾. L. and N. unified 4s were quoted at 100½ to 101 and the collateral trust 4s at 97½ to 98. Detroit was 94¾ to 95. International traction common was 54½ to 55 and the preferred 78½ to 79½.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities at the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Last Bid.	Last Asked.
Louisville St. Ry. 5s	*110	111¼
Louisville St. Ry. 4½s	*104½	105½
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s	*100½	101
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*101¾	102¾
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	...	*98½
St. Joseph Ry., L. H. and P. 5s	*102	102¾
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	102½	...
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	*93½	95
Birmingham Ry. and Light 5s	108½	109½
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s	94¾	95¼
Seattle Electric Railway 5s	*104¾	107
L. Ar. and H. Ry. 1st mor. 5s	*95	102
L., H. and St. L. 1st mor. 5s	*108¾	109½
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	...	*98½
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	...	*86¼
Fayette Home Telephone 5s	74	...
Seelbach Realty 4½s	100	102½
Savannah Electric 5s	...	100
Narragansett Elec. Ry. and P. 6s	92	93
Dallas Electric 5s	*91	*97½
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	*101	101¾
Houston Electric 5s	...	*90
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	85¾	91
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	...
West Penn Rys. 5s	...	...
City 4s, imp., 1923	*107	109
City 4s, imp., 1925	...	*107½
City 4s, imp., 1928	...	*108
City 4s, gold, 1937	*109½	...
City 3½s, gold, 1910	*102¾	...
City 3½s, gold, 1943	*100	100½
City 3½s, gold, 1943	*100	100¼
City 3½s, gold, 1943	*100	100¼
City 3s, gold, 1941	...	*92

*Sells with interest.

Stocks.

American National Bank	146	147½
Bank of Commerce	201	...
Citizens' National Bank	205½	...
First National Bank	...	160
German Bank	370	...
German National Bank	370	380
German Security Bank	172	177
Southern National Bank	137	148
Union National Bank	221	225
Stock Yards Bank	121	127
Louisville National Banking Co.	144	145
National Bank of Kentucky	200	210
Third National Bank	103	109
Western National Bank	91	100
Columbia Finance and Trust Co.	...	147
Fidelity Trust Co.	...	205
Louisville Trust Co.	188	188
United States Trust Co.	135	140
Louisville Title Co.	99	100
Bourbon Stock Yards	90	100
Louisville Bridge stock	139	143¼
Louisville Gas stock	140	142
Louisville Heating stock	89	92
Louisville Heating pref.	90	92
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com.	69½	70¼
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. pref.	110¾	121
Turner, Day & Woolworth	120	120
Turner, Day & Woolworth pref.	122½	...
Central Home Telephone	19½	20
Kentucky Home Telephone	169½	170
Louisville Home Telephone	54½	57
New Galt House com.	45	48½
New Galt House pref.	...	100¼
B. F. Avery & Sons com.	90	95
B. F. Avery & Sons pref.	...	103¾
Fayette Home Telephone	26	28¾
Mayfield Woolen Mills com.	...	...
Mayfield Woolen Mills pref.	...	100
Michigan Light com.	85	90¼
Michigan Light pref.	101½	...
Federal Chemical com.	...	62
Federal Chemical pref.	...	100
Seelbach Realty Co.	92	...
Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage	90¼	100
Louisville Traction com.	139⅝	140¼
Louisville Traction pref.	127	...
East St. Louis and Suburban	...	153¾
Rochester Ry. and Light pref.	93	95
Rochester Railway pref.	101½	101¾
Springfield Ry. and Light	83	84½
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com.	...	86
St. Joseph L., H. and P. pref.	...	88
Birmingham Ry. and Light com.	97½	98¾
Birmingham Ry. and Light pref.	102¾	104¾
Nashville Ry. and Light com.	46¾	47¾
Nashville Ry. and Light pref.	82¾	83¾
Seattle Electric com.	83	83¾
Seattle Electric pref.	101	101½
United Rys. Inv. S. F. com.	63	63¾
United Rys. Inv. S. F. pref.	73½	75
Knoxville Ry. and Light com.	54	55
Knoxville Ry. and Light pref.	98½	...
New Albany St. Ry. pref.	85	...
Toledo Railway and Light	31½	32¼
Dallas Electric com.	...	46
Dallas Electric pref.	73½	77
Savannah Electric com.	22	23¼
Savannah Electric pref.	87	91
Memphis St. Ry. com.	66	68
Memphis St. Ry. pref.	83¾	84¼
Houston Electric com.	...	45½
Houston Electric pref.	...	93¾
West Penn Rys. com.	35	35¼
West Penn Rys. pref.	74	74½
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	35¼	36
New Orleans Ry. and Light pref.	81¾	82¼
Colfax, Delaware & Marion Ry.	42	42½
Northern Texas Electric com.	23	23½
Northern Texas Electric pref.	...	85
Paducah Trac. and Light	75	80
Grand Rapids Ry. pref.	...	90
Paducah Trac. and Light com.	...	26½
Paducah Trac. and Light pref.	...	73
Lexington & Interurban	18¼	19
Norfolk Railway and Light	...	18½

Stock Exchange Sales.

The following were the sales at to-day's session of the Stock Exchange:

10 shares West Penn com. 74½

The report of the Puget Sound Electric Railway for the month of June and for the twelve months ending June 30, is as follows:

June.	1906.	1905.	Inc.
†Gross earnings	$57,711	$44,035	$13,675
‡Operating expenses	31,571	27,360	4,211
Net earnings	$26,139	$16,675	$9,464
Proportion earnings Tacoma Ry. & Pr. Co.	6,191	8,428	*2,236
Total net earnings	$32,331	$25,103	$7,227
Interest charges	16,843	15,062	1,780
Balance	$15,488	$10,041	$5,447
Bond sinking fund	2,770	.....	2,770
Balance	$12,718	$10,041	$2,677
Report for twelve months ending	June 30, 1906.	June 30, 1905.	Inc.
†Gross earnings	$678,078	$403,744	$

tuck. But we would not neglect fair returns at present.—(Ware & Leland.

New York.—Copper stocks were the favorites to-day, and were aggressively bought. Sharp advance in Anaconda was accompanied by rumors of an increase in their next dividend, which should come in the fore part of next month. Amalgamated naturally sympathized on expectations of an 8 per cent. rate in this issue. Market continues to look like a bull affair. New leaders are brought forward and made active. Steel stocks while active could not maintain their full advance, but the buying of Steel common in particular seems the very best kind. We still feel that the powers that be can bring the market to a higher level when they consider the time opportune for the movement.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

New York.—There was renewed talk about an increase in the copper dividends, but no facts. Mr. Hill declined to throw any light on the reported ore deal, and this disappointed the street. Secretary Shaw's action in depositing even as much as $3,000,000 in interior banks had a reassuring effect and partly caused the easing off of call money, which closed at a nominal figure. From to-day's market it was clear that the bankers do not care to see a serious setback yet, and that they are doing what they can to keep money easy. There was no very heavy liquidation. The outside public seems to be bullish. The setback has been used by many for making fresh purchases. The recovery may go some further to-morrow. But it is a market in which one should buy only on breaks.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, Aug. 23.—Money on call strong at 3½@6 per cent.; ruling rate 5½; closing bid 3; offered at 3½. Time loans firm; sixty days 6 per cent.; ninety days 6@6½; six months 6; prime mercantile paper 5½@6. Sterling exchange firmer at $4.8445 for demand and at $4.8120 for sixty-day bills; posted rates $4.82½ and $4.85½; commercial bills $4.80¾@4.80¾. Bar silver 60¾c. Mexican dollars 51c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds easy.

With call loans opening at 6 per cent., a further hardening of the rates for time accommodations and no material change for the better in the weak bank position, it was entirely natural that to-day's stock market should develop an irregular tone. Trading at the outset was very heavy, especially in Hill and Harriman issues and at generally higher prices, the market apparently taking its cue from London, where a brisk demand for American securities was reported. It would be interesting, however, to know just how much of this "demand" was for New York account.

The most interesting feature of the day developed with an alleged plan of the Secretary of the Treasury to refund at an early date the 4 per cent. bonds of 1907. This issue amounts to almost $117,000,000 and rumor had it that the Government, as a relief measure, might anticipate the retirement of these bonds with the process of the new 2 per cents. The possibilities of this plan opened the way to much discussion. Trustworthy information shows that there is absolutely no foundation for the notion that the Secretary contemplates renewing his "gold anticipation" order of last spring. Pressure on the local banks was slightly reduced from the Secretary's action in depositing $3,000,000 in interior banks. Foreign exchange showed increased weakness, but the situation with regard to gold imports is still without change. Advices from London indicate that Russia is negotiating for the next consignment of the metal from South Africa, and may outbid American bankers.

The return of the most conspicuous figure in the Great Northern and Northern Pacific properties was the signal for a renewed upward movement in these issues, which shared honors at the opening with Union Pacific and United States Steel. The latter fell back later, however, on authoritative statements that no immediate announcement is likely concerning Great Northern or its ore lands. The early movement in Steel common, which carried it to a high record for this movement savored strongly of manipulation, though trade conditions, according to competent authorities, are better for the current month than at any time in the history of the industry. Manipulation was also a marked feature of the movement in the Copper shares, the strength and activity of Amalgamated and Anaconda being accompanied by reports of larger dividends. Incidentally these issues were helped by an increased dividend in the shares of a minor company and the firmness of the metal in London.

A cursory glance over the list shows that the day's business was limited in large part to half a score of the more active issues. These included United States Steel, Union Pacific, Reading, Amalgamated and Anaconda Copper, St. Paul and Colorado Fuel. Trading in the afternoon was hardly in keeping with the pace set during the morning session, business falling to relatively small proportions, though prices were holding well.

In the final hour call money was freely offered at 3½ per cent., but this was hardly sufficient to offset the steady selling, much of which was presumably induced by fears of an unfavorable bank return at the week's end. Aside from the further rise in Anaconda Copper the list was reactionary and lower. Great Northern losing practically all its gain and the Granger group as a whole selling lower. The closing was active but irregular.

Some ground was recovered by the banks in their operations at the Subtreasury, but their loss is still in excess of $4,500,000. The only railroad return of importance was that of Chicago and Northwestern showing an increase on gross receipts for July of $582,000.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, Aug. 23.—(Special.)—Clearings $8,222,890; balances $962,068. Call money 5@5½ per cent. New York exchange 35c discount bid, 25c discount asked.

Boston, Aug. 23.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $23,210,681; in New York $437,201,493. New York funds sold at 10c discount.

Cincinnati, Aug. 23.—(Special.)—Clearings $3,529,900. Collateral loans 4@4½ per cent. New York exchange 5@10c premium.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—(Special.)—Clearings $33,651,464; balances $2,811,780. New York exchange 30c discount.

Memphis, Aug. 23.—(Special.)—Clearings $486,503.98. Exchange par selling, $1 premium buying.

New Orleans, Aug. 23.—Clearings $2,600,777. New York exchange 75c discount; commercial paper 7@8 per cent.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Close Bid.
Adams Express				250
Amal. Copper	195,900	110	107¾	109¾
Am. Car & Fdry.	6,400	41¾	40¼	40¾
Do preferred	300	101	100¾	100¾
Am. Cotton Oil	300	33¾	32¾	32¾
Do preferred				91½
Am. Express	300	251	251	250
Am. H. and L. pf	200	30	29¼	29
Am. Ice Securities	1,600	77½	76¾	76¾
Am. Linseed Oil				19½
Do preferred				41¾
Am. Locomotive	3,500	70¼	70	70¼
Do preferred				112½
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	27,100	159½	157¾	158¾
Do preferred	500	159¾	157¾	158¾
Am. Sugar Ref.	5,300	141¾	139¾	140
Am. Tob. pf ctfs.	100	101	101	100½
Ana. Mining Co.	89,700	280½	272	280½
Atchison	35,500	102¾	101¼	102½
Do preferred	200	101	101	100
Atl. Coast Line	300	147	144½	145
B. and O.	6,500	117¾	116¾	117¾
Do preferred				94½
B. R. T.	4,800	78¾	77½	77¾
Canadian Pacific	500	169	168¾	168½
Central of N. J.				225
C. and O.	4,200	61¾	61	61
Chicago Gt. W.	1,200	18¾	18¾	18¾
C. and N. W.	13,800	213	209½	211¾
C. M. and St. P.	10,500	191¾	189¾	190½
Chicago T. and T.	100	13	13	12
Do preferred				30
C. C. C. & St. L.	600	96½	96½	96¾
Colo. F. and I.	28,900	59½	57¾	58¾
Colo. and South.	200	37¾	37¾	37½
Do 1st pref.				69¾
Do 2d pref.				51
Con. Gas	3,800	141	139¾	140¼
Corn Prod. rfg.	100	19¾	19¾	19½
Do preferred				70¾
Central Leather	700	40	39¾	39¾
Do preferred	100	103	103	102
D. and H.	1,000	218½	216	217½
D., L. and W.				510
D. and R. G.	1,100	44¾	43¾	44
Do preferred				83
Dist. Securities	2,000	61¾	60¾	60¾
Erie	2,100	45¾	44¾	45¾
Do 1st pref.	700	77½	77½	77¾
Do 2d pref.	1,300	71¾	71	71¾
Gen. Electric	200	168½	167	168
Gt. Northern pf.	12,000	327½	320¼	325½
Hocking Valley				110
Illinois Central	100	175	175	174½
Int. Paper	500	19¾	19	19
Do preferred				91
Int. Pump	500	46¾	45¾	46¼
Do preferred	200	86	86	85
Iowa Central	200	30¾	27¾	29
Do preferred	700	52¾	52	52
Int.-Met.	100	27½	27	27
Do preferred	2,200	77½	77¾	78½
K. C. Southern	500	28	27¾	28½
Do preferred	1,200	59	58	58
L. and N.	6,400	151¾	149¼	149¾
Mexican Central	100	21¾	21¼	21¾
M. and St. L.				67
M., St. P. & Sault Ste M.	100	156	156	155
Do preferred				170
Mo. Pacific	12,800	97¾	95	95¾
M., K. and T.	2,500	36¼	35¾	36
Do preferred				70
National Lead	1,800	79¼	78¾	78½
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.	2,800	43¾	41¾	42
N. Y. Central	14,200	143¾	141½	142¾
N. Y., O. and W.	1,100	47¾	46¾	47
N. and W.	2,900	92¾	91¾	92¼
Do preferred				90½
North American	200	93¾	93½	93
Northern Pacific	18,900	217	214	214¾
Pacific Mail	500	39¾	39¼	39¾
Pennsylvania	44,900	142¾	141¾	141¾
People's Gas				91
P., C., C. & St. L.				81½
Pressed Steel Car	3,700	54¾	54	54
Do preferred				97½
Pullman Pal. Car				237
Reading	114,800	140	137½	139¾
Do 1st pref.	100	94	94	94
Do 2d pref.	100	94	94	94
Republic Steel	4,500	31	30	30½
Do preferred	1,200	114	109¾	109¾
Rock Island Co.	7,200	27¾	26¾	27
Do preferred	1,200	65¾	64¾	64¾
Rubber Goods pf.				100
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf				45½
St. L. & S. W.	100	24¾	24¾	24
Do preferred	500	56¼	55¾	55½
Southern Pacific	78,800	90	88¾	89¾
Do preferred	900	118	118	117¾
Southern Railway	12,900	39	37¾	38¾
Do preferred				90¾
Sloss-Sheffield	500	79	78½	78½
Tenn. C. and I.				120
T. and P.	2,300	34½	33¾	34
T., St. L. and W.	200	24¾	24½	23½
Do preferred	600	51¾	50¾	51¾
Union Pacific	110,200	183¾	181¾	182¼
Do preferred				94½
U. S. Express				124
U. S. Realty				92
U. S. Rubber	500	47¾	46	46¾
Do preferred	300	108¾	108	108¾
U. S. Steel	291,900	46¾	46	46½
Do preferred	24,700	108¾	107¾	107¾
Va.-Car. Chem.	1,300	39½	39	38
Do preferred				108¾
Wabash	1,700	20½	20¾	20½
Do preferred	500	46¾	46	45¾
Wells-Fargo Exp.				300
West'house Elec.	100	150	150	148
Western Union	100	91¾	91¾	91
Wheel. & L. E.				17¾
Wisconsin Cent.				25½
Do preferred	300	51	51½	50¾

*Offered.
Total sales for the day 1,357,800 shares.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, Aug. 23.—Bonds were easy. Total sales, par value, $1,755,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on call.

The following are the closing bid quotations for Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	104¾
Do coupon	104¾
3s, registered	107
Do coupon	163½
Old 4s, registered	103¾
Do coupon	103¾
New 4s, registered	130
Do coupon	130

Miscellaneous Bonds.

American Tobacco 4s	78½
American Tobacco 6s	112¾
Atchison general 4s	102¾
Atchison adjustment 4s	95¼
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	101¾
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	97¾
Do 3½s	93¾
Brooklyn convertible 4s	93¼
Central of Georgia 5s	111
Do first income	97
Do second income	98
Do third income	*88½
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	*107¾
Chicago and Alton 3½s	77
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	98¾
C., R. I. and Pac. R. R. 4s	78¾
Do collateral 5s	92½
C., C., C. and St. L. general 4s	101
Colorado Industrial 5s	76½
Colorado Midland 4s	74½
Colorado and Southern 4s	91½
Cuba 5s	106
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	90
Distillers' Securities 5s	88
Erie prior lien 4s	*103½
Do general 4s	90
Hocking Valley 4½s	106
Japan 6s	100¾
Japan 6s, second series	99½
Japan 4½s	91¾
Japan 4½s, second series	90¾
Japan 4s certificates	83¾
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	95¾
Manhattan consol gold 4s	101½
Mexican Central 4s	76½
Do first income	19
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	94¾
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	100
Do seconds	80½
National R. R. of Mexico consol 4s	85¾
New York Central general 3½s	92¾
New Jersey Central general 5s	126¼
Northern Pacific 4s	103½
Do 3s	76
Northern Pacific and Western consol 4s	101
Oregon Short Line refg. 4s	95
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	101½
Reading general 4s	96¾
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol 5s	114¾
St. Louis and San Francisco fg. 4s	82¾
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	77
Seaboard Air Line 4s	80¾
Southern Pacific 4s	92¾
Do firsts, certificates	98¾
Southern Railway 5s	115½
Tennessee Coal firsts	114¾
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	82
Union Pacific 4s	104½
United States Steel second 5s	98½
Wabash 4s	97¾
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 4s	80¾
Do debenture Bs	81¾
Western Maryland 4s	84¾
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	*88½
Wisconsin Central 4s	90

*Offered.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, Aug. 23.—Money was in fair demand to-day, but the supplies were not so abundant. Discounts hardened, owing to the monetary outlook. Trading on the Stock Exchange was still quiet, but the decline in prices was checked, the quotations in some instances showing a hardening tendency. Consols were maintained. Foreigners felt the effect of Paris buying Russians, and rallied sharply, but Kaffirs were still on the downgrade. The business in Americans was restricted, being consigned to processional trading. After a weak opening an improvement occurred, which carried quotations well over parity. Union Pacific and Erie attracted the most attention. Later the New York opening prices disappointed the market, which eased and closed dull after a moderate amount of business. Japanese imperial 6s of 1904 were quoted to-day at 103¼. Consols for money 87⅛; do for the account 87 9-16; Anaconda 14⅜; Atchison 104⅛; do preferred 104½; Baltimore and Ohio 120½; Canadian Pacific 174; Chesapeake and Ohio 63¾; Chicago Great Western 19⅜; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 197¼; De Beers 18½; Denver and Rio Grande 45⅞; do preferred 89¼; Erie 46⅝; do first preferred 81; do second preferred 73¼; Illinois Central 181½; Louisville and Nashville 158½; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 37; New York Central 147½; Norfolk and Western 95½; do preferred 95; Ontario and Western 49¼; Pennsylvania 73; Rand Mines 6⅝; Reading 71½; Southern Railway 39⅝; do preferred 100; Southern Pacific 91⅝; Union Pacific 187¾; do preferred 99; United States Steel 47⅝; do preferred 111⅜; Wabash 21½; do preferred 48⅛; Spanish fours 93¼. Bar silver steady at 30⅞d per ounce. Money 2@2½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3¼ per cent.; do three months' bills 3 5-16 @3⅜ per cent. Bullion amounting to £20,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day for shipment to South America.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The tone on the Bourse to-day improved on a denial that changes were contemplated in Russian State Bank. Prices were firm throughout. Russian bonds of 1904 were quoted at 472.00. Three per cent. rentes 572 80 centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 18½ centimes for checks.

Berlin, Aug. 23.—Prices on the Bourse today were weak on New York advices. Americans were depressed. Russians were higher. Exchange on London 20 marks 47 pfgs for checks. Discount rate, short bills 3 per cent.; 3-months' bills 3⅝ per cent.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 23.—Prices on the Bourse to-day continued dull. Imperial 4s closed at 70¾, and 1884 4s at 83¼.

Foreign Bank Statements.

London, Aug. 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£1,056,000
Circulation decreased	272,000
Bullion increased	794,213
Other securities increased	708,000
Other deposits increased	131,000
Public deposits increased	1,631,000
Notes reserve increased	1,004,000

Government securities unchanged.

The bank's reserve to liability this week is 50.26 per cent., as compared with 50.07 last week.

The Bank of England's rate of discount remained unchanged to-day at 3½ per cent.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation decreased	38,325,000
Treasury deposits increased	24,075,000
General deposits increased	21,850,000
Gold in hand increased	6,800,000
Silver in hand decreased	3,625,000
Bills discounted decreased	20,825,000
Advances decreased	2,400,000

Calcutta, Aug. 23.—The rate of discount of the Bank of Bengal was raised to-day from 4 to 5 per cent.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, Aug. 23, 1906.

NEW YORK BOND SALES

(Reported by Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.)

Amn. Hide and Leather 6s. $9,000 ..... 93¾
$9,000 91
Am. Tobacco 4s. $50,000 78
$5,000 ..... 78¼
A., T. and S. F. conv. 4s. $122,000 106
$18,000 ..... 105¾
$15,000 ..... 105⅝
$5,000 ..... 105¾
$10,000 ..... 105¾
$20,000 ..... 105¾
$19,000 ..... 105¾
$20,000 ..... 105⅝
A., T. and S. F. 4s. $16,000 ..... 78¼
Cons. Ind. col. tr. 5s. $87,000 77
Cons. Gas conv. 6s. $25,000 ..... 141¾
Del., Lack. and W. 7s. $10,000 132
B. and O. 3½s. $7,000 ..... 93¾
B. and O.-S. W. 3½s. $5,000 90
B. R. T. 4s. $5,000 ..... 93¾
Cen. Ga. conv. 5s. $10,000 111
Cen. Ga. 2d inc. 5s. $42,000 90
Cen. Leather 5s. $8,000 ..... 99½
C. B. and Q. 4s. $18,000 ..... 98¾
C., R. I. and P. R. R. 4s. $16,000 ..... 78¼
Cons. Ind. col. tr. 5s. $87,000 77
Cons. Gas conv. 6s. $25,000 ..... 141¾
Del., Lack. and W. 7s. $10,000 132
Den. and Rio Grande 4s. $6,000 ..... 88½
$10,000 ..... 102¾
Ft. Worth and D. 1st. $10,000 ..... 102¾
Total sales (par value) $1,777,000

Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1906.	Ship'd 1906.	Rec'd 1905.	Ship'd 1905
Agl. imps., lbs.	104,300	94,230	2,532	44,215
Bagging, lbs.		1,300		
Boots and shoes, cases	423	418	315	419
Coffee, lbs.	59,017	32,970	3,350	38,875
Flour, bbls.	1,115	1,760	984	1,545
Furniture, lbs.	11,305	120,350	54,400	114,405
Corn, bush.	44,000	23,800	49,685	24,100
Malt, bush.		240		300
Oats, bush.	16,100	7,700	13,165	14,245
Rye, bush.		1,200	300	
Wheat, bush.	7,200	19,700	13,152	7,500
Hardware, pkgs	373	4,429	699	3,227
Hay, tons	4	20	20	
Bacon, lbs.	138,880	183,172	29,500	279,195
Hams, lbs.		2,580		7,580
Lard, lbs.	28,080	59,805		42,300
Pig iron, tons	539	44	496	52
Leather, lbs.	1,335,114	1,209,000	2,300	87,805
Nails, kegs	1,960	423	1	427
Gr. apples, bbls	305	74	50	217
Onions, bbls.	177	117	20	83
Potatoes, bbls.	225	1,326	1	744
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	27,155	12,101	108,625	6,030
Soap, lbs.	61,050	100,005	7,000	143,345
Sugar, bbls.	500	416	355	612
Tob., leaf, hhds	394	122	228	152
Tob., mfg., lbs.	1,000	236,554	3,270	105,772
Whisky, bbls.	780	1,484	215	1,286
Wool, lbs.	19,365	18,880	11,380	

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.75@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement $2@2.25 per bbl.; lime 80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.25@2 per ton.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 13½c; Western cheddars 13½c; full cream flats and twins 14c; Limburger, dairies 13c; full cream long horns 15c; skim goods 10@11½c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13¾@14½c; Maracaibo 11¼@13½c; Laguayra 11¼@12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25½@28c. Green Rios: Fancy 13½c; choice 12½c; prime 12c; good 11½c; roasting grades 10½@11c. Package: 15½c; roasting grades 14½c in 1-lb. packages.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $4.50@4.75 per bbl.; plain patents $4.30; straights $4.10@4.25; $4.00@4.10 graded $4; winter patents $4.50@5; winter straights $4.25@4.50; low grades $3.75@4; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

FEATHERS—Prime white geese 48@50c per lb.; geese 35@40c; New York ducks, dark and mixed old geese 15@25c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed white duck 25@30c.

FIELD SEED—Selling price from store: Choice timothy $1.80@2 per bu.; prime $1.50@1.75; orchard $1.40@1.50; bluegrass, fancy $1.35@1.50; red top, fancy $8.50@9; English bluegrass $1.70; Southern millet $1; rape 4½c per lb.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 7@7½c; raisins, London layers, per box $2; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; Muscatel raisins, 4-crown, 6½c; French prunes, California new 3½@8¾c; peaches 10@15c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 10@12c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 20@25c; foreign dates 5c; Pard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 8c.

HAY—These quotations are for hal in car lots on track: Choice $13@13.50; clover hay $10@12; wheat straw $6@7; timothy No. 1 $12.50@13; No. 2 $11@12. This is for baled hal; hay from store $1.50 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. Southern green hides ½c lower. We quote assorted lots: No. 1 dry flint hides 22½c; No. 2 dry flint 21c; No. 1 dry salted 20½c; No. 2 dry salted 19c; No. 1 green and cured under 10 lbs. 19@22c; No. 1 G salt hides 13½c; No. 2 G salt hides 12½c; G. S. kip and calf under 25 lbs. 12½c; uncured stock 1c under less. No. 1 horse hides $2.50; No. 2 horse G salted $2.50; sheep wool skins 90c@$1.25; lambskins 40@90c; shearlings, G salted 20@35c; shearlings, dry 10@20c; goat skins 25@30c.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $19.50@20; shorts $19@19.50. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 24c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 30@35c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 35@38c per gallon, according to quality.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds 14@14c per lb.; filberts 10½c; California walnuts 13c; French walnuts 12c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 6½c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 10@10½c; Mexican pecans 10c; Brazil nuts 5c. Prices per 100; mixed nuts 11c per lb.; Brazil nuts 10c; chestnuts 70@75c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 98c per gallon; No. 2 88c; linseed 38c for raw and 39c for boiled. Lots of 5-bbl. lots: lard oil, winter strained 60c; extra No. 1 60c; No. 1 50c; No. 2 47c; gasoline, 87 degrees 20c; stove gasoline 15c; benzine, 63 degrees 20c; coal oil, legal test oil 9@18c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 25c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 45c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 40c; neatsfoot oil, pure 65c; Indiana 55@60c; 11½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 13½c; turpentine 63c.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6¾c per lb.; red lead 7½c. Terms: 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5¾c; Java 6½c; Indian head 6¾c; Carolina head 6¼c; fancy, Patna 6¼c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $6.75@7 per lb.; Indiana $7@7.25; Southern ginseng $5.50@7; Golden Seal, yellow root, new $1.20, old $1.10; Mayapple 2¾c; blood root 5c; Virginia snake root 30c; Seneca snake root 45c; pink root 30@35c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not accept ginseng split or unstrung, and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray-load lots as follows: 7-lb. bbl. $1.10@1.20; 5-lb. bbl. 85@90c; dairy salt $1.40@2 per bbl.; freezing salt, 200-lb. sacks 50c per sack.

TALLOW—No. 1 4½c; No. 2 4c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: All sizes 90 and 15 per cent. off list.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wools. For Southern wool quotations are from 2c to 3c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 17@23c; clear grease 28@30c; medium tub-washed 30@40c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 36@37c; black wool 25@27c.

PROVISIONS.

MESS PORK—$16.50.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14½c; heavy to medium 13½@14c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 11¼c; regular clear sides 11¼c; breakfast bacon 11c; sugar-cured shoulders 10¼c; bacon, extra 11¼c; bellies, light 12¼c, heavy 12¾c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 8¼c; choice leaf in tierces 9¼c, in tubs 10c; pure leaf lard in tierces 10½c, in tubs 10½c, in firkins 10½c.

BULK MEATS—Rib 9c; regular clear 9¼c; extra short 9¼c.

DRIED BEEF—12½c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugar to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Eagle tablets	4.70	No. 3	4.75
Crystal dominoes	4.50	No. 6	4.55
Cut loaf	4.95	No. 7	4.50
Cubes	4.45	No. 8	4.45
XXXX powdered	4.35	No. 9	4.40
Powdered	4.30	No. 12	4.25
Stand. gran. bbl. s	4.20	No. 13	4.20
Stand. gran. 245	4.25	No. 14	4.20

GRAIN.

WHEAT—
No. 2 red and longberry ..... $0 70@72
No. 3 red and longberry ..... 68@70
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.

CORN—
No. 2 white 55½
No. 2 mixed 54

OATS—
No. 3 white 33½
No. 2 mixed 32½

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn and oats are selling prices.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$1.85 for base.

TOOL STEEL—6@25c per lb. for base.

SOFT STEEL—$1.85 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.15; V-crimped $2.20 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2.20; No. 12 $2.25; No. 14 $2.30; No. 16 $2.40; Nos. 18 and 20 $2.45; No. 22 and 24 $2.60; No. 26 $2.45; No. 27 $2.90 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—60, 10 and 5 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$1.95 base.

WIRE NAILS—$1.95 base.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$1.80 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.15 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.25; galvanized $2.85 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.75 base; Perkins' $4 base; Burden $4.20 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$2.65 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—70 and 10 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—70 and 10 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 10½c; strict middling 10¾c.

PRODUCE AND FRUIT.

These prices are wholesale.

BUTTER—Packing 14½c per lb.; good country 15@16c; Elgin 21½c in 60-lb. tubs, 22c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin in prints 22½c.

POULTRY—Hens 10c per lb.; roosters 5c; spring chickens 12c per lb.; ducks 8c per lb.; turkeys 10c per lb.; geese $4@5 per dozen.

EGGS—14c, case count; candled 16c.

FRUIT—Apples, home-grown $2@2.50 per bbl.; bananas $1@1.50 per bunch; California late Valencia oranges $3 per box; Messina lemons $4.50@5 per box; California lemons $4.50 per box; home-grown tomatoes 50c@$1 per bushel; watermelons $20@30 per hundred; canteloupes, home-grown $1.50@2.50 per bbl.

VEGETABLES—Onions, home-grown $2@2.25 per bbl.; parsley 20c per dozen; egg plants 75c per dozen; home-grown radishes 10c per dozen bunches; home-grown cabbage $2 per bbl.; home-grown potatoes $2 per bbl.; home-grown cucumbers 30c per dozen; red peppers 30c per dozen; carrots $1.75 per bbl.; Michigan celery 20@25c per bunch.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Thursday Evening, Aug. 23.—The market for new Burley tobacco was strong and active to-day and prices were very satisfactory. Colory styles were in better request, and prices were firm to a shade stronger. For old Burley the market also showed strength, and prices held firm. The dark market was unchanged from that of last week, and prices were full up and firm. The sales were small and quality only fair, the highest price being $7. New dark lugs were stronger and all other grades were firm. The old dark was composed mostly of common trash and lugs.

The Louisville Tobacco Warehouse Company issued the following review of the leaf tobacco market this afternoon:

"The sales on our market for one week, including to-day, amounted to 2,469 hogsheads, divided as follows: 1,989 hogsheads Burley, 480 hogsheads dark tobacco.

"Burley—The market this week has been regular, and has shown some slight improvement in values over last week, especially for the common grades.

"Dark Tobacco—The market remains steady for all grades of dark tobacco, both of the old and new crops, without any change in values since our last report.

"In some localities a start has been made in cutting the new crop, but recent weather conditions have been very unfavorable for housing tobacco."

The following is the report of offerings today on the Louisville market, including all warehouses:

	Hhds.
Burley	488
Dark	41
Total	529
Original inspection	454
Reviews	75
Delivered yesterday	33

First sale to-morrow at the Kentucky Warehouse.

Sales were reported as follows:

Burley.

Adair County—2 hhds at $7.80 and 7.10.

Bracken County—22 hhds at $18 to 7.30.

Barren County—3 hhds at $10.75 to 7.10; 8 at $7.00 to 6.40.

Franklin County—3 hhds at $7.70 to 6.90.

Green County—2 hhds at 6.60.

Henry County—10 hhds at $11 to 6.50; 24 at $8.50 to 6.50.

Hart County—20 hhds at $12.50 to 6.90; 19 at $12.25 to 7.10.

Nicholas County—12 hhds at $13.50 to 7.

Owen County—11 hhds at $9 at 7.10.

Shelby County—33 hhds at $14.50 to 7.10; 9 at $10.75 to 7.20.

Dark.

Breckenridge County—2 hhds at $5.80 and 7.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 23.—(Special.)—The tobacco trading to-day showed no improvement over Wednesday. Soft order tobaccos were again a factor and satisfactory prices were secured in comparatively few cases. Total offerings 394 hogsheads: 21 at $4.10@5.95; 184 at $6@7.90; 105 at $8@9.90; 56 at $10@11.75; 24 at $12@14.75; 4 at $1.25@17.75.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, Aug. 23.—Cattle—Receipts light. Market slow, but not quotably lower on any grade. Buyers were filled up Monday. Very few coming, but a plenty to meet all demands. Bulls continue slow; values about the same as reported the early part of week. Canners steady. No change in milch cow trade. No heavy shipping cattle on sale to-day regarded

The Grand Round-Up
Last and Lowest
Cut Prices
Men's $10, $12.50 and $15
Outing Suits
$3.50 and $5.00

Seen 'em yet? Got any curiosity on the subject? Can't you USE one, if they ARE what we SAY they are?

Scotches, Cheviots, Homespuns, Flannels and Tropical Worsteds; all styles; all sizes; all kinds of patterns—$10, $12.50 and $15. "Kirschbaum warranted" goods; two big lots at $3.50 and $5.

Cash MAIL ORDERS filled—and with the best values in the lot.

Levy's Third and Market.

NOTICE
To Sunday Advertisers.

The Courier-Journal Company respectfully urges advertisers who use the Sunday paper to have their copy in the counting-room Friday night. By complying with this request advertisers will be certain to secure insertion in all editions, and can also make alterations in their copy with greater security.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

FRIDAY.....AUGUST 24, 1906

NOTICE TO SUMMER WANDERERS.

Have The Courier-Journal forwarded to your address when you go away on your vacation. If you are now a paid-up subscriber, please let us know when you order the paper forwarded, and also let us know if you desire it stopped at your home address. Be careful to give post-office, hotel or street address in all cases.

MORE TIME

ASKED BY JUDGE RICHARDS FOR DRAWING ORDINANCE.

Many Things To Look Up Before Preparing the Sewer Bond Issue Measure.

The meeting of the Joint Finance and Sewer Committees of the General Council, which was scheduled for 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, has been postponed indefinitely because Judge A. E. Richards, City Attorney, needs more time to prepare the ordinance providing for the $4,000,000 bond issue to be voted on. Judge Richards announced to the members who appeared that there were various things that he would have to look up that would take considerable time and that he could not get the ordinance ready before the first meeting of the General Council in September. As soon as Judge Richards prepares the ordinance he then will meet with the two joint committees.

Contracts For Street Improvements.

Contracts were awarded yesterday by the Board of Public Works for the construction of streets with vitrified blocks as follows:

To James D. Bohon—Alford avenue from Twenty-eighth to Twenty-ninth to Twenty-sixth streets.

Maple street from Twenty-fifth to Lee R. Figg—Maple street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fifth streets.

To G. W. Gosnell—Midland avenue and Cherokee road.

To Succeed Dr. Guest.

Dr. Llewellyn B. Spears will succeed Dr. J. W. Guest as physician for the Eastern district of Louisville. The appointment will be made within the next ten days. Dr. Spears has been connected with the Health Department in the capacity of inspector. He probably will assume the duties of his new position September 1. Dr. Guest, who will retire, has filled the position of physician for the Eastern district for the last eight years.

Appointed Patrolman.

Charles Simons, who has been connected with the City Engineer's office as a rodman, yesterday was appointed a patrolman by the Board of Public Safety. His place as rodman was given to Edward F. Lutz.

Realty Company Incorporates.

The Security Realty Company filed articles of incorporation yesterday with a capital stock of $57,100, divided into 210 shares of common stock of the par value of $10 each and 550 shares of preferred of the par value of $100. The incorporators are Embry L. Swearingen, W. M. Bullitt and R. W. Delph. Of the common stock Embry L. Swearingen holds 204 shares, W. M. Bullitt 3 shares and R. W. Delph 3 shares. The Fidelity Trust Company holds the 550 shares of preferred. The maximum indebtedness is limited to $2,000.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PITIFUL TALE

Told Detectives In John B. Farmer's Confession.

SAYS HE WAS INDUCED TO SWINDLE BY FRIEND.

GRADUATE OF STATE COLLEGE AND BORE GOOD REPUTATION.

THIS IS HIS FIRST TROUBLE.

Confronted with the evidence of his guilt, and unable to hold back any longer, John B. Farmer, a graduate of State College, Bachelor of Science and a fraternity man, confessed yesterday morning to Detective Sexton, Acting Chief of Detectives, and acknowledged that he had obtained money under false pretenses in five cases. He told a pitiful story of how he left his home in Frankfort, where his father is an officer of the Farmers' Bank, and how he had been led astray by a man who he said was a well-known police character.

Farmer was arrested Wednesday afternoon by Private Patrolman Wilhoyte at Eleventh and Main streets, on the charge of obtaining $70 under false pretenses. He was accused by G. H. Eastes, assistant manager of the Farmers' Warehouse, of posing as E. T. Reeves, a farmer, authorizing the firm to sell several hogsheads of tobacco for him, and thus obtaining $70 on the strength of it. He was presented in the Police Court yesterday morning.

While standing outside the railing waiting for his case to be called, he was seen by Sam Ettenson, the secretary of the detective department, who identified him as the man alleged to have swindled several drug firms of various amounts of money by means of worthless checks. Ettenson seized him, and for a moment Farmer resisted. He was finally placed in the "cage," and charges were placed upon the docket against him. All of the cases were continued until next Tuesday.

* * *

Swindled Other People.

Farmer was taken to the detectives' office and closely questioned. He was identified by Isaac Rosenbaum as the man who had swindled him out of $15 several days ago. He then confessed his guilt in all of the charges. His picture was taken for the "Rogues' Gallery," and he was measured according to the Bertillion system.

Those whom Farmer confessed to swindling are: T. P. Taylor, druggist; Johnson Brothers, grocers; Isaac Rosenbaum & Sons, the Renz Drug Company and the Fowler Drug Company. He represented himself to be Mr. Troutman, of Shepherdsville, to Johnson Bros., and obtained $20 from them. To Mr. Rosenbaum he posed as Mr. Wilson, of London, Ky., and thus obtained $15. He obtained $10 from each of the three drug stores by presenting checks which were signed by some woman whose address was given as an unoccupied house on Second street.

"This is the first time that I have ever been in trouble," said Farmer yesterday, "and if I ever get out, I know that it will be my last. I am a graduate of State College, and went to Kentucky University for several years. I have several recommendations from the presidents of the two schools and from members of the faculty as to my standing and character. I did not get along with my step-father, and came to Louisville several months ago. I have been employed by the Henry Vogt Machine Company as a mechanic. I met a man in Louisville several months ago, and he suggested to me the schemes that have brought me to this. He told me that he was hard up, and asked me to go to the Fowler Drug Company with a note and check which he wrote out. I was told to pose as the son of the signer of the check, and to bring back $9.50 as the change from the check, after I had cashed it. He said that I could keep half of it. He took his half, and then got mine, too.

* * *

Forced To Cash Checks.

"With this as a sort of club over me, he would go out and lose all of his money at dice, and then tell me that if I didn't repeat the performance he would have me arrested. Not realizing that I was getting deeper into crime all the time, I obeyed. He always promised me half, but I didn't get a quarter of it, as he would spend his share and then make me give him mine. The climax came when he gave me a bill of lading he had secured from a farmer and told me to go down and say I was Reeves. As I stood there and repeated what he had coached me to say, I almost choked over the lying words, and was on the point of confessing all several times. When the policeman arrested me I almost cried out with relief after the suspense. Mr. Eastes said to me that had it not been for my face, which looked honest to him, he never would have given me the money. I have admitted my guilt, and will have to stand the consequences, but if I ever get out of this I will never get into trouble again as long as I live.

"My mother is in the city, and is going to see if she can do anything for me. She is going to reimburse all the people for what I have taken, and I hope that they will be very lenient with me. I am a Mason, and all of my people are, and several of the Masonic friends of my father are coming down here to see me, since they have heard of my predicament."

Farmer expressed great horror at the prospect of remaining in jail all night, and said that his mother was trying to get some one to go upon his bond. He did not eat any of the prison fare, saying that he could not touch it. He waited all afternoon for his mother to bring him his dinner. Farmer didn't know where his alleged tempter lives, but said it was some place on Eighteenth street. The detectives spent most of yesterday hunting the man, and believe he is a myth.

GREAT SEASON

FOR RIVER EXCURSIONS FROM LOUISVILLE PORT.

Judge Dearing Believes 300,000 Will Have Made Trips—News At the Customhouse.

Judge Dearing, Surveyor of the Port, said yesterday that the summer of 1906 would go on record as a banner excursion year. According to the records on file in his office, over 164,000 persons have been carried since May 15 on the various excursion steamers plying the waters in and about Louisville. He believes that at the end of the excursion season—October 15—the total number of excursionists will have reached 300,000.

Judge W. G. Dearing is in receipt of a letter from Joseph J. Dunn, who until recently was Boiler Inspector for the Louisville district, when he was appointed Supervising Inspector of Steam Vessels for the St. Louis district. He says that he is pleased to hold up the organization of the Louisville vessel inspection department as an example of how such a department should be conducted. Conditions in the St. Louis office, he states in his letter, are far from being what they should, and since the assumption of his new duties he has modeled his work after that of the Louisville office where the regulations pertaining to steam vessels are rigidly enforced.

Duties Show Increase.

The collection of duties on importations took a sudden leap yesterday, following nearly a month of what Judge W. G. Dearing, Collector of Customs, termed "midsummer stagnation." Invoices aggregating over $10,000 were received in his office yesterday. Judge Dearing says that from now on importations will be heavy, as Louisville merchants are beginning to receive their fall lines from abroad.

Revenue Collections.

The internal revenue collections at the Customhouse yesterday amounted to $40,962.46, as follows: Whisky, $30,012.96; tobacco, $8,838.92; cigars, $246.75; bottling stamps, $128; special tax, $45.84.

SCHEDULE COMPLETED.

LOW RATES TO STATE FAIR FROM NORTH GRANTED.

Regarded As Greatest Concession Ever Made To Kentucky Fairs By Railroads.

The schedule of reduced round-trip rates to Louisville during State Fair week was completed yesterday morning when John J. Telford, chairman of the Transportation Committee of the Board of Control of the State Fair, received notification from the Central Passenger Association of Chicago that a one-way fare plus twenty-five cents had been granted from all points within a radius of 150 miles from Louisville. Similar rates already had been granted by roads from all points in Kentucky and points further south. A flat fare will be required each way where the fare is $1 or less. The Chicago Association controls the roads north of the Henderson route and the C. and O. railroad. This action conforms to the recommendations made by the Louisville Passenger Committee some time ago.

The especially low rate for the territory is said to be the greatest concession that railroads have ever made in favor of Kentucky fairs. It is believed, further, that since the rate has once been established it will remain in force in future years. This is regarded as a powerful argument in favor of the permanent location of the fair in Louisville. At the last time the State Fair was held in Louisville rates were granted from points in Kentucky and fifty miles outside only. The territory included in the concession takes in points north of Indiapolis. The only exception to the rule is that the B. and O. S.-W. railroad grants rates from Cincinnati and not beyond.

CALDWELL PROPERTY DESIRED.

Proposed Establishment of Park Increases Interest—Dr. Mathews' Home Sold.

The local real estate market just now is characterized by a good deal of activity in the way of inquiries, although sales are not being made as fast as real estate men would like to see them. As it becomes more evident that it is probable the city will get the park in the southeastern part of the city out of the old Caldwell estate many deals are being made with the Fidelity Trust Company respecting dwelling lots in the neighborhood of that tract. Several deals are pending, one which involved the transfer of a lot on the north side of Oak street, west of Hancock, to Thomas S. Richards, has been closed.

Among the more important of the real estate deals concluded yesterday was the sale of the residence of Dr. J. M. Mathews, at 923 Fourth avenue, to Dr. David C. Morton. Definite figures were withheld, although it is understood that the transaction involved something over $15,000. The house was built by Dr. Mathews about ten years ago and contains a well-arranged doctor's office. The sale was made by John H. Brand & Co.

INSPECTING GARDENS.

Chief I. C. Gardener and Several Division Gardeners Visit Louisville.

In company with several division gardeners, George B. Moulder, chief gardener of the Illinois Central railroad, was in Louisville yesterday on a tour of inspection of the gardens over the system. The I. C. more than most railroad companies pays a great deal of attention to the beautification of its grounds in the different cities. In Louisville the party inspected the local gardens at the station and roundhouse and other places. Mr. Moulder formerly was a Kentucky railroad man and lived at Spring Grove while engaged with the L. and N. railroad. His present headquarters are at Chicago. Among the representatives of other systems who were with the party were E. A. Richardson, chief gardener of the Boston and Albany railroad; Patrick Foy, of the Norfolk and Western; J. Gipner, of the Michigan Central; Charles H. Tritschler, of the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis.

READING FOR BLIND.

MAY BE PROVIDED AT FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Present Quarters Too Small To Permit Establishment of Department Now.

Recently the trustees of the Louisville Free Public Library were petitioned by Morrison Heady, one of the patrons of the library, who is blind and who spends considerable of his time in attendance at the main branch of the library, for the establishment of a department for blind readers. Mr. Heady is the author of several well-known books and in his communication to the trustees offered to donate some forty or fifty volumes of which he is the author, as a nucleus for a blind department.

The petition was taken under advisement by the trustees at a recent meeting and it was decided that in view of the present cramped quarters of the main branch the plan was not feasible. It is believed, however, that a department for blind readers will be established in the new library building, as the plan is said to have met the approval of the trustees, who, since Mr. Heady's petition, have been approached on the matter by several other well-known blind people who expressed their desire to enjoy the privileges of the public library.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: W. A. McGrath and Lillie Dale, P. R. Vandiver and Jessie E. Jones, Brinley Davis and Nellie Johnson, Henry Sauer and Ruth Martin, George J. Gossman and Ida B. Reid, John W. Metzger and Ada Hein, Lloyd Martin Holloway and Gertrude E. Bond, James J. Sheehan and Mary Ella Martin, John E. Fairhead and Sarah S. Cummins, C. B. Wells and Lula Alford.

SEEKS TO ENJOIN GENERAL COUNCIL

FROM CONFIRMING SALE OF NEW LIGHTING FRANCHISE.

JOHN STITES' ATTORNEYS TAKE NEW STEP IN FIGHT.

MRS. MEIER'S WILL OFFERED.

An amended petition asking for an injunction against the General Council to prevent a confirmation of the sale of the new lighting franchise was filed yesterday by Judge Thomas H. Paynter and Humphrey & Humphrey, attorneys for John Stites.

In the original petition to prevent the city, through the Mayor and the Board of Public Works, from disposing of the franchise, on the ground that the ordinance authorizing it was unconstitutional, the attorneys for Mr. Stites made no effort to secure a temporary order. Consequently the Board of Public Works proceeded with the sale, and the Atherton-Jones syndicate was the purchaser at slightly over $100,000. Now, however, the plaintiff desires to make the General Council a party to the suit by seeking to prevent a confirmation.

The amended petition will not come up for hearing until the regular fall term of the court, so, of course, the General Council may proceed in its action, and the plaintiff is, therefore, seeking only legal status to overthrow the confirmation in case it wins its main contention.

Gives Toward Church Debt.

The will of Mrs. Mary Meier, dated May 14, 1906, was filed for probate yesterday. She leaves to Father Thomas A. York, or his successor at St. Paul's Catholic church, $500, to be applied to the church debt and $10 for masses. A codicil of August 6, 1906, is appended, in which the testatrix says she has given Father York $1,000, on which he is to pay her 6 per cent. during her life, and at her death the principal is to go to the church debt fund.

The testatrix leaves to Father Oscar P. Ackerman, of the St. Philip Neri church, the sum of $100 for the church debt and $10 for masses. To her grandchildren, Annie N. Mochet and Lulle Laemmle, she leaves $25 each. Her household effects go to her daughter, Katie Scharfenberger, and the residue of the estate is to be handled by the Fidelity Trust Company, according to the following directions:

Annie Meier, known to the church as Sister Mary Alicia, is to have the income from one-half the property during life, and on her death this share to go to the children of another daughter, Katie Scharfenberger. The other half of the income is to go to Katie Scharfenberger for life, and to her children at her death.

Court Paragraphs.

—The National Cash Register Company sued William Rankin and J. L. Redman to enforce a mortgage on merchandise sold to the defendants, the alleged debt being $105.

—The Hydraulic Brick Company sued M. T. Norris for $138 and interest, claimed to be an unpaid balance on a note given in payment for merchandise.

WITHOUT PROSECUTOR

DAVID TURK TRIED BEFORE MAGISTRATE HOFFMAN.

County Attorney Will Oppose Effort To Appoint Lawyer To Prosecute.

When the case of David Turk, charged with violating the Sunday-closing law, was called for trial in Magistrate Hoffman's court yesterday morning, Robert W. Bingham, County Attorney, refused to prosecute the defendant. He contended that Turk, who is a grocer, was engaged in a work of necessity, and announced that he would not assist in the prosecution. This brought Magistrate Hoffman to his feet.

"If you do not want to act as prosecutor," he said, "I will get some one who will."

Going to the telephone he requested an attorney, whose name he refused to give, to go to his court and proceed with the case.

When Mr. Bingham was informed of this action he threatened to bring suit against Magistrate Hoffman for representing the Commonwealth of Kentucky without authority, if the Magistrate were to engage the services of another attorney to conduct the prosecution.

The attorney for whom Magistrate Hoffman sent failed to arrive and Turk's case was called for trial without a prosecuting attorney. Turk pleaded not guilty, but was fined $5, which was suspended by the Magistrate.

The cases of H. B. Mercer, T. H. Atkins, William Breunig, Simon N. Jones, E. Neuberger, Charles Albus, W. C. Heizer, Buschemeyer Bros. and William Votteler were called and pardons were presented in each case.

The following statement in regard to Magistrate Hoffman's action was given out by Mr. Bingham:

In view of the situation with reference to prosecutions in Squire Hoffman's court of alleged violators of the Sunday-closing law and the general public interest in this matter, it seems to me that it is desirable and proper for me to make a public statement in this connection. In every one of the numerous cases called for trial before Squire Hoffman this morning I first entered a nolle prosequi dismissing the proceeding against the defendant. Under Section 123 of the Kentucky Statutes it is mandatory upon a court presided over by a Magistrate to enter the order in accordance therewith dismissing the proceeding. I read this statute to Squire Hoffman, but he declined to act in accordance with the plain letter of the law and overruled the nolle prosequi. I then filed a motion for a continuance in every case on the ground that the Commonwealth was not ready for trial, and, contrary to all proper procedure, Squire Hoffman overruled this motion. I then filed a motion for a continuance in every case on the ground that the Magistrate had failed to notify the County Attorney in writing of the pendency of any of these cases, and read to the Squire the following statute, being Section 128 of the Kentucky Statutes, namely:

"Any Magistrate before whom a person, when arrested, is first brought for examination or trial, shall notify in writing the County Attorney of the time when and place where the trial or examining trial will be held, and that his presence is required."

This motion also the Magistrate overruled.

In view of the absolutely illegal and wholly indefensible action on the part of the Magistrate I then declined to prosecute these cases, and the Squire then announced his intention to appoint an attorney to prosecute them and did telephone for an attorney for this purpose, although I read to him Section 131 of the Kentucky Statutes, which places the power of such appointment in the County Judge alone. He then proceeded to act as both Judge and Prosecuting Attorney and fined several defendants, but remitted the fine in each case. This action, too, was wholly illegal and indefensible, as the fine properly belongs to the State of Kentucky and the Magistrate has no legal right to remit it, but in each case by this proceeding he put himself in a position to collect $4.15 for himself as costs from each defendant.

In every case where I had any knowledge of the pendency of the action I had secured a pardon for the defendant from the Governor, but all the other defendants of whose prosecution I had no notice were held up for costs in the illegal and indefensible manner described, although they had committed no offense against the laws of the State of Kentucky, the sale of food being distinctly a necessity under any reasonable construction of the law and directly made a necessity under the construction of the law by our own Court of Appeals.

I wish it distinctly understood that I regard such action on the part of Squire Hoffman as unlawful and indefensible, and that in every case where he attempts such action I shall continue to use every legal means to prevent what is merely unlawful oppression of the citizen under the guise of law, for, while it is the duty of the County Attorney to prosecute all violators of the law it is in no sense his duty to prosecute innocent citizens who have not violated the law, and in every case in this or any other court where I represent the Commonwealth I shall prosecute with the utmost vigor those whom I believe to have violated the law, and I shall not hesitate to use every proper means to prevent those whom I know to be innocent from being unjustly and illegally punished.

PLAN EXCURSION TO SHELBY FAIR

LOUISVILLE CITIZENS TO MAKE TRIP NEXT THURSDAY.

ON OCCASION OF "LOUISVILLE AND STATE FAIR DAY."

BIG DELEGATION EXPECTED.

A large delegation of business men and other citizens of Louisville will go to Shelbyville next Thursday to attend the Shelby County Fair, that day having been set aside as Louisville and State Fair day. The Louisville Board of Trade, which had charge of the successful trip to Lawrenceburg Wednesday, has the Shelbyville excursion under its management, and the details are now being worked out by George L. Danforth, chairman of the special committee.

Mr. Danforth has taken up the question of railroad rates with the passenger representatives of the Louisville and Nashville railway, and a low rate will be fixed. On account of the large crowd expected it is probable that special trains will leave Louisville about 8 or 9 o'clock in the morning, and return at 5 or 6 o'clock in the afternoon.

Invitations will be issued to the Mayor and other public officials of the city and county; to the business men and to the public at large, to join the party. The Shelby county citizens will arrange for a special reception to the Louisville party, and, though there probably will be no exercises of a formal kind, the special trains will be met by committees who will escort those making the trip to the fair grounds, where the entire day will be spent.

The Shelby County Fair is one of the largest and most successful in the entire State. Shelby, one of the richest of the Bluegrass counties, always has taken a prominent part in the fairs, and its farmers and stock breeders always carry away a large share of the premiums.

Badges printed for the Lawrenceburg excursion will be used at all of the excursions that are made by Louisville citizens to county fairs. It is believed that they will prove a splendid advertisement for the State Fair, as many of those to whom they were presented will carry them to their homes in all parts of the State. The badges are printed in red on white ribbon, and bear the seal of the State with its motto, "United we stand, divided we fall," and the words, "Kentucky State Fair, Louisville, September 17-22."

No difficulty is expected in creating interest in the Shelbyville excursion. Hundreds of Louisville men and women annually visit the fair at Shelbyville.

The week following the Shelbyville trip the Board of Trade expects to arrange for two other excursions to county fairs. On Wednesday, September 5, an excursion to Hardin County Fair, at Elizabethtown, will be arranged, and on the day following a large party will go to Bardstown to attend the Nelson County Fair.

FINED FOR SELLING AND HELD ON LICENSE COUNT.

John Hall, Lucius McNear, Henry Luster and Zealand Brown, all colored, charged with disposing of liquors on Sunday, were arraigned in the Police Court yesterday morning and the last three were fined $20 each, while Hall's case was taken under submission. They are the officers of the "Pearl Club," and several witnesses testified that they had sold liquor to men who were not members of the club. As soon as the cases were disposed of, charges of selling liquor without a license were entered against the men, and on these charges their cases were continued until Monday.

MINOR CHARGED WITH BREAKING CAR SEAL.

William Minor, forty-two years of age, was arrested at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at Thirteenth and Rowan streets by Patrolmen Ohlendorf and Smoot on the charge of stealing from a common carrier. He is alleged to have taken a box from an Illinois Central car. It is also alleged that he broke the seal of a box car last Sunday and stole several cases of goods that were inside. He denied the charge, but was unable to state how he came into possession of the box.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

Triumphant Cigar Selling

The success given to the National Cigar Stands in this and more than 2000 other towns was only to be expected. Here are cigars of *proved* merit and *proved* condition, selling for

A THIRD TO A HALF LESS MONEY

than was ever asked for equal quality in the history of the cigar business. Success was certain.

It isn't a "bargain occasion." It isn't a fad. It isn't a spasmodic effort. It's the natural result of a common-sense, fundamental merchandising principle.

Two thousand stores buy as one. Their cigars are produced in million lots and each store gets its share *straight from the producer.* No intermediate profits, no jobber's "rake-off," no rents, no selling expenses to speak of! And *all* the saving given to the smoker.

We have already told you how this plan gives 3 for 25c. cigars for 5c. Now take

LA IDALIA

Panetelas—10c.

La Idalia is simply the finest clear Havana line produced in the United States. Nothing is used in it but selected, Cuban-grown leaf, fully ripened; sweet, rich and aromatic. There are 12 sizes, each selling at the price usually asked for the *next larger size.*

Besides that, each size weighs *two pounds to the thousand more* than the usual weight of the same shape. La Idalia is only one of the many exclusive brands produced and sold exclusively by the National Cigar Stands Co., each showing the same tremendous saving in price-for-quality.

NATIONAL CIGAR STANDS

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NATIONAL CIGAR STANDS

There are 26 National Cigar Stands in Louisville at the following addresses and only at these stands can National Cigars be obained:

T. P. TAYLOR & CO., 332 Fourth Ave.
T. P. TAYLOR & CO., 582 Fourth Ave.
T. P. TAYLOR & CO., N. E. Cor. Third and Jefferson.
LEON ABRAHAM, First and Broadway.
ALBUS DRUG COMPANY, Shelby and Market Sts.
BURNETT-AVE. PHARMACY, Second and Burnett.
ROBERT J. FRICK, Seventh and Main Sts.
FRANK HERTLE, 2500 West Market St.
HORACE O. HURLEY, Third and Brandeis.
E. A. LEX, Twenty-fourth and Chestnut Sts.
SIMON N. JONES COMPANY, Second and Main Sts.
M'GEE DRUG COMPANY, Preston St. and Ormsby Ave.
ERNEST N. MENAR, Twelfth and Zane Sts.
CHARLES W. NOLD, 2101 West Walnut St.
R. D. PEYTON, Fourth and Hill Sts.
THEO. RECTANUS COMPANY, 400 East Market St.
E. G. SCHWEITZER, 2000 Portland Ave.
FRED E. SCHWEITZER, 801 West Walnut St.
CONSTANTINE & TROXLER, Third and Breckinridge Sts.
CITY HALL PHARMACY, Sixth and Jefferson Sts.
P. H. WALLNER, 948 West Walnut St.
J. C. WEINEDEL, 2401 Baxter Ave.
W. B. YOUNG, 1244 East Broadway.
W. B. CAMPBELL YOUNT, Hancock and Broadway.
LEONARDI'S PHARMACY, 2801 Dumesnil St.
C. J. ROSENHAM & CO., Fifth and Market Sts.

NATIONAL CIGAR STANDS

$6.00
CHICAGO AND RETURN
"Big Four Route"
SATURDAY, AUG. 25

Trains leave Seventh-street depot 8 a. m. and 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaving Chicago on regular trains Monday, August 27.

Get tickets and sleeping car berths at City Ticket Office, 259 Fourth Ave., and at depot.

S. J. GATES, General Agent.

AMERICAN MACHINE CO.

Power Transmission Machinery.

Sole Agents for Dodge Mfg. Co.

PULLEYS
SHAFTING
HANGERS.

Main and Jackson sts., Louisville, Ky.

FOR YOUR SWEETHEART

Nothing more appreciated than a box of our fresh Chocolates and Bonbons. Goods carefully packed and shipped by express to any point.

Harvison Bros., 319 4th Ave.

Iron and Wire
FENCES

WINDOW GUARDS,
STALL GUARDS,
IRON HAY RACKS,
STEEL FEED TROUGHS,
WEATHER VANES,
Etc., Etc.

Dow Wire & Iron Works

Office and Factory, Franklin and Buchanan.
Salesrooms, 730 W. Market street.

THE PIANOLA
Crippen-Allen Piano Co.
Fourth Ave. Opposite Post-office.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS
VIA
PENNSYLVANIA SHORT LINES

$23.50 NEW YORK AND RETURN $23.50
On sale August 28, 29. Limit Sept. 4.

$16.00 BALTIMORE AND RETURN $16.00
On sale Sept. 8, 9. Limit Sept. 17.

$32.00 DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS, or PUEBLO AND RETURN $32.00
On sale Sept. 18, 19 and 20. Limit Oct. 15.

$11.00 PETOSKEY, TRAVERSE CITY and OTHER MICHIGAN RESORTS $11.00
On Sale September 1. Limit 30 Days.

$12.00 MACKINAC ISLAND AND RETURN $12.00
On sale September 1. Limit 30 days.

Reservations, City Ticket Office, Fourth and Market, or write C. H. HAGERTY, D. P. A., Louisville.

STANDARD FOR 40 YEARS

WINTERSMITH'S
CHILL TONIC
CURES
CHILLS AND MALARIA
ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE.
IS BETTER THAN QUININE AND PLEASANT TO TAKE
50c AND $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ask your Druggist for it. If he cannot supply you send price to Arthur Peter & Co., General Agents, Louisville, Ky. It will be sent by express prepaid.

L&N
$2.00 ROUND TRIP TO CINCINNATI AUGUST 26.
Ball Game—Cincinnati vs. New York.
Special Trains leave Tenth and Broadway and First-st. stations 8 a. m.

Wintersmith's Remedies
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST.